

Package ‘blsR’

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Title Make Requests from the Bureau of Labor Statistics API

Version 0.2.1

Description Implements v2 of the B.L.S. API for requests of survey information and time series data through 3-tiered API that allows users to interact with the raw API directly, create queries through a functional interface, and re-shape the data structures returned to fit common uses. The API definition is located at: https://www.bls.gov/developers/api_signature_v2.htm.

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URL <https://github.com/groditi/blsR>

BugReports <https://github.com/groditi/blsR/issues>

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blsR

blsR: Retrieve Data From the U.S. Bureau Of Labor Statistics API

Description

blsR provides functions for retrieving and processing data from the BLS API. The functions are divided into 4 categories: query generators, query requests, result processors, and the user-friendly simplified interface.

API Key and Definition

The API key is an optional parameter, but it is recommended you register for an API key and use it. Requests without a key are limited to 10 years of data per request, 25 series per query, and 25 queries per day. You can register at: <https://data.bls.gov/registrationEngine/>

This implementation was based on the signatures available at: https://www.bls.gov/developers/api_signature_v2.htm

The B.L.S. Frequently asked questions is available at: https://www.bls.gov/developers/api_faqs.htm

General Workflow

This package was designed with a three-step workflow in mind:

- Identify which data you would like to retrieve and create a query.
- Make an http request to execute a query (`bls_request()`)
- Modify the response data to fit the user workflow

You can customize this workflow by creating your own query objects which consist of a target URL and an optional payload as documented in the API Spec. You may also want to create a custom results processor to shape the data to suit individual needs and wrap those into a single call like `get_series_table()` does.

Query Generators

The query generators return a list suitable for passing to `bls_request()`. Most users should never need to access these functions directly but they are made available for advanced users and user-extensions.

- `query_series()` - Create a query for a single time series
- `query_n_series()` - Create a query to retrieve one or more time series and their catalog data
- `query_popular_series()` - Create a query to retrieve popular series
- `query_all_surveys()` - Create a query to retrieve all surveys
- `query_survey_info()` - Create a query to retrieve information about a survey
- `query_latest_observation()` - Create a Query to retrieve the latest observation for a time series

Query Requests

The query-requester functions will execute the query by making the API request and returning a minimally-processed response. These are likely to be the most suitable functions to use for users who want to access the raw results.

- `bls_request()` - Execute a query and return the unprocessed results
- `get_series()` - Create and execute query for a single time series
- `get_n_series()` - Create and execute a query to retrieve one or more time series and their catalog data
- `get_popular_series()` - Create and execute a query to retrieve popular series
- `get_all_surveys()` - Create and execute a query to retrieve all surveys
- `get_survey_info()` - Create and execute a query to retrieve information about a survey
- `get_latest_observation()` - Create and execute a query to retrieve the latest observation for a time series

Result Processors

The result-processor functions will transform the raw API response data structures into data structures more likely to be suitable for modern user workflows. The functions generally take as input the values returned by the query-requester functions and make transform the data to different formats or modify the output of another result-processor function.

- `data_as_table()` - Flatten the data list into a table
- `merge_tables()` - Merge multiple tables by period
- `tidy_periods()` - Transform periods to a more useful format
- `data_as_tidy_table()` - Flatten the data list and transform period data
- `merge_tidy_tables()` - Merge multiple tables with tidy period data

Simplified Interface

These functions simplify the query generation, execution, and response processing into a single function call, including extended request periods that have to be broken down into multiple API requests. For most common use cases these are likely to be the only functions needed.

- `get_series_table()` - Request one series and return a data table
- `get_series_tables()` - Request series and return list of data tables
- `get_n_series_table()` - Request series and return one table of values

bls_request

Retrieve Data From the U.S. Bureau Of Labor Statistics API v2

Description

`bls_request()` will execute queries against the BLS API. Queries are generated using one of the following query-generating functions: `query_series()`, `query_n_series()`, `query_popular_series()`, `query_all_surveys()`, `query_survey_info()`, `query_latest_observation()`. The result is the "Results" block as defined in the API v2 signatures at https://www.bls.gov/developers/api_signature_v2.htm

Usage

```
bls_request(query, api_key = NA, user_agent = "http://github.com/groditi/blsR")
```

Arguments

<code>query</code>	list generated by one of the query generating functions
<code>api_key</code>	string, only necessary for retrieving multiple series in one request, requesting calculations, or custom time frames and catalog data
<code>user_agent</code>	string, optional

Value

a list of information returned by the API request

See Also

Other blsR-requests: `get_all_surveys()`, `get_latest_observation()`, `get_n_series_table()`, `get_n_series()`, `get_popular_series()`, `get_series_tables()`, `get_series_table()`, `get_series()`, `get_survey_info()`

Examples

```
## Not run:
library(blsR)
uer_query <- query_series('LNS14000000') #monthly unemployment rate series
uer_results <- bls_request(uer_query) #API response

## End(Not run)
```

data_as_table	<i>Convert a list of data entries as returned by BLS API to a table</i>
---------------	---

Description

Convert a list of data entries as returned by BLS API to a table

Usage

```
data_as_table(data)
```

Arguments

data a list of individual datum entries as returned the API

Details

currently data_as_table is just an alias for [dplyr::bind_rows\(\)](#)

Value

tibble flattening data into rows for entries and columns for fields

See Also

Other blsR-utils: [data_as_tidy_table\(\)](#), [merge_tables\(\)](#), [merge_tidy_tables\(\)](#), [tidy_periods\(\)](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
series <- get_series('LNS14000001')  
table <- data_as_table(series$data)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

data_as_tidy_table	<i>Convert a list of data entries as returned by BLS API to a table</i>
--------------------	---

Description

Convert a list of data entries as returned by BLS API to a table

Usage

```
data_as_tidy_table(data)
```

Arguments

`data` a list of individual datum entries as returned the API

Details

An extension of [data_as_table](#) that replaces the BLS period format by removing columns `period` and `periodName` and adding `month` or `quarter` where appropriate.

Value

tibble flattening data into rows for entries and columns for fields

See Also

Other blsR-utils: [data_as_table\(\)](#), [merge_tables\(\)](#), [merge_tidy_tables\(\)](#), [tidy_periods\(\)](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
series <- get_series('LNS14000001')
table <- data_as_tidy_table(series$data)

## End(Not run)
```

get_all_surveys	<i>Create and execute a query to retrieve all surveys</i>
-----------------	---

Description

Create and execute a query to retrieve all surveys

Usage

```
get_all_surveys(...)
```

Arguments

`...` additional parameters to pass to [bls_request](#)

Value

a table with a `survey_abbreviation` and `survey_name` columns

See Also

[query_all_surveys](#)

Other blsR-requests: [bls_request\(\)](#), [get_latest_observation\(\)](#), [get_n_series_table\(\)](#), [get_n_series\(\)](#), [get_popular_series\(\)](#), [get_series_tables\(\)](#), [get_series_table\(\)](#), [get_series\(\)](#), [get_survey_info\(\)](#)

`get_latest_observation`

Create and execute a query to retrieve the latest observation for a series

Description

Create and execute a query to retrieve the latest observation for a series

Usage

```
get_latest_observation(survey_id, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>survey_id</code>	BLS series ID
<code>...</code>	additional parameters to pass to bls_request

Value

a datum in the form of a list

See Also

[query_latest_observation](#)

Other blsR-requests: [bls_request\(\)](#), [get_all_surveys\(\)](#), [get_n_series_table\(\)](#), [get_n_series\(\)](#), [get_popular_series\(\)](#), [get_series_tables\(\)](#), [get_series_table\(\)](#), [get_series\(\)](#), [get_survey_info\(\)](#)

`get_n_series`

Create and execute a query to retrieve one or more time series and their catalog data

Description

Create and execute a query to retrieve one or more time series and their catalog data

Usage

```
get_n_series(series_ids, api_key, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>series_ids</code>	a list or character vector of BLS time-series IDs. If the list items are named then the names will be used in the returned list
<code>api_key</code>	a required API key, available from https://data.bls.gov/registrationEngine/
<code>...</code>	additional parameters to pass to query_n_series

Value

a list of series results (a list of lists)

See Also

[query_n_series](#)

Other blsR-requests: [bls_request\(\)](#), [get_all_surveys\(\)](#), [get_latest_observation\(\)](#), [get_n_series_table\(\)](#), [get_popular_series\(\)](#), [get_series_tables\(\)](#), [get_series_table\(\)](#), [get_series\(\)](#), [get_survey_info\(\)](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
series_ids <- list(uer.men = 'LNS14000001', uer.women = 'LNS14000002')
uer_series <- get_n_series(series_ids, 'your-api-key-here' )

## End(Not run)
```

get_n_series_table	<i>Retrieve multiple time series in one API request and return a single tibble</i>
--------------------	--

Description

Retrieve multiple time series in one API request and return a single tibble

Usage

```
get_n_series_table(
  series_ids,
  api_key,
  start_year = NA,
  end_year = NA,
  tidy = FALSE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

series_ids	a named list of BLS time-series IDs. If the list items are named then the names will be used in the returned list
api_key	a mandatory API key, available from https://data.bls.gov/registrationEngine/
start_year	optional numeric 4-digit year
end_year	optional numeric 4-digit year
tidy	optional boolean. Return will use tidy_periods() if true
...	additional parameters to pass to get_series_tables

Value

a tibble of multiple merged time series

See Also

Other blsR-requests: [bls_request\(\)](#), [get_all_surveys\(\)](#), [get_latest_observation\(\)](#), [get_n_series\(\)](#), [get_popular_series\(\)](#), [get_series_tables\(\)](#), [get_series_table\(\)](#), [get_series\(\)](#), [get_survey_info\(\)](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
get_n_series_table(
  list(uer.men = 'LNS1400001', uer.women = 'LNS1400002'),
  'your-api-key-here',
  start_year = 2005, end_year=2006
)

## End(Not run)
```

get_popular_series *Create and execute a query to retrieve popular series*

Description

Create and execute a query to retrieve popular series

Usage

```
get_popular_series(survey_id = NA, ...)
```

Arguments

survey_id optional survey abbreviation
... additional parameters to pass to [bls_request](#)

Value

a character vector of series IDs

See Also

[query_popular_series](#)

Other blsR-requests: [bls_request\(\)](#), [get_all_surveys\(\)](#), [get_latest_observation\(\)](#), [get_n_series_table\(\)](#), [get_n_series\(\)](#), [get_series_tables\(\)](#), [get_series_table\(\)](#), [get_series\(\)](#), [get_survey_info\(\)](#)

get_series	<i>Create and execute query for a single time series</i>
------------	--

Description

Create and execute query for a single time series

Usage

```
get_series(series_id, start_year = NA, end_year = NA, ...)
```

Arguments

series_id	BLS series ID
start_year	numeric 4-digit year
end_year	numeric 4-digit year
...	additional parameters to pass to bls_request

Value

a single series result, in list form

See Also

[query_series](#)

Other blsR-requests: [bls_request\(\)](#), [get_all_surveys\(\)](#), [get_latest_observation\(\)](#), [get_n_series_table\(\)](#), [get_n_series\(\)](#), [get_popular_series\(\)](#), [get_series_tables\(\)](#), [get_series_table\(\)](#), [get_survey_info\(\)](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
series <- get_series('LNS14000001')  
  
## End(Not run)
```

get_series_table	<i>Retrieve a single time series from BLS API and return a tibble</i>
------------------	---

Description

Retrieve a single time series from BLS API and return a tibble

Usage

```
get_series_table(  
  series_id,  
  api_key,  
  start_year = NA,  
  end_year = NA,  
  year_limit = 20,  
  ...  
)
```

Arguments

series_id	a BLS time-series ID
api_key	a mandatory API key, available from https://data.bls.gov/registrationEngine/
start_year	optional numeric 4-digit year
end_year	optional numeric 4-digit year
year_limit	optional number of years to paginate request by. Defaults to 20, the API request cap when using API key. Requests made without an API key are capped to 10 years.
...	additional parameters to pass to bls_request

Value

a tibble of observations

See Also

Other blsR-requests: [bls_request\(\)](#), [get_all_surveys\(\)](#), [get_latest_observation\(\)](#), [get_n_series_table\(\)](#), [get_n_series\(\)](#), [get_popular_series\(\)](#), [get_series_tables\(\)](#), [get_series\(\)](#), [get_survey_info\(\)](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
get_series_table('LNS1400001', 2005, 2006)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

get_series_tables	<i>Retrieve multiple time series in one API request and return a list of tibbles</i>
-------------------	--

Description

Retrieve multiple time series in one API request and return a list of tibbles

Usage

```
get_series_tables(
  series_ids,
  api_key,
  start_year = NA,
  end_year = NA,
  year_limit = 20,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

series_ids	a list or character vector of BLS time-series IDs. If the list items are named then the names will be used in the returned list
api_key	a mandatory API key, available from https://data.bls.gov/registrationEngine/
start_year	optional numeric 4-digit year
end_year	optional numeric 4-digit year
year_limit	optional number of years to paginate request by. Defaults to 20, the API request cap when using API key. Requests made without an API key are capped to 10 years.
...	additional parameters to pass to query_n_series

Value

a list of tables

See Also

Other blsR-requests: [bls_request\(\)](#), [get_all_surveys\(\)](#), [get_latest_observation\(\)](#), [get_n_series_table\(\)](#), [get_n_series\(\)](#), [get_popular_series\(\)](#), [get_series_table\(\)](#), [get_series\(\)](#), [get_survey_info\(\)](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
get_series_tables(
  list(uer.men = 'LNS14000001', uer.women = 'LNS14000002'),
  'your-api-key-here'
)
```

```

get_series_tables(
  list(uer.men = 'LNS14000001', uer.women = 'LNS14000002'),
  'your-api-key-here',
  2005, 2006
)

## End(Not run)

```

get_survey_info	<i>Create and execute a query to retrieve information about a survey</i>
-----------------	--

Description

Create and execute a query to retrieve information about a survey

Usage

```
get_survey_info(survey_id, ...)
```

Arguments

survey_id	survey abbreviation
...	additional parameters to pass to bls_request

Value

a list of survey information

See Also

[query_survey_info](#)

Other blsR-requests: [bls_request\(\)](#), [get_all_surveys\(\)](#), [get_latest_observation\(\)](#), [get_n_series_table\(\)](#), [get_n_series\(\)](#), [get_popular_series\(\)](#), [get_series_tables\(\)](#), [get_series_table\(\)](#), [get_series\(\)](#)

merge_tables	<i>Turn a list of one or more series into a single table of time series data</i>
--------------	--

Description

merge_tables() turns a list of series as returned by [data_as_table\(\)](#) into a single tibble

Usage

```
merge_tables(tables, join_by = c("year", "period"))
```

Arguments

`tables` a named list of tables with matching periodicity. Mixing data with different (monthly, quarterly, annual) periodicity is unsupported. The list names will be used as column names in the output.

`join_by` an optional character vector of columns to use to join tables.

Value

tibble

See Also

Other blsR-utils: [data_as_table\(\)](#), [data_as_tidy_table\(\)](#), [merge_tidy_tables\(\)](#), [tidy_periods\(\)](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
series_ids <- list(uer.men = 'LNS14000001', uer.women = 'LNS14000002')
uer_series <- get_n_series(series_ids, 'your-api-key-here' )
uer_tables <- lapply(uer_series, function(x) data_to_table(x$data))
big_table <- merge_tables(uer_tables)

## End(Not run)
```

`merge_tidy_tables` *Turn a list of one or more series into a single table of time series data*

Description

`merge_tidy_tables()` turns a list of series as returned by [data_as_tidy_table\(\)](#) into a single tibble

Usage

```
merge_tidy_tables(tidy_tables)
```

Arguments

`tidy_tables` a named list of tables with matching periodicity. Mixing data with different (monthly, quarterly, annual) periodicity is unsupported. The list names will be used as column names in the output.

Value

tibble

See Also

Other blsR-utils: [data_as_table\(\)](#), [data_as_tidy_table\(\)](#), [merge_tables\(\)](#), [tidy_periods\(\)](#)

query_all_surveys *Create a query to retrieve all surveys*

Description

Create a query to retrieve all surveys

Usage

```
query_all_surveys()
```

Value

list of query parameters

See Also

Other blsR-queries: [query_latest_observation\(\)](#), [query_n_series\(\)](#), [query_popular_series\(\)](#), [query_series\(\)](#), [query_survey_info\(\)](#)

query_latest_observation *Create a Query to retrieve the latest observation for a time series*

Description

Create a Query to retrieve the latest observation for a time series

Usage

```
query_latest_observation(series_id)
```

Arguments

series_id BLS series ID

Value

list of query parameters

See Also

Other blsR-queries: [query_all_surveys\(\)](#), [query_n_series\(\)](#), [query_popular_series\(\)](#), [query_series\(\)](#), [query_survey_info\(\)](#)

query_n_series	<i>Create a query to retrieve one or more time series and their catalog data</i>
----------------	--

Description

Create a query to retrieve one or more time series and their catalog data

Usage

```
query_n_series(
  series,
  start_year = NA,
  end_year = NA,
  catalog = FALSE,
  calculations = FALSE,
  annualaverage = FALSE,
  aspects = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

series	vector of BLS series IDs
start_year	numeric 4-digit year
end_year	numeric 4-digit year
catalog	boolean
calculations	boolean
annualaverage	boolean
aspects	boolean

Value

list of query parameters

See Also

Other blsR-queries: [query_all_surveys\(\)](#), [query_latest_observation\(\)](#), [query_popular_series\(\)](#), [query_series\(\)](#), [query_survey_info\(\)](#)

Examples

```
a <- query_n_series(c('LNS1400001', 'LNS1400002'))
b <- query_n_series(c('LNS1400001', 'LNS1400002'), start_year = 2005, end_year=2010)
c <- query_n_series(c('LNS1400001', 'LNS1400002'), 2005, 2010)
d <- query_n_series(c('LNS1400001', 'LNS1400002'), catalog=TRUE)
```

query_popular_series *Create a query to retrieve popular series*

Description

Create a query to retrieve popular series

Usage

```
query_popular_series(survey_id = NA)
```

Arguments

survey_id string optional

Value

list of query parameters

See Also

Other blsR-queries: [query_all_surveys\(\)](#), [query_latest_observation\(\)](#), [query_n_series\(\)](#), [query_series\(\)](#), [query_survey_info\(\)](#)

Examples

```
popular_series_query <- query_popular_series()
popular_labor_force_series <- query_popular_series('LN')
```

query_series *Create a query for a single time series*

Description

Create a query for a single time series

Usage

```
query_series(series_id, start_year = NA, end_year = NA)
```

Arguments

series_id BLS series ID
start_year numeric 4-digit year
end_year numeric 4-digit year

Value

list of query parameters

See Also

Other blsR-queries: [query_all_surveys\(\)](#), [query_latest_observation\(\)](#), [query_n_series\(\)](#), [query_popular_series\(\)](#), [query_survey_info\(\)](#)

Examples

```
unemployment_rate_query <- query_series('LNS14000000')
unemployment_rate_query <- query_series('LNS14000000', 2005, 2010)
```

query_survey_info	<i>Create a query to retrieve information about a survey</i>
-------------------	--

Description

Create a query to retrieve information about a survey

Usage

```
query_survey_info(survey_id)
```

Arguments

survey_id BLS survey abbreviation (two letter code)

Value

list of query parameters

See Also

Other blsR-queries: [query_all_surveys\(\)](#), [query_latest_observation\(\)](#), [query_n_series\(\)](#), [query_popular_series\(\)](#), [query_series\(\)](#)

Examples

```
query_survey_info('LN')
```

tidy_periods	<i>Clean the period information returned by BLS</i>
--------------	---

Description

Clean the period information returned by BLS

Usage

```
tidy_periods(table)
```

Arguments

table a tibble of the data slot in a series

Details

tidy_periods will return a tibble where the period and periodName columns have been deleted and replaced. Monthly periodicity data will have a new column month and quarterly data will have a new column quarter. Rows will be sorted from oldest to newest.

Value

a sorted tibble containing the period and the value

See Also

Other blsR-utils: [data_as_table\(\)](#), [data_as_tidy_table\(\)](#), [merge_tables\(\)](#), [merge_tidy_tables\(\)](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
series <- get_series('LNS14000001')  
table <- data_as_table(series$data)  
tidy_table <- tidy_periods(table)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

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