Metropolis

A modern beamer theme

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Center for modern beamer themes
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Introduction
The **METROPOLIS** theme is a Beamer theme with minimal visual noise inspired by the hsrn Beamer Theme by Benjamin Weiss.

Enable the theme (in \LaTeX) by loading

\begin{verbatim}
\documentclass{beamer}
\usetheme{metropolis}
\end{verbatim}

Note, that you have to have Mozilla’s *Fira Sans* font and XeTeX installed to enjoy this wonderful typography.

In R you can of course use this package directly, see its documentation.
Sections group slides of the same topic

## Elements

for which **METROPOLIS** provides a nice progress indicator ...
Title formats
**METROPOLIS** supports 4 different title formats:

- Regular
- **SMALL CAPS**
- **ALL SMALL CAPS**
- **ALL CAPS**

They can either be set at once for every title type or individually.
Elements
The theme provides sensible defaults to \texttt{emph\{emphasize\}} text, \texttt{\alert\{accent\}} parts or show \texttt{\textbf\{bold\}} results.

becomes

The theme provides sensible defaults to \textit{emphasize} text, \texttt{accent} parts or show \texttt{bold} results.
• Regular
• *Italic* (also *Italic*)
• SMALL CAPS
• **Bold** (also **Bold**)
• *Bold Italic* (also *Italic*)
• **BOLD SMALL CAPS**
• Monospace
• Monospace *Italic*
• Monospace **Bold**
• Monospace **Bold Italic**
Items

- Milk
- Eggs
- Potatoes

Enumerations

1. First,
2. Second and
3. Last.

Descriptions

- PowerPoint  Meeh.
- Beamer  Yeeeha.
This uses \LaTeX{} for animation. The next slides uses RMarkdown

\begin{itemize}
\item This is important
\end{itemize}
This uses \LaTeX\ for animation. The next slides uses RMarkdown
• This is important
• Now this
• And now this

This uses \LaTeX for animation. The next slides uses RMarkdown
This uses \LaTeX{} for animation. The next slides uses RMarkdown.
Animation (using RMarkdown, plus one LaTeX trick)

- This is important
Animation (using RMarkdown, plus one \LaTeX\ trick)

- This is important
- Now this
Animation (using RMarkdown, plus one \LaTeX\ trick)

- This is important
- Now this
- And now this
Animation (using RMarkdown, plus one \LaTeX\ trick)

- This is really important
- Now this
- And now this
**Figure 1**: Rotated square from texample.net.

This used a LaTeX feature. All RMarkdown features are also at our disposal.
Table 1: Largest cities in the world (source: Wikipedia)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>City</th>
<th>Population</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mexico City</td>
<td>20,116,842</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shanghai</td>
<td>19,210,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peking</td>
<td>15,796,450</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Istanbul</td>
<td>14,160,467</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This used a \texttt{\LaTeX} feature. All RMarkdown features are also at our disposal.
Three different block environments are pre-defined and may be styled with an optional background color.

**Default**
Block content.

**Alert**
Block content.

**Example**
Block content.

The right side uses the `\metroset{block=fill}` option. Blocks can also be used in Markdown using `###` (if slide-level=2).
\[ e = \lim_{n \to \infty} \left( 1 + \frac{1}{n} \right)^n \]
LINE PLOTS
Veni, Vidi, Vici
Some references (Knuth, 1992; Graham et al., 1989; Simpson, 2003; Erdős, 1995; Greenwade, 1993)

allowframebreaks is not used or needed, also changed \cite to \citep, and defaulted natbib to option [round].
Notes can be added either using latex syntax:

\note{
  \begin{itemize}
    \item \emph{This} is a note.
  \end{itemize}
}

or with pandoc (markdown) syntax:

<div class = "notes">
  - This is *another* note.
</div>

The display of the notes is controlled using the YAML argument \texttt{beameroption}. Here we have used \texttt{beameroption: "show notes"}.
• *This* is a note.

• This is *another* note.
Conclusion
Get the source of this theme and the demo presentation from

https://github.com/matze/mtheme

The theme itself is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution-ShareAlike 4.0 International License

Source and documentation for the RMarkdown variant are at
Questions?
Sometimes, it is useful to add slides at the end of your presentation to refer to during audience questions.

The best way to do this is to include the `appendixnumberbeamer` package in your preamble and call \appendix before your backup slides. **METROPOLIS** will automatically turn off slide numbering and progress bars for slides in the appendix.

Calling \appendix currently leads to an error in when using \binb.
The following code generates the plot on the next slide (taken from `help(bxp)` and modified slightly):

```r
library(stats)
set.seed(753)
bx.p <- boxplot(split(rt(100, 4),
                 gl(5, 20)), plot=FALSE)
bxp(bx.p, notch = FALSE, boxfill = "lightblue",
    frame = FALSE, outl = TRUE,
    main = "Example from help(bxp)")
```
Example from help(bxp)
A simple `knitr::kable` example:

```r
knitr::kable(mtcars[1:5, 1:8],
             caption="(Parts of) the mtcars dataset")
```

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>mpg</th>
<th>cyl</th>
<th>disp</th>
<th>hp</th>
<th>drat</th>
<th>wt</th>
<th>qsec</th>
<th>vs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mazda RX4</td>
<td>21.0</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>160</td>
<td>110</td>
<td>3.90</td>
<td>2.620</td>
<td>16.46</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mazda RX4 Wag</td>
<td>21.0</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>160</td>
<td>110</td>
<td>3.90</td>
<td>2.875</td>
<td>17.02</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Datsun 710</td>
<td>22.8</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>108</td>
<td>93</td>
<td>3.85</td>
<td>2.320</td>
<td>18.61</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hornet 4 Drive</td>
<td>21.4</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>258</td>
<td>110</td>
<td>3.08</td>
<td>3.215</td>
<td>19.44</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hornet Sportabout</td>
<td>18.7</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>360</td>
<td>175</td>
<td>3.15</td>
<td>3.440</td>
<td>17.02</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 2: (Parts of) the mtcars dataset


