Package ‘boot.heterogeneity’

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| boot.d | Standardized Mean Differences (d): Bootstrap-based Heterogeneity Test for Between-study Heterogeneity in Random- or Mixed-Effects Model |

**Description**

`boot.d` returns the bootstrap-based tests of the residual heterogeneity in random- or mixed-effects model of standardized mean differences (d).

**Usage**

```r
boot.d(
  n1,
  n2,
  est,
  lambda = 0,
  model = "random",
  adjust = FALSE,
  mods = NULL,
  nrep = 10^4,
  p_cut = 0.05,
  boot.include = FALSE,
  parallel = FALSE,
  cores = 4,
  verbose = FALSE
)
```

**Arguments**

- `n1` A vector of sample sizes from group 1 in each of the included studies.
- `n2` A vector of sample sizes from group 2 in each of the included studies.
- `est` A vector of unbiased estimates of standardized mean differences.
- `lambda` Size of the magnitude to be tested in the alternative hypothesis of the heterogeneity magnitude test. Default to 0.
- `model` Choice of random- or mixed-effects models. Can only be set to "random", or "mixed".
- `adjust` If biased estimates (i.e., g values) are provided, `adjust` must be set to `TRUE` to compensate for small sample bias. By default, `adjust` is set to `FALSE`. 
mods: Optional argument to include moderators in the model. mods is NULL for random-effects model and a dataframe of moderators for mixed-effects model. A single moderator can be given as a vector specifying the values of the moderator. Multiple moderators are specified by giving a matrix with as many columns as there are moderator variables. See `rma` for more details.

nrep: Number of replications used in bootstrap simulations. Default to 10^4.

p_cut: Cutoff for p-values, which is the alpha level. Default to 0.05.

boot.include: If true, bootstrap simulation results are included in the output (e.g., bootstrap critical values).

parallel: If true, parallel computing using 4 cores will be performed during bootstrapping stage. Otherwise, for loop is used.

cores: The number of cores used in the parallel computing. Default to 4.

verbose: If true, show the progress of bootstrapping.

Details

For standardized mean difference, if the biased estimates (i.e., g values) are provided, adjust=TRUE can be specified to obtain the corresponding unbiased estimates.

This function returns the test statistics as well as their p-value and significances using (1) Q-test and (2) Bootstrap-based Heterogeneity Test with Restricted Maximum Likelihood (REML).

The results of significances are classified as "sig" or "n.s" based on the cutoff p-value (i.e., alpha level). "sig" means that the between-study heterogeneity is significantly different from zero whereas "n.s" means the between-study heterogeneity is not significantly different from zero. The default alpha level is 0.05.

Value

A dataframe that contains the test statistics ('stat'), p-values ('p_value'), and significances of effect size heterogeneity ("Heterogeneity").

References


Examples

# Demo 1: A meta-analysis of 18 studies in which the effect of open versus
# traditional education on students' self-concept was studied (Hedges & Olkin, 1985).

default <- boot.heterogeneity:::default

default <- boot.heterogeneity:::default

selfconcept <- boot.heterogeneity:::selfconcept

selfconcept <- boot.heterogeneity:::selfconcept

# n1 and n2 are lists of samples sizes in two groups
n1 <- selfconcept$n1
n2 <- selfconcept$n2

# g is a list of biased estimates of standardized mean differences in the meta-analytical study
g <- selfconcept$g
cm <- (1-3/(4*(n1+n2-2)-1)) # correct factor to compensate for small sample bias (Hedges, 1981)
d <- cm*g

## Not run:
boot.run <- boot.d(n1, n2, est = d, model = 'random', p_cut = 0.05)
# is equivalent to:
boot.run2 <- boot.d(n1, n2, est = g, model = 'random', adjust = TRUE, p_cut = 0.05)

## End(Not run)

# Demo 2: A hypothetical meta-analysis of 15 studies with 3 moderators.
hypo_moder <- boot.heterogeneity:::hypo_moder
## Not run:
boot.run3 <- boot.d(n1 = hypo_moder$n1, n2 = hypo_moder$n2, est = hypo_moder$d, model = 'mixed',
mods = cbind(hypo_moder$cov.z1, hypo_moder$cov.z2, hypo_moder$cov.z3), p_cut = 0.05)

## End(Not run)

---

**boot.fcor**

**Fisher-transformed Pearson’s correlation: Bootstrap-based Heterogeneity Test for Between-study Heterogeneity in Random- or Mixed-Effects Model**

**Description**

`boot.fcor` returns the bootstrap-based tests of the residual heterogeneity in random- or mixed-effects model of Pearson’s correlation coefficients transformed with Fisher’s r-to-z transformation (z scores).

**Usage**

```r
boot.fcor(
  n,
  z,
  lambda = 0,
  model = "random",
  mods = NULL,
  nrep = 10^4,
  p_cut = 0.05,
  boot.include = FALSE,
  parallel = FALSE,
  cores = 4,
  verbose = FALSE
)
```
Arguments

- **n**: A vector of sample sizes in each of the included studies.
- **z**: A vector of Fisher-transformed Pearson’s correlations.
- **lambda**: Size of the magnitude to be tested in the alternative hypothesis of the heterogeneity magnitude test. Default to 0.
- **model**: Choice of random- or mixed-effects models. Can only be set to "random", or "mixed".
- **mods**: Optional argument to include moderators in the model. **mods** is NULL for random-effects model and a dataframe of moderators for mixed-effects model. A single moderator can be given as a vector specifying the values of the moderator. Multiple moderators are specified by giving a matrix with as many columns as there are moderator variables. See **rma** for more details.
- **nrep**: Number of replications used in bootstrap simulations. Default to 10^4.
- **p_cut**: Cutoff for p-value, which is the alpha level. Default to 0.05.
- **boot.include**: If true, bootstrap simulation results are included in the output.
- **parallel**: If true, parallel computing using 4 cores will be performed during bootstrapping stage. Otherwise, for loop is used.
- **cores**: The number of cores used in the parallel computing. Default to 4.
- **verbose**: If true, show the progress of bootstrapping.

Details

This function returns the test statistics as well as their p-value and significances using (1) Q-test and (2) Bootstrap-based Heterogeneity Test with Restricted Maximum Likelihood (REML).

The results of significances are classified as "sig" or "n.s" based on the cutoff p-value (i.e., alpha level). "sig" means that the between-study heterogeneity is significantly different from zero whereas "n.s" means the between-study heterogeneity is not significantly different from zero. The default alpha level is 0.05.

Value

A dataframe that contains the test statistics (‘stat’), p-values (‘p_value’), and significances of effect size heterogeneity ("Heterogeneity").

References


Examples

# A meta-analysis of 13 studies studying the correlation
# between sensation-seeking scores and levels of monoamine oxidase (Zuckerman, 1994).

sensation <- boot.heterogeneity:::sensation

# n is a list of samples sizes
n <- sensation$n

# Pearson's correlation
r <- sensation$r

# Fisher's Transformation
z <- 1/2*log((1+r)/(1-r))

## Not run:
#
'boot.run <- boot.fcor(n, z, model = 'random', p_cut = 0.05)

## End(Not run)

---

boot.lnOR

**Natural-Logarithm-Transformed Odds Ratio (lnOR): Bootstrap-based Heterogeneity Test for Between-study Heterogeneity in Random- or Mixed-Effects Model**

Description

boot.lnOR returns the bootstrap-based tests of the residual heterogeneity in random- or mixed-effects model of natural-logarithm-transformed observed odds ratio (lnOR).

Usage

```r
boot.lnOR(
  n_00, n_01, n_10, n_11, lambda = 0,
  model = "random", mods = NULL,
  nrep = 10^4, p_cut = 0.05,
  boot.include = FALSE, parallel = FALSE, cores = 4,
  verbose = FALSE)
```
**Arguments**

- `n_00` A vector of number of participants who score negatively on both Y1 and Y2 (e.g., mortality cases in the control group).
- `n_01` A vector of number of participants who score negatively on Y1 and positively on Y2 (e.g., recovery cases in the control group).
- `n_10` A vector of number of participants who score positively on Y1 and negatively on Y2 (e.g., mortality cases in the experimental group).
- `n_11` A vector of number of participants who score positively on both Y1 and Y2 (e.g., recovery cases in the experimental group).
- `lambda` Size of the magnitude to be tested in the alternative hypothesis of the heterogeneity magnitude test. Default to 0.
- `model` Choice of random- or mixed-effects models. Can only be set to "random", or "mixed".
- `mods` Optional argument to include moderators in the model. `mods` is NULL for random-effects model and a dataframe of moderators for mixed-effects model. A single moderator can be given as a vector specifying the values of the moderator. Multiple moderators are specified by giving a matrix with as many columns as there are moderator variables. See `rma` for more details.
- `nrep` Number of replications used in bootstrap simulations. Default to 10^4.
- `p_cut` Cutoff for p-value, which is the alpha level. Default to 0.05.
- `boot.include` If true, bootstrap simulation results are included in the output (e.g., bootstrap critical values).
- `parallel` If true, parallel computing using 4 cores will be performed during bootstrapping stage. Otherwise, for loop is used.
- `cores` The number of cores used in the parallel computing. Default to 4.
- `verbose` If true, show the progress of bootstrapping.
- `lnOR` A vector of natural-logarithm-transformed odds ratio in the included studies, which is calculated as ln(n11*n00/n01/n10)

**Details**

For odds ratio, its standard error will be infinite if any one of the four cells in the contingency tables is zero. In this case, Haldane and Anscombe correction is used by adding 0.5 to each cell value (Anscombe, 1956; Haldane, 1940). This function returns the test statistics as well as their p-value and significances using (1) Q-test and (2) Bootstrap-based Heterogeneity Test with Restricted Maximum Likelihood (REML).

The results of significances are classified as "sig" or "n.s" based on the cutoff p-value (i.e., alpha level). "sig" means that the between-study heterogeneity is significantly different from zero whereas "n.s" means the between-study heterogeneity is not significantly different from zero. The default alpha level is 0.05.

**Value**

A dataframe that contains the test statistics (`'stat'`), p-values (`'p_value'`), and significances of effect size heterogeneity (`'Heterogeneity'`).
Source

References

Examples
# A meta-analysis consists of 26 studies on nicotine replacement therapy for smoking cessation
library(HSAUR3)
data(smoking)

# Y1: receive treatment; Y2: stop smoking
n_00 <- smoking$tc - smoking$qc # not receive treatment yet not stop smoking
n_01 <- smoking$qc # not receive treatment but stop smoking
n_10 <- smoking$tt - smoking$qt # receive treatment but not stop smoking
n_11 <- smoking$qt # receive treatment and stop smoking
lnOR <- log(n_11*n_00/n_01/n_10)

## Not run:
boot.run <- boot.lnOR(n_00, n_01, n_10, n_11, model = 'random', p_cut = 0.05)
## End(Not run)
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