

Package ‘ggfortify’

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Type Package

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BugReports <https://github.com/sinhrks/ggfortify/issues>

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Description Unified plotting tools for statistics commonly used, such as GLM, time series, PCA families, clustering and survival analysis. The package offers a single plotting interface for these analysis results and plots in a unified style using 'ggplot2'.

License GPL-2

VignetteBuilder knitr

Depends methods, ggplot2 (>= 2.0.0)

Imports dplyr (>= 0.3), tidyr, gridExtra, grid, scales, stringr, tibble

Suggests testthat, cluster, changepoint, dlm, fGarch, forecast, ggrepel, glmnet, grDevices, KFAS, knitr, lintr, mapdata, markdown, MASS, MSwM, nlme, raster, ROCR, sp, stats, strucchange, survival, timeSeries, tseries, utils, vars, xts, zoo, lfda

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`+,ggmultiplot,ANY-method`
Generic add operator for ggmultiplot

Description

Generic add operator for ggmultiplot

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ggmultiplot,ANY'
e1 + e2
```

Arguments

<code>e1</code>	first argument
<code>e2</code>	second argument

Value

ggmultiplot

`apply_facets` *Apply facets to to ggplot2::ggplot*

Description

Apply facets to to ggplot2::ggplot

Usage

```

apply_facets(
  p,
  formula,
  facets = TRUE,
  nrow = NULL,
  ncol = 1,
  scales = "free_y",
  ...
)

```

Arguments

p	ggplot2::ggplot instance
formula	stats::formula instance
facets	Logical value to specify use facets
nrow	Number of facet/subplot rows
ncol	Number of facet/subplot columns
scales	Scale value passed to ggplot2
...	other arguments passed to methods

Value

ggplot

apply_grid	<i>Apply grid to to ggplot2::ggplot</i>
------------	---

Description

Apply grid to to ggplot2::ggplot

Usage

```

apply_grid(p, formula, scales = "free_y", ...)

```

Arguments

p	ggplot2::ggplot instance
formula	stats::formula instance
scales	Scale value passed to ggplot2
...	other arguments passed to methods

as_tibble.basis	<i>Convert a spline basis to a tibble</i>
-----------------	---

Description

Convert a spline basis to a tibble

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'basis'  
as_tibble(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	object of class "basis"
...	Ignored.

Details

This function is needed because the default method for converting a matrix object with an additional class attribute to a tibble causes issues because each column of the resulting tibble has the attributes, including the matrix class, copied from the source. Having matrices as columns in a tibble causes dplyr to throw errors, so a special method is needed to avoid copying the class attribute.

Value

A tibble constructed from the underlying matrix of the basis object. Each column will possess all the attributes from the source object, except that the "class" attribute will be renamed to "basis.class" to avoid interfering with dplyr operations.

Examples

```
library(splines)  
library(tibble)  
x <- seq(0, 1, by=0.001)  
spl <- bs(x, df=6)  
as_tibble(spl)
```

autoplot.aareg *Autoplot* survival::aareg

Description

Autoplot survival::aareg

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'aareg'
autoplot(
  object,
  maxtime = NULL,
  surv.connect = TRUE,
  facets = TRUE,
  ncol = NULL,
  xlab = "",
  ylab = "",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

object	survival::aareg instance
maxtime	truncate the input to the model at time "maxtime"
surv.connect	logical frag indicates whether connects survival curve to the origin
facets	Logical value to specify use facets
ncol	Number of facet/subplot columns
xlab	character vector or expression for x axis label
ylab	character vector or expression for y axis label
...	other arguments passed to autoplot.survfit

Value

ggplot

Examples

```
library(survival)
autoplot(aareg(Surv(time, status) ~ age + sex + ph.ecog, data = lung, nmin = 1))
```

autoplot.acf	<i>Autoplot stats::acf. Note to pass 'plot = FALSE' to original function to suppress standard plot output</i>
--------------	---

Description

Autoplot stats::acf. Note to pass 'plot = FALSE' to original function to suppress standard plot output

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'acf'
autoplot(
  object,
  colour = "#000000",
  linetype = "solid",
  conf.int = TRUE,
  conf.int.colour = "#0000FF",
  conf.int.linetype = "dashed",
  conf.int.fill = NULL,
  conf.int.alpha = 0.3,
  conf.int.value = 0.95,
  conf.int.type = "white",
  xlim = c(NA, NA),
  ylim = c(NA, NA),
  log = "",
  main = NULL,
  xlab = NULL,
  ylab = "ACF",
  asp = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

object	stats::acf instance
colour	Line colour
linetype	Line type
conf.int	Logical flag indicating whether to plot confidence intervals
conf.int.colour	line colour for confidence intervals
conf.int.linetype	line type for confidence intervals
conf.int.fill	fill colour for confidence intervals
conf.int.alpha	alpha for confidence intervals

conf.int.value	Coverage probability for confidence interval
conf.int.type	Type of confidence interval, 'white' for white noise or 'ma' MA(k-1) model
xlim	limits for x axis
ylim	limits for y axis
log	which variables to log transform ("x", "y", or "xy")
main	character vector or expression for plot title
xlab	character vector or expression for x axis label
ylab	character vector or expression for y axis label
asp	the y/x aspect ratio
...	other arguments passed to methods

Value

ggplot

Examples

```
autoplot(stats::acf(AirPassengers, plot = FALSE))
autoplot(stats::pacf(AirPassengers, plot = FALSE))
autoplot(stats::ccf(AirPassengers, AirPassengers, plot = FALSE))
```

autoplot.basis *Autoplot spline basis instances*

Description

Autoplot spline basis instances

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'basis'
autoplot(object, data, n = 256, ...)
```

Arguments

object	spline basis object
data	x-values at which to evaluate the splines. Optional. By default, an evenly spaced sequence of 256 values covering the range of the splines will be used.
n	If data is not provided, instead use an evenly-spaced sequence of x-values of this length (plus one, since both endpoints are included). If data is provided, this argument is ignored.
...	Ignored.

Value

ggplot

Examples

```
library(splines)
x <- seq(0, 1, by=0.001)
spl <- bs(x, df=6)
autoplot(spl)
autoplot(spl, n=5)
```

autoplot.breakpoints *Autoplot* strucchange::breakpoints

Description

Autoplot strucchange::breakpoints

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'breakpoints'
autoplot(
  object,
  data = NULL,
  cpt.colour = "#FF0000",
  cpt.linetype = "dashed",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

object	strucchange::breakpoints or strucchange::breakpointsfull instance.
data	Original time series. Mandatory for plotting strucchange::breakpoints instance.
cpt.colour	Line colour for changepoints
cpt.linetype	Line type for changepoints
...	other arguments passed to autoplot.ts

Value

ggplot

Examples

```
library(strucchange)
bp.nile <- breakpoints(Nile ~ 1)
autoplot(bp.nile)
autoplot(bp.nile, is.date = TRUE)
autoplot(breakpoints(bp.nile, breaks = 2), data = Nile)
```

autoplot.cpt	<i>Autoplot</i> changepoint::cpt
--------------	----------------------------------

Description

Autoplot changepoint::cpt

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'cpt'
autoplot(
  object,
  is.date = NULL,
  cpt.colour = "#FF0000",
  cpt.linetype = "dashed",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

object	changepoint::cpt instance
is.date	Logical flag indicates whether the stats::ts is date or not. If not provided, regard the input as date when the frequency is 4 or 12.
cpt.colour	Line colour for changepoints
cpt.linetype	Line type for changepoints
...	other arguments passed autoplot.ts

Value

ggplot

Examples

```
library(changepoint)
autoplot(cpt.mean(AirPassengers))
autoplot(cpt.meanvar(AirPassengers))
```

autoplot.cv.glmnet *Autoplot glmnet::cv.glmnet*

Description

Autoplot glmnet::cv.glmnet

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'cv.glmnet'
autoplot(
  object,
  sign.lambda = 1,
  label.n = 12,
  label = TRUE,
  label.label = "nz",
  label.colour = NULL,
  label.alpha = NULL,
  label.size = NULL,
  label.angle = NULL,
  label.family = NULL,
  label.fontface = NULL,
  label.lineheight = NULL,
  label.hjust = NULL,
  label.vjust = NULL,
  label.repel = FALSE,
  xlim = c(NA, NA),
  ylim = c(NA, NA),
  log = "",
  main = NULL,
  xlab = NULL,
  ylab = NULL,
  asp = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

object	glmnet::cv.glmnet instance
sign.lambda	Either plot against log(lambda) (default) or its negative if sign.lambda=-1.
label.n	Number of Df labels
label	Logical value whether to display labels
label.label	Column name used for label text
label.colour	Colour for text labels
label.alpha	Alpha for text labels

label.size	Size for text labels
label.angle	Angle for text labels
label.family	Font family for text labels
label.fontface	Fontface for text labels
label.lineheight	Lineheight for text labels
label.hjust	Horizontal adjustment for text labels
label.vjust	Vertical adjustment for text labels
label.repel	Logical flag indicating whether to use ggrepel, enabling this may take some time for plotting
xlim	limits for x axis
ylim	limits for y axis
log	which variables to log transform ("x", "y", or "xy")
main	character vector or expression for plot title
xlab	character vector or expression for x axis label
ylab	character vector or expression for y axis label
asp	the y/x aspect ratio
...	other arguments passed to methods

Value

ggplot

Examples

```
autoplot(glmnet::cv.glmnet(data.matrix(Orange[-3]), data.matrix(Orange[3])))
```

autoplot.density *Autoplot* stats::density

Description

Autoplot stats::density

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'density'
autoplot(
  object,
  p = NULL,
  colour = "#000000",
  linetype = NULL,
  fill = NULL,
```

```

    alpha = NULL,
    xlim = c(NA, NA),
    ylim = c(NA, NA),
    log = "",
    main = NULL,
    xlab = NULL,
    ylab = NULL,
    asp = NULL,
    ...
  )

```

Arguments

<code>object</code>	<code>stats::density</code> instance
<code>p</code>	<code>ggplot2::ggplot</code> instance to plot
<code>colour</code>	Line colour
<code>linetype</code>	Line type
<code>fill</code>	Fill colour
<code>alpha</code>	Alpha
<code>xlim</code>	limits for x axis
<code>ylim</code>	limits for y axis
<code>log</code>	which variables to log transform ("x", "y", or "xy")
<code>main</code>	character vector or expression for plot title
<code>xlab</code>	character vector or expression for x axis label
<code>ylab</code>	character vector or expression for y axis label
<code>asp</code>	the y/x aspect ratio
<code>...</code>	other arguments passed to PDC/CDF func

Value

`ggplot`

Examples

```

autoplot(stats::density(stats::rnorm(1:50)))
autoplot(stats::density(stats::rnorm(1:50)), fill = 'blue')

```

autoplot.forecast *Autoplot* forecast::forecast

Description

Autoplot forecast::forecast

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'forecast'
autoplot(
  object,
  is.date = NULL,
  ts.connect = TRUE,
  predict.geom = "line",
  predict.colour = "#0000FF",
  predict.size = NULL,
  predict.linetype = NULL,
  predict.alpha = NULL,
  predict.fill = NULL,
  predict.shape = NULL,
  conf.int = TRUE,
  conf.int.colour = "#0000FF",
  conf.int.linetype = "none",
  conf.int.fill = "#000000",
  conf.int.alpha = 0.3,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

object	forecast::forecast instance
is.date	Logical frag indicates whether the stats::ts is date or not. If not provided, regard the input as date when the frequency is 4 or 12
ts.connect	Logical frag indicates whether connects original time-series and predicted values
predict.geom	geometric string for predicted time-series
predict.colour	line colour for predicted time-series
predict.size	point size for predicted time-series
predict.linetype	line type for predicted time-series
predict.alpha	alpha for predicted time-series
predict.fill	fill colour for predicted time-series
predict.shape	point shape for predicted time-series

```

conf.int      Logical flag indicating whether to plot confidence intervals
conf.int.colour  line colour for confidence intervals
conf.int.linetype  line type for confidence intervals
conf.int.fill  fill colour for confidence intervals
conf.int.alpha  alpha for confidence intervals
...           other arguments passed to autoplot.ts

```

Value

```
ggplot
```

Examples

```

d.arima <- forecast::auto.arima(AirPassengers)
autoplot(forecast::forecast(d.arima, h = 10))
autoplot(forecast::forecast(d.arima, level = c(85), h = 10))
autoplot(forecast::forecast(d.arima, h = 5), conf.int = FALSE, is.date = FALSE)
autoplot(forecast::forecast(stats::HoltWinters(UKgas), h = 10))
## Not run:
autoplot(forecast::forecast(forecast::ets(UKgas), h = 5))

## End(Not run)

```

```

autoplot.ggmultiplot  Autoplot ggmultiplot instances. It returns the passed instance as it is.

```

Description

Autoplot ggmultiplot instances. It returns the passed instance as it is.

Usage

```

## S3 method for class 'ggmultiplot'
autoplot(object, ...)

```

Arguments

```

object      ggmultiplot instance
...        Not used.

```

Value

```
ggmultiplot
```

autoplot.ggplot	<i>Autoplot ggplot instances. It returns the passed instance as it is.</i>
-----------------	--

Description

Autoplot ggplot instances. It returns the passed instance as it is.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'ggplot'  
autoplot(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	ggplot instance
...	Not used.

Value

ggplot

autoplot.glmnet	<i>Autoplot glmnet::glmnet</i>
-----------------	--------------------------------

Description

Autoplot glmnet::glmnet

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'glmnet'  
autoplot(  
  object,  
  xvar = c("norm", "lambda", "dev"),  
  label.n = 7,  
  label = TRUE,  
  label.label = "Df",  
  label.colour = NULL,  
  label.alpha = NULL,  
  label.size = NULL,  
  label.angle = NULL,  
  label.family = NULL,  
  label.fontface = NULL,  
  label.lineheight = NULL,  
  label.hjust = NULL,  
)
```

```

    label.vjust = NULL,
    xlim = c(NA, NA),
    ylim = c(NA, NA),
    log = "",
    main = NULL,
    xlab = NULL,
    ylab = "Coefficients",
    asp = NULL,
    ...
  )

```

Arguments

<code>object</code>	<code>glmnet::glmnet</code> instance
<code>xvar</code>	values to be drawn on the X axis. Either "norm" (L1-norm), "lambda" (log-lambda sequence) or "dev" (percent deviance)
<code>label.n</code>	Number of Df labels
<code>label</code>	Logical value whether to display labels
<code>label.label</code>	Column name used for label text
<code>label.colour</code>	Colour for text labels
<code>label.alpha</code>	Alpha for text labels
<code>label.size</code>	Size for text labels
<code>label.angle</code>	Angle for text labels
<code>label.family</code>	Font family for text labels
<code>label.fontface</code>	Fontface for text labels
<code>label.lineheight</code>	Lineheight for text labels
<code>label.hjust</code>	Horizontal adjustment for text labels
<code>label.vjust</code>	Vertical adjustment for text labels
<code>xlim</code>	limits for x axis
<code>ylim</code>	limits for y axis
<code>log</code>	which variables to log transform ("x", "y", or "xy")
<code>main</code>	character vector or expression for plot title
<code>xlab</code>	character vector or expression for x axis label
<code>ylab</code>	character vector or expression for y axis label
<code>asp</code>	the y/x aspect ratio
<code>...</code>	other arguments passed to methods

Value

`ggplot`

Examples

```
autoplot(glmnet::glmnet(data.matrix(Orange[-3]), data.matrix(Orange[3])))
```

autoplot.kmeans *Autoplot cluster instances*

Description

Autoplot cluster instances

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'kmeans'
autoplot(object, data = NULL, colour = "cluster", ...)
```

Arguments

object	Clustered instance
data	Original data used for clustering. Mandatory for stats::kmeans.
colour	line colour for points
...	other arguments passed to autoplot::prcomp

Value

ggplot

Examples

```
autoplot(stats::kmeans(iris[-5], 3), data = iris)
autoplot(cluster::clara(iris[-5], 3), label = TRUE)
autoplot(cluster::fanny(iris[-5], 3))
autoplot(cluster::fanny(iris[-5], 3), frame = TRUE)
autoplot(cluster::pam(iris[-5], 3), data = iris, colour = 'Species')
autoplot(cluster::pam(iris[-5], 3), data = iris, frame = TRUE, frame.type = 't')
```

autoplot.list *Autoplot list*

Description

Autoplot list

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'list'
autoplot(object, data = NULL, nrow = NULL, ncol = NULL, scales = "free_y", ...)
```

Arguments

object	list instance
data	original dataset, if needed
nrow	Number of facet/subplot rows
ncol	Number of facet/subplot columns
scales	Scale value passed to ggplot2
...	other arguments passed to methods

Value

ggplot

autoplot.lm	<i>Autoplot stats::lm and stats::glm</i>
-------------	--

Description

Autoplot stats::lm and stats::glm

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'lm'
autoplot(
  object,
  which = c(1:3, 5),
  data = NULL,
  colour = "#444444",
  size = NULL,
  linetype = NULL,
  alpha = NULL,
  fill = NULL,
  shape = NULL,
  label = TRUE,
  label.label = ".label",
  label.colour = "#000000",
  label.alpha = NULL,
  label.size = NULL,
  label.angle = NULL,
  label.family = NULL,
  label.fontface = NULL,
  label.lineheight = NULL,
  label.hjust = NULL,
  label.vjust = NULL,
  label.repel = FALSE,
  label.n = 3,
```

```

smooth.colour = "#0000FF",
smooth.linetype = "solid",
ad.colour = "#888888",
ad.linetype = "dashed",
ad.size = 0.2,
nrow = NULL,
ncol = NULL,
...
)

```

Arguments

object	stats::lm instance
which	If a subset of the plots is required, specify a subset of the numbers 1:6.
data	original dataset, if needed
colour	line colour
size	point size
linetype	line type
alpha	alpha
fill	fill colour
shape	point shape
label	Logical value whether to display labels
label.label	Column name used for label text
label.colour	Colour for text labels
label.alpha	Alpha for text labels
label.size	Size for text labels
label.angle	Angle for text labels
label.family	Font family for text labels
label.fontface	Fontface for text labels
label.lineheight	Lineheight for text labels
label.hjust	Horizontal adjustment for text labels
label.vjust	Vertical adjustment for text labels
label.repel	Logical flag indicating whether to use ggrepel, enabling this may take some time for plotting
label.n	Number of points to be laeled in each plot, starting with the most extreme
smooth.colour	Line colour for smoother lines
smooth.linetype	Line type for smoother lines
ad.colour	Line colour for additional lines
ad.linetype	Line type for additional lines

ad.size	Fill colour for additional lines
nrow	Number of facet/subplot rows
ncol	Number of facet/subplot columns
...	other arguments passed to methods

Value

ggplot

Examples

```
## Not run:
autoplot(lm(Petal.Width ~ Petal.Length, data = iris))
autoplot(glm(Petal.Width ~ Petal.Length, data = iris), which = 1:6)
autoplot(lm(Petal.Width~Petal.Length, data = iris), data = iris, colour = 'Species')

## End(Not run)
```

autoplot.map	<i>Autoplot maps::map</i>
--------------	---------------------------

Description

Autoplot maps::map

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'map'
autoplot(
  object,
  p = NULL,
  geom = "path",
  group = "group",
  colour = "black",
  size = NULL,
  linetype = NULL,
  alpha = NULL,
  fill = NULL,
  shape = NULL,
  xlim = c(NA, NA),
  ylim = c(NA, NA),
  log = "",
  main = NULL,
  xlab = "",
  ylab = "",
  asp = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

object	maps: :map instance
p	ggplot2: :ggplot instance
geom	geometric string for map. 'path', 'point' or 'polygon'
group	key for grouping geoms
colour	line colour
size	point size
linetype	line type
alpha	alpha
fill	fill colour
shape	point shape
xlim	limits for x axis
ylim	limits for y axis
log	which variables to log transform ("x", "y", or "xy")
main	character vector or expression for plot title
xlab	character vector or expression for x axis label
ylab	character vector or expression for y axis label
asp	the y/x aspect ratio
...	other arguments passed to methods

Value

ggplot

autoplot.matrix	<i>Plot base::matrix</i>
-----------------	--------------------------

Description

Plot base::matrix

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'matrix'
autoplot(
  object,
  original = NULL,
  geom = "tile",
  colour = NULL,
  size = NULL,
  alpha = NULL,
```

```

fill = "#0000FF",
shape = NULL,
label = FALSE,
label.label = "rownames",
label.colour = colour,
label.alpha = NULL,
label.size = NULL,
label.angle = NULL,
label.family = NULL,
label.fontface = NULL,
label.lineheight = NULL,
label.hjust = NULL,
label.vjust = NULL,
label.repel = FALSE,
scale = NULL,
xlim = c(NA, NA),
ylim = c(NA, NA),
log = "",
main = NULL,
xlab = NULL,
ylab = NULL,
asp = NULL,
...
)

```

Arguments

object	base::matrix instance
original	Combined to data by column if provided. Intended to be used for stat functions which returns not containing original data.
geom	Geometric string for plotting. 'tile' or 'point'.
colour	colour for points ('point' only)
size	point size
alpha	alpha
fill	fill colour. Ignored if scale keyword is passed. ('tile' Only)
shape	point shape
label	Logical value whether to display labels
label.label	Column name used for label text
label.colour	Colour for text labels
label.alpha	Alpha for text labels
label.size	Size for text labels
label.angle	Angle for text labels
label.family	Font family for text labels
label.fontface	Fontface for text labels

label.lineheight	Lineheight for text labels
label.hjust	Horizontal adjustment for text labels
label.vjust	Vertical adjustment for text labels
label.repel	Logical flag indicating whether to use ggrepel, enabling this may take some time for plotting
scale	(Deprecated) ggplot2::scale instance to plot. ('tile' Only)
xlim	limits for x axis
ylim	limits for y axis
log	which variables to log transform ("x", "y", or "xy")
main	character vector or expression for plot title
xlab	character vector or expression for x axis label
ylab	character vector or expression for y axis label
asp	the y/x aspect ratio
...	other arguments passed to methods

Value

ggplot

Examples

```
autoplot(matrix(rnorm(20), nc = 5))
autoplot(matrix(rnorm(20), nc = 5), fill = 'red')
autoplot(matrix(rnorm(20), nc = 2), geom = 'point')
```

autoplot.MSM.lm	<i>Autoplot</i> MSwM: :MSM.lm
-----------------	-------------------------------

Description

Autoplot MSwM: :MSM.lm

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'MSM.lm'
autoplot(object, prob.colour = "#FF0000", prob.linetype = "dashed", ...)
```

Arguments

object	MSwM: :MSM.lm instance
prob.colour	Line colour for probabilities
prob.linetype	Line type for probabilities
...	other arguments passed to autoplot.ts

Value

ggplot

Examples

```
## Not run:
library(MSwM)
d <- data.frame(Data = c(rnorm(50, mean = -10), rnorm(50, mean = 10)),
                 exog = cos(seq(-pi/2, pi/2, length.out = 100)))
d.mswm <- MSwM::msmFit(lm(Data ~.-1, data = d), k=2, sw=rep(TRUE, 2),
                      control = list(parallelization = FALSE))
autoplot(d.mswm)

## End(Not run)
```

autoplot.pca_common *Autoplot PCA-likes*

Description

Autoplot PCA-likes

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'pca_common'
autoplot(
  object,
  data = NULL,
  scale = 1,
  x = 1,
  y = 2,
  variance_percentage = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

object	PCA-like instance
data	Joined to fitting result if provided.
scale	scaling parameter, disabled by 0
x	principal component number used in x axis
y	principal component number used in y axis
variance_percentage	show the variance explained by the principal component?
...	other arguments passed to [ggbiplot()]

Examples

```

autoplot(stats::prcomp(iris[-5]))
autoplot(stats::prcomp(iris[-5]), data = iris)
autoplot(stats::prcomp(iris[-5]), data = iris, colour = 'Species')
autoplot(stats::prcomp(iris[-5]), label = TRUE, loadings = TRUE, loadings.label = TRUE)
autoplot(stats::prcomp(iris[-5]), frame = TRUE)
autoplot(stats::prcomp(iris[-5]), data = iris, frame = TRUE,
         frame.colour = 'Species')
autoplot(stats::prcomp(iris[-5]), data = iris, frame = TRUE,
         frame.type = 't', frame.colour = 'Species')

autoplot(stats::princomp(iris[-5]))
autoplot(stats::princomp(iris[-5]), data = iris)
autoplot(stats::princomp(iris[-5]), data = iris, colour = 'Species')
autoplot(stats::princomp(iris[-5]), label = TRUE, loadings = TRUE, loadings.label = TRUE)

#Plot PC 2 and 3
autoplot(stats::princomp(iris[-5]), x = 2, y = 3)

#Don't show the variance explained
autoplot(stats::princomp(iris[-5]), variance_percentage = FALSE)

d.factanal <- stats::factanal(state.x77, factors = 3, scores = 'regression')
autoplot(d.factanal)
autoplot(d.factanal, data = state.x77, colour = 'Income')
autoplot(d.factanal, label = TRUE, loadings = TRUE, loadings.label = TRUE)

```

autoplot.performance *Autoplot* ROCR::performance

Description

Autoplot ROCR::performance

Usage

```

## S3 method for class 'performance'
autoplot(object, p = NULL, bins = 5, ...)

```

Arguments

object	ROCR::performance instance
p	ggplot2::ggplot instances
bins	If object represents a measure whose value is just a scalar (e.g. performance(predObj, 'auc')), a histogram will be plotted of this scalar's values for different runs. bins is the number of bins for this histogram.
...	other arguments passed to methods

Value

ggplot

 autoplot.RasterCommon *Autoplot* raster::raster

Description

Only plot the first layer of the given raster

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'RasterCommon'
autoplot(
  object,
  raster.layer = NULL,
  p = NULL,
  alpha = NULL,
  xlim = c(NA, NA),
  ylim = c(NA, NA),
  log = "",
  main = NULL,
  xlab = "",
  ylab = "",
  asp = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

object	raster::raster instance
raster.layer	name of the layer to plot
p	ggplot2::ggplot instance
alpha	alpha
xlim	limits for x axis
ylim	limits for y axis
log	which variables to log transform ("x", "y", or "xy")
main	character vector or expression for plot title
xlab	character vector or expression for x axis label
ylab	character vector or expression for y axis label
asp	the y/x aspect ratio
...	other arguments passed to methods

Value

ggplot

autoplot.silhouette *Autoplot silhouette instances*

Description

Autoplot silhouette instances

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'silhouette'  
autoplot(  
  object,  
  colour = "red",  
  linetype = "dashed",  
  size = 0.5,  
  bar.width = 1,  
  ...  
)
```

Arguments

object	Silhouette instance
colour	reference line color
linetype	reference line type
size	reference line size
bar.width	bar width
...	other arguments passed to methods

Value

ggplot

Examples

```
model = cluster::pam(iris[-5], 3L)  
sil = cluster::silhouette(model)  
autoplot(sil)  
  
autoplot(cluster::silhouette(cluster::clara(iris[-5], 3)))  
autoplot(cluster::silhouette(cluster::fanny(iris[-5], 3)))  
  
model = stats::kmeans(iris[-5], 3)  
sil = cluster::silhouette(model$cluster, stats::dist(iris[-5]))  
autoplot(sil)
```

`autoplot.SpatialCommon`*Autoplot maps::map*

Description

Autoplot maps::map

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'SpatialCommon'
autoplot(
  object,
  p = NULL,
  group = NULL,
  colour = "black",
  size = NULL,
  linetype = NULL,
  alpha = NULL,
  fill = NULL,
  shape = NULL,
  xlim = c(NA, NA),
  ylim = c(NA, NA),
  log = "",
  main = NULL,
  xlab = "",
  ylab = "",
  asp = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

<code>object</code>	maps::map instance
<code>p</code>	ggplot2::ggplot instance
<code>group</code>	key for grouping geoms
<code>colour</code>	line colour
<code>size</code>	point size
<code>linetype</code>	line type
<code>alpha</code>	alpha
<code>fill</code>	fill colour
<code>shape</code>	point shape
<code>xlim</code>	limits for x axis
<code>ylim</code>	limits for y axis

log	which variables to log transform ("x", "y", or "xy")
main	character vector or expression for plot title
xlab	character vector or expression for x axis label
ylab	character vector or expression for y axis label
asp	the y/x aspect ratio
...	other arguments passed to methods

Value

ggplot

autoplot.spec	<i>Autoplot</i> stats::spec
---------------	-----------------------------

Description

Autoplot stats::spec

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'spec'
autoplot(
  object,
  xlim = c(NA, NA),
  ylim = c(NA, NA),
  log = "y",
  main = NULL,
  xlab = NULL,
  ylab = NULL,
  asp = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

object	stats::spec instance
xlim	limits for x axis
ylim	limits for y axis
log	which variables to log transform ("x", "y", or "xy")
main	character vector or expression for plot title
xlab	character vector or expression for x axis label
ylab	character vector or expression for y axis label
asp	the y/x aspect ratio
...	other arguments passed to methods

Value

ggplot

Examples

```
autoplot(stats::spec.ar(AirPassengers))
autoplot(stats::spec.pgram(AirPassengers))
```

autoplot.stepfun	<i>Plot stats::stepfun</i>
------------------	----------------------------

Description

Plot stats::stepfun

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'stepfun'
autoplot(
  object,
  colour = NULL,
  size = NULL,
  linetype = NULL,
  alpha = NULL,
  shape = 1,
  xlim = c(NA, NA),
  ylim = c(NA, NA),
  log = "",
  main = NULL,
  xlab = NULL,
  ylab = NULL,
  asp = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

object	stats::stepfun instance
colour	colour
size	point size
linetype	line type
alpha	alpha
shape	point shape
xlim	limits for x axis
ylim	limits for y axis

log	which variables to log transform ("x", "y", or "xy")
main	character vector or expression for plot title
xlab	character vector or expression for x axis label
ylab	character vector or expression for y axis label
asp	the y/x aspect ratio
...	other arguments passed to methods

Value

ggplot

Examples

```

autoplot(stepfun(c(1, 2, 3), c(4, 5, 6, 7)))
autoplot(stepfun(c(1), c(4, 5)), shape = NULL)
autoplot(stepfun(c(1, 3, 4, 8), c(4, 5, 2, 3, 5)), linetype = 'dashed')
autoplot(stepfun(c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10), c(4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 9)), colour = 'red')

```

autoplot.survfit	<i>Autoplot</i> survival::survfit
------------------	-----------------------------------

Description

Autoplot survival::survfit

Usage

```

## S3 method for class 'survfit'
autoplot(
  object,
  fun = NULL,
  surv.geom = "step",
  surv.colour = NULL,
  surv.size = NULL,
  surv.linetype = NULL,
  surv.alpha = NULL,
  surv.fill = NULL,
  surv.shape = NULL,
  surv.connect = TRUE,
  conf.int = TRUE,
  conf.int.colour = "#0000FF",
  conf.int.linetype = "none",
  conf.int.fill = "#000000",
  conf.int.alpha = 0.3,
  censor = TRUE,
  censor.colour = NULL,

```

```

  censor.size = 3,
  censor.alpha = NULL,
  censor.shape = "+",
  facets = FALSE,
  nrow = NULL,
  ncol = 1,
  grid = FALSE,
  strip_swap = FALSE,
  scales = "free_y",
  xlim = c(NA, NA),
  ylim = c(NA, NA),
  log = "",
  main = NULL,
  xlab = NULL,
  ylab = NULL,
  asp = NULL,
  ...
)

```

Arguments

<code>object</code>	<code>survival::survfit</code> instance
<code>fun</code>	an arbitrary function defining a transformation of the survival curve
<code>surv.geom</code>	geometric string for survival curve. 'step', 'line' or 'point'
<code>surv.colour</code>	line colour for survival curve
<code>surv.size</code>	point size for survival curve
<code>surv.linetype</code>	line type for survival curve
<code>surv.alpha</code>	alpha for survival curve
<code>surv.fill</code>	fill colour survival curve
<code>surv.shape</code>	point shape survival curve
<code>surv.connect</code>	logical frag indicates whether connects survival curve to the origin
<code>conf.int</code>	Logical flag indicating whether to plot confidence intervals
<code>conf.int.colour</code>	line colour for confidence intervals
<code>conf.int.linetype</code>	line type for confidence intervals
<code>conf.int.fill</code>	fill colour for confidence intervals
<code>conf.int.alpha</code>	alpha for confidence intervals
<code>censor</code>	Logical flag indicating whether to plot censors
<code>censor.colour</code>	colour for censors
<code>censor.size</code>	size for censors
<code>censor.alpha</code>	alpha for censors
<code>censor.shape</code>	shape for censors

facets	Logical value to specify use facets
nrow	Number of facet/subplot rows
ncol	Number of facet/subplot columns
grid	Logical flag indicating whether to draw grid
strip_swap	swap facet or grid strips
scales	Scale value passed to ggplot2
xlim	limits for x axis
ylim	limits for y axis
log	which variables to log transform ("x", "y", or "xy")
main	character vector or expression for plot title
xlab	character vector or expression for x axis label
ylab	character vector or expression for y axis label
asp	the y/x aspect ratio
...	other arguments passed to methods

Value

ggplot

Examples

```
library(survival)
autoplot(survfit(Surv(time, status) ~ sex, data = lung))
autoplot(survfit(Surv(time, status) ~ sex, data = lung), facets = TRUE)
autoplot(survfit(Surv(time, status) ~ 1, data = lung))
autoplot(survfit(Surv(time, status) ~ sex, data=lung), conf.int = FALSE, censor = FALSE)
autoplot(survfit(coxph(Surv(time, status) ~ sex, data = lung))
```

autoplot.ts

Autoplot time-series-like

Description

Autoplot time-series-like

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'ts'
autoplot(
  object,
  columns = NULL,
  group = NULL,
  is.date = NULL,
  index.name = "Index",
```

```

p = NULL,
ts.scale = FALSE,
stacked = FALSE,
facets = TRUE,
nrow = NULL,
ncol = 1,
scales = "free_y",
ts.geom = "line",
ts.colour = NULL,
ts.size = NULL,
ts.linetype = NULL,
ts.alpha = NULL,
ts.fill = NULL,
ts.shape = NULL,
geom = ts.geom,
colour = ts.colour,
size = ts.size,
linetype = ts.linetype,
alpha = ts.alpha,
fill = ts.fill,
shape = ts.shape,
xlim = c(NA, NA),
ylim = c(NA, NA),
log = "",
main = NULL,
xlab = "",
ylab = "",
asp = NULL,
...
)

```

Arguments

object	time-series-like instance
columns	Character vector specifies target column name(s)
group	Character vector specifies grouping
is.date	Logical flag indicates whether the <code>stats::ts</code> is date or not If not provided, regard the input as date when the frequency is 4 or 12
index.name	Specify column name for time series index when passing <code>data.frame</code> via <code>data</code> .
p	<code>ggplot2::ggplot</code> instance
ts.scale	Logical flag indicating whether to perform scaling each timeseries
stacked	Logical flag indicating whether to stack multivariate timeseries
facets	Logical value to specify use facets
nrow	Number of facet/subplot rows
ncol	Number of facet/subplot columns
scales	Scale value passed to <code>ggplot2</code>

ts.geom	geometric string for time-series. 'line', 'bar', 'ribbon', or 'point'
ts.colour	line colour for time-series
ts.size	point size for time-series
ts.linetype	line type for time-series
ts.alpha	alpha for time-series
ts.fill	fill colour for time-series
ts.shape	point shape for time-series
geom	same as ts.geom
colour	same as ts.colour
size	same as ts.size
linetype	same as ts.linetype
alpha	same as ts.alpha
fill	same as ts.fill
shape	same as ts.shape
xlim	limits for x axis
ylim	limits for y axis
log	which variables to log transform ("x", "y", or "xy")
main	character vector or expression for plot title
xlab	character vector or expression for x axis label
ylab	character vector or expression for y axis label
asp	the y/x aspect ratio
...	other arguments passed to methods

Value

ggplot

Examples

```
## Not run:
data(Canada, package = 'vars')
autoplot(AirPassengers)
autoplot(UKgas, ts.geom = 'bar')
autoplot(Canada)
autoplot(Canada, facets = FALSE)

library(zoo)
autoplot(xts::as.xts(AirPassengers))
autoplot(timeSeries::as.timeSeries(AirPassengers))
its <- tseries::irts(cumsum(rexp(10, rate = 0.1)), matrix(rnorm(20), ncol=2))
autoplot(its)

autoplot(stats::stl(UKgas, s.window = 'periodic'))
autoplot(stats::decompose(UKgas))

## End(Not run)
```

autoplot.tsmodel *Autoplot time series models (like AR, ARIMA)*

Description

Autoplot time series models (like AR, ARIMA)

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'tsmodel'
autoplot(
  object,
  data = NULL,
  predict = NULL,
  is.date = NULL,
  ts.connect = TRUE,
  fitted.geom = "line",
  fitted.colour = "#FF0000",
  fitted.size = NULL,
  fitted.linetype = NULL,
  fitted.alpha = NULL,
  fitted.fill = NULL,
  fitted.shape = NULL,
  predict.geom = "line",
  predict.colour = "#0000FF",
  predict.size = NULL,
  predict.linetype = NULL,
  predict.alpha = NULL,
  predict.fill = NULL,
  predict.shape = NULL,
  conf.int = TRUE,
  conf.int.colour = "#0000FF",
  conf.int.linetype = "none",
  conf.int.fill = "#000000",
  conf.int.alpha = 0.3,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

object	Time series model instance
data	original dataset, needed for stats::ar, stats::Arima
predict	Predicted stats::ts If not provided, try to retrieve from current environment using variable name.
is.date	Logical frag indicates whether the stats::ts is date or not. If not provided, regard the input as date when the frequency is 4 or 12

<code>ts.connect</code>	Logical flag indicates whether connects original time-series and predicted values
<code>fitted.geom</code>	geometric string for fitted time-series
<code>fitted.colour</code>	line colour for fitted time-series
<code>fitted.size</code>	point size for fitted time-series
<code>fitted.linetype</code>	line type for fitted time-series
<code>fitted.alpha</code>	alpha for fitted time-series
<code>fitted.fill</code>	fill colour for fitted time-series
<code>fitted.shape</code>	point shape for fitted time-series
<code>predict.geom</code>	geometric string for predicted time-series
<code>predict.colour</code>	line colour for predicted time-series
<code>predict.size</code>	point size for predicted time-series
<code>predict.linetype</code>	line type for predicted time-series
<code>predict.alpha</code>	alpha for predicted time-series
<code>predict.fill</code>	fill colour for predicted time-series
<code>predict.shape</code>	point shape for predicted time-series
<code>conf.int</code>	Logical flag indicating whether to plot confidence intervals
<code>conf.int.colour</code>	line colour for confidence intervals
<code>conf.int.linetype</code>	line type for confidence intervals
<code>conf.int.fill</code>	fill colour for confidence intervals
<code>conf.int.alpha</code>	alpha for confidence intervals
<code>...</code>	Keywords passed to <code>autoplot.ts</code>

Value

ggplot

Examples

```
d.ar <- stats::ar(AirPassengers)
autoplot(d.ar)
autoplot(d.ar, predict = predict(d.ar, n.ahead = 5))
autoplot(stats::arima(UKgas), data = UKgas)
autoplot(forecast::arfima(AirPassengers))
autoplot(forecast::nnetar(UKgas), is.date = FALSE)

d.holt <- stats::HoltWinters(USAccDeaths)
autoplot(d.holt)
autoplot(d.holt, predict = predict(d.holt, n.ahead = 5))
autoplot(d.holt, predict = predict(d.holt, n.ahead = 5, prediction.interval = TRUE))
```

autoplot.varprd *Autoplot vars::varprd*

Description

Autoplot vars::varprd

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'varprd'
autoplot(
  object,
  is.date = NULL,
  ts.connect = TRUE,
  scales = "free_y",
  predict.geom = "line",
  predict.colour = "#0000FF",
  predict.size = NULL,
  predict.linetype = NULL,
  predict.alpha = NULL,
  predict.fill = NULL,
  predict.shape = NULL,
  conf.int = TRUE,
  conf.int.colour = "#0000FF",
  conf.int.linetype = "none",
  conf.int.fill = "#000000",
  conf.int.alpha = 0.3,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

object	vars::varpred instance
is.date	Logical frag indicates whether the stats::ts is date or not. If not provided, regard the input as date when the frequency is 4 or 12.
ts.connect	Logical frag indicates whether connects original time-series and predicted values
scales	Scale value passed to ggplot2
predict.geom	geometric string for predicted time-series
predict.colour	line colour for predicted time-series
predict.size	point size for predicted time-series
predict.linetype	line type for predicted time-series
predict.alpha	alpha for predicted time-series


```

predict.fill    fill colour for predicted time-series
predict.shape   point shape for predicted time-series
conf.int        Logical flag indicating whether to plot confidence intervals
conf.int.colour
                 line colour for confidence intervals
conf.int.linetype
                 line type for confidence intervals
conf.int.fill   fill colour for confidence intervals
conf.int.alpha  alpha for confidence intervals
...            other arguments passed to autoplot.ts

```

Value

```
ggplot
```

Examples

```

data(Canada, package = 'vars')
d.var <- vars::VAR(Canada, p = 3, type = 'const')
autoplot(stats::predict(d.var, n.ahead = 50), is.date = TRUE)
autoplot(stats::predict(d.var, n.ahead = 50), conf.int = FALSE)

```

cbind_wraps	<i>Wrapper for cbind</i>
-------------	--------------------------

Description

Wrapper for cbind

Usage

```
cbind_wraps(df1, df2)
```

Arguments

```

df1            1st data
df2            2nd data

```

Value

```
list
```

Examples

```
ggfortify::cbind_wraps(iris[1:2], iris[3:5])
```

check_names	<i>Check data names are equal with expected</i>
-------------	---

Description

Check data names are equal with expected

Usage

```
check_names(data, expected)
```

Arguments

data	list instance to be checked
expected	expected character vector

Value

logical

confint.acf	<i>Calculate confidence interval for stats::acf</i>
-------------	---

Description

Calculate confidence interval for stats::acf

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'acf'
confint(x, ci = 0.95, ci.type = "white")
```

Arguments

x	stats::acf instance
ci	Float value for confidence interval
ci.type	"white" or "ma"

Value

vector

Examples

```
air.acf <- acf(AirPassengers, plot = FALSE)
ggfortify::confint.acf(air.acf)
ggfortify::confint.acf(air.acf, ci.type = 'ma')
```

deprecate.warning	<i>Show deprecate warning</i>
-------------------	-------------------------------

Description

Show deprecate warning

Usage

```
deprecate.warning(old.kw, new.kw)
```

Arguments

old.kw	Keyword being deprecated
new.kw	Keyword being replaced

Examples

```
ggfortify::deprecate.warning('old', 'new')
```

fitted.ar	<i>Calculate fitted values for stats::ar</i>
-----------	--

Description

Calculate fitted values for stats::ar

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'ar'
fitted(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	stats::ar instance
...	other keywords

Value

ts An time series of the one-step forecasts

Examples

```
fitted(ar(WWWusage))
```

flatten	<i>Flatten dataframe contains matrix</i>
---------	--

Description

tains list or matrix as column

Usage

```
flatten(df)
```

Arguments

df	data.frame to be flatten
----	--------------------------

fortify.aareg	<i>Convert survival::aareg to data.frame</i>
---------------	--

Description

Convert survival::aareg to data.frame

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'aareg'
fortify(
  model,
  data = NULL,
  maxtime = NULL,
  surv.connect = TRUE,
  melt = FALSE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

model	survival::aareg instance
data	original dataset, if needed
maxtime	truncate the input to the model at time "maxtime"
surv.connect	logical frag indicates whether connects survival curve to the origin
melt	Logical flag indicating whether to melt each timeseries as variable
...	other arguments passed to methods

Value

data.frame

Examples

```
library(survival)
fortify(aareg(Surv(time, status) ~ age + sex + ph.ecog, data = lung, nmin = 1))
fortify(aareg(Surv(time, status) ~ age + sex + ph.ecog, data = lung, nmin = 1), melt = TRUE)
```

fortify.acf

Convert stats::acf to data.frame

Description

Convert stats::acf to data.frame

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'acf'
fortify(
  model,
  data = NULL,
  conf.int = TRUE,
  conf.int.value = 0.95,
  conf.int.type = "white",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

model	stats::acf instance
data	original dataset, if needed
conf.int	Logical flag indicating whether to attach confidence intervals
conf.int.value	Coverage probability for confidence interval
conf.int.type	Type of confidence interval, 'white' for white noise or 'ma' MA(k-1) model
...	other arguments passed to methods

Value

data.frame

Examples

```
fortify(stats::acf(AirPassengers))
fortify(stats::pacf(AirPassengers))
fortify(stats::ccf(AirPassengers, AirPassengers))

fortify(stats::acf(AirPassengers), conf.int = TRUE)
```

fortify.basis	<i>Convert spline basis instances to data.frame</i>
---------------	---

Description

Convert spline basis instances to data.frame

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'basis'
fortify(model, data, n = 256, ...)
```

Arguments

model	spline basis object
data	x-values at which to evaluate the splines. Optional. By default, an evenly spaced sequence of 256 values covering the range of the splines will be used.
n	If data is not provided, instead use an evenly-spaced sequence of x-values of this length (plus one, since both endpoints are included). If data is provided, this argument is ignored.
...	other arguments passed to methods

Value

data.frame with 3 columns: Spline (character), x (numeric), and y (numeric); giving the interpolated x and y values for each of the splines in the basis.

Examples

```
library(splines)
x <- seq(0, 1, by=0.001)
spl <- bs(x, df=6)
fortify(spl)
```

fortify.cpt	<i>Convert changepoint::cpt and strucchange::breakpoints to data.frame</i>
-------------	--

Description

Convert changepoint::cpt and strucchange::breakpoints to data.frame

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'cpt'
fortify(model, data = NULL, is.date = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

model	changepoint::cpt or strucchange::breakpoints instance
data	original dataset, if needed
is.date	Logical frag indicates whether the stats::ts is date or not. If not provided, regard the input as date when the frequency is 4 or 12.
...	other arguments passed to methods

Value

data.frame

Examples

```
library(changepoint)
fortify(cpt.mean(AirPassengers))
fortify(cpt.var(AirPassengers))
fortify(cpt.meanvar(AirPassengers))

library(strucchange)
bp.nile <- breakpoints(Nile ~ 1)
fortify(bp.nile)
fortify(breakpoints(bp.nile, breaks = 2))
fortify(breakpoints(bp.nile, breaks = 2), data = Nile)
```

fortify.cv.glmnet	<i>Convert glmnet::cv.glmnet to data.frame</i>
-------------------	--

Description

Convert glmnet::cv.glmnet to data.frame

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'cv.glmnet'
fortify(model, data = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

model	glmnet::cv.glmnet instance
data	original dataset, if needed
...	other arguments passed to methods

Value

data.frame

Examples

```
fortify(glmnet::cv.glmnet(data.matrix(Orange[-3]), data.matrix(Orange[3])))
```

fortify.density	<i>Convert stats::density to data.frame</i>
-----------------	---

Description

Convert stats::density to data.frame

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'density'
fortify(model, data = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

model	stats::density instance
data	original dataset, if needed
...	other arguments passed to methods

Value

data.frame

Examples

```
fortify(stats::density(stats::rnorm(1:50)))
```

fortify.dist	<i>Convert stats::dist to data.frame</i>
--------------	--

Description

Convert stats::dist to data.frame

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'dist'
fortify(model, data = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

model	stats::dist instance
data	original dataset, if needed
...	other arguments passed to methods

Value

data.frame

Examples

```
fortify(eurodist)
```

fortify.ets

Convert forecast::bats and forecast::ets to data.frame

Description

Convert forecast::bats and forecast::ets to data.frame

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'ets'  
fortify(model, data = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

model	forecast::bats or forecast::ets instance
data	original dataset, if needed
...	other arguments passed to methods

Value

data.frame

Examples

```
## Not run:  
fortify(forecast::bats(UKgas))  
fortify(forecast::ets(UKgas))  
  
## End(Not run)
```

fortify.factanal *Convert stats::factanal to data.frame*

Description

Convert stats::factanal to data.frame

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'factanal'  
fortify(model, data = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

model	stats::factanal instance
data	original dataset, if needed
...	other arguments passed to methods

Value

data.frame

Examples

```
d.factanal <- stats::factanal(state.x77, factors = 3, scores = 'regression')  
fortify(d.factanal)  
fortify(d.factanal, data = state.x77)
```

fortify.forecast *Convert forecast::forecast to data.frame*

Description

Convert forecast::forecast to data.frame

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'forecast'  
fortify(model, data = NULL, is.date = NULL, ts.connect = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

model	forecast::forecast instance
data	original dataset, if needed
is.date	Logical frag indicates whether the stats::ts is date or not. If not provided, regard the input as date when the frequency is 4 or 12.
ts.connect	Logical frag indicates whether connects original time-series and predicted values
...	other arguments passed to methods

Value

data.frame

Examples

```
d.arima <- forecast::auto.arima(AirPassengers)
d.forecast <- forecast::forecast(d.arima, level = c(95), h = 50)
fortify(d.forecast)
fortify(d.forecast, ts.connect = TRUE)
```

fortify.glmnet	<i>Convert glmnet::glmnet to data.frame</i>
----------------	---

Description

Convert glmnet::glmnet to data.frame

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'glmnet'
fortify(model, data = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

model	glmnet::glmnet instance
data	original dataset, if needed
...	other arguments passed to methods

Value

data.frame

Examples

```
fortify(glmnet::glmnet(data.matrix(Orange[-3]), data.matrix(Orange[3])))
```

fortify.kmeans	<i>Convert cluster instances to data.frame</i>
----------------	--

Description

Convert cluster instances to data.frame

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'kmeans'
fortify(model, data = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

model	Clustered instance
data	original dataset, if needed
...	other arguments passed to methods

Value

data.frame

Examples

```
fortify(stats::kmeans(iris[-5], 3))
fortify(stats::kmeans(iris[-5], 3), data = iris)
fortify(cluster::clara(iris[-5], 3))
fortify(cluster::fanny(iris[-5], 3))
fortify(cluster::pam(iris[-5], 3), data = iris)
```

fortify.lfda	<i>Convert lfda::lfda or lfda::klfda or lfda::self to data.frame</i>
--------------	--

Description

Convert lfda::lfda or lfda::klfda or lfda::self to data.frame

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'lfda'
fortify(model, data = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

model	lfda::lfda or lfda::klfda or lfda::self instance
data	original dataset, if needed
...	other arguments passed to methods

Value

data.frame

Examples

```
## Not run:
model <- lfda::lfda(iris[, -5], iris[, 5], 3, metric = "plain")
fortify(model)

## End(Not run)
```

fortify.list	<i>Convert list to data.frame</i>
--------------	-----------------------------------

Description

Convert list to data.frame

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'list'
fortify(model, data = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

model	list instance
data	original dataset, if needed
...	other arguments passed to methods

Value

data.frame

fortify.matrix	<i>Convert base::matrix to data.frame</i>
----------------	---

Description

Different from as.data.frame

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'matrix'
fortify(model, data = NULL, compat = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

model base::matrix instance
 data original dataset, if needed
 compat Logical flag to specify the behaviour when converting matrix which has no column name. If FALSE, result has character columns like c('1', '2', ...). If TRUE, result has character columns like c('V1', 'V2', ...).
 ... other arguments passed to methods

Value

data.frame

Examples

```
fortify(matrix(1:6, nrow=2, ncol=3))
```

fortify.MSM.lm	<i>Convert MSwM::MSM.lm to data.frame</i>
----------------	---

Description

Convert MSwM::MSM.lm to data.frame

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'MSM.lm'
fortify(model, data = NULL, melt = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

model MSwM::MSM.lm instance
 data original dataset, if needed
 melt Logical flag indicating whether to melt each models
 ... other arguments passed to methods

Value

data.frame

Examples

```
library(MSwM)
d <- data.frame(Data = c(rnorm(50, mean = -10), rnorm(50, mean = 10)),
                 exog = cos(seq(-pi/2, pi/2, length.out = 100)))
d.mswm <- MSwM::msmFit(lm(Data ~.-1, data = d), k=2, sw=rep(TRUE, 2),
                      control = list(parallelization = FALSE))
fortify(d.mswm)
```

fortify.performance *Convert ROCR::performance objects to data.frame*

Description

Convert ROCR::performance objects to data.frame

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'performance'  
fortify(model, data = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

model	performance instances
data	original dataset, if needed
...	other arguments passed to methods

Value

data.frame

fortify.prcomp *Convert stats::prcomp, stats::princomp to data.frame*

Description

Convert stats::prcomp, stats::princomp to data.frame

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'prcomp'  
fortify(model, data = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

model	stats::prcomp or stats::princomp instance
data	original dataset, if needed
...	other arguments passed to methods

Value

data.frame

Examples

```

fortify(stats::prcomp(iris[-5]))
fortify(stats::prcomp(iris[-5]), data = iris)

fortify(stats::princomp(iris[-5]))
fortify(stats::princomp(iris[-5]), data = iris)

```

```

fortify.RasterCommon  Convert raster to data.frame

```

Description

Convert raster to data.frame

Usage

```

## S3 method for class 'RasterCommon'
fortify(model, data = NULL, maxpixels = 1e+05, rename = TRUE, ...)

```

Arguments

model	raster instances
data	original dataset, if needed
maxpixels	number of pixels for resampling
rename	logical flag indicating whether to rename coordinates to long and lat
...	other arguments passed to methods

Value

data.frame

```

fortify.silhouette  Convert cluster::silhouette to data.frame

```

Description

Convert cluster::silhouette to data.frame

Usage

```

## S3 method for class 'silhouette'
fortify(model, data = NULL, ...)

```


Arguments

model	Silhouette instance
data	original dataset, if needed
...	other arguments passed to methods

Value

data.frame

Examples

```
fortify(cluster::silhouette(cluster::pam(iris[-5], 3)))
fortify(cluster::silhouette(cluster::clara(iris[-5], 3)))
fortify(cluster::silhouette(cluster::fanny(iris[-5], 3)))

mod = stats::kmeans(iris[-5], 3)
fortify(cluster::silhouette(mod$cluster, stats::dist(iris[-5])))
```

fortify.SpatialCommon *Convert sp instances to data.frame.*

Description

Convert sp instances to data.frame.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'SpatialCommon'
fortify(model, data = NULL, rename = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

model	sp instances
data	original dataset, if needed
rename	logical flag indicating whether to rename coordinates to long and lat
...	other arguments passed to methods

Value

data.frame

fortify.spec	<i>Convert stats::spec to data.frame</i>
--------------	--

Description

Convert stats::spec to data.frame

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'spec'
fortify(model, data = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

model	stats::spec instance
data	original dataset, if needed
...	other arguments passed to methods

Value

data.frame

Examples

```
fortify(spectrum(AirPassengers))
fortify(stats::spec.ar(AirPassengers))
fortify(stats::spec.pgram(AirPassengers))
```

fortify.stepfun	<i>Convert stats::stepfun to data.frame</i>
-----------------	---

Description

Convert stats::stepfun to data.frame

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'stepfun'
fortify(model, data, ...)
```

Arguments

model	stats::stepfun instance
data	original dataset, if needed
...	other arguments passed to methods

Value

data.frame

Examples

```
fortify(stepfun(c(1, 2, 3), c(4, 5, 6, 7)))
fortify(stepfun(c(1), c(4, 5)))
fortify(stepfun(c(1, 3, 4, 8), c(4, 5, 2, 3, 5)))
fortify(stepfun(c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10), c(4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 9)))
```

fortify.survfit	<i>Convert survival::survfit to data.frame</i>
-----------------	--

Description

Convert survival::survfit to data.frame

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'survfit'
fortify(model, data = NULL, surv.connect = FALSE, fun = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

model	survival::survfit instance
data	original dataset, if needed
surv.connect	logical frag indicates whether connects survival curve to the origin
fun	an arbitrary function defining a transformation of the survival curve
...	other arguments passed to methods

Value

data.frame

Examples

```
library(survival)
fortify(survfit(Surv(time, status) ~ sex, data = lung))
fortify(survfit(Surv(time, status) ~ 1, data = lung))
fortify(survfit(coxph(Surv(time, status) ~ sex, data = lung)))
fortify(survfit(coxph(Surv(time, status) ~ 1, data = lung)))
```

fortify.table	<i>Convert base::table to data.frame</i>
---------------	--

Description

Convert base::table to data.frame

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'table'  
fortify(model, data, ...)
```

Arguments

model	base::table instance
data	original dataset, if needed
...	other arguments passed to methods

Value

data.frame

Examples

```
fortify(Titanic)
```

fortify.ts	<i>Convert time-series-like to data.frame</i>
------------	---

Description

Convert time-series-like to data.frame

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'ts'  
fortify(  
  model,  
  data = NULL,  
  columns = NULL,  
  is.date = NULL,  
  index.name = "Index",  
  data.name = "Data",  
  scale = FALSE,  
  melt = FALSE,  
  ...  
)
```

Arguments

model	time-series-like instance
data	original dataset, if needed
columns	character vector specifies target column name(s)
is.date	logical flag indicates whether the stats::ts is date or not. If not provided, regard the input as date when the frequency is 4 or 12
index.name	specify column name for time series index
data.name	specify column name for univariate time series data. Ignored in multivariate time series.
scale	logical flag indicating whether to perform scaling each timeseries
melt	logical flag indicating whether to melt each timeseries as variable
...	other arguments passed to methods

Value

data.frame

Examples

```
fortify(AirPassengers)
fortify(timeSeries::as.timeSeries(AirPassengers))
fortify(tseries::irts(cumsum(rexp(10, rate = 0.1)), matrix(rnorm(20), ncol=2)))
fortify(stats::stl(UKgas, s.window = 'periodic'))
fortify(stats::decompose(UKgas))
```

fortify.tsmodel	<i>Convert time series models (like AR, ARIMA) to data.frame</i>
-----------------	--

Description

Convert time series models (like AR, ARIMA) to data.frame

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'tsmodel'
fortify(
  model,
  data = NULL,
  predict = NULL,
  is.date = NULL,
  ts.connect = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

model	Time series model instance
data	original dataset, needed for stats::ar, stats::Arima
predict	Predicted stats::ts If not provided, try to retrieve from current environment using variable name.
is.date	Logical frag indicates whether the stats::ts is date or not. If not provided, regard the input as date when the frequency is 4 or 12.
ts.connect	Logical frag indicates whether connects original time-series and predicted values
...	other arguments passed to methods

Value

data.frame

Examples

```
fortify(stats::ar(AirPassengers))
fortify(stats::arima(UKgas))
fortify(stats::arima(UKgas), data = UKgas, is.date = TRUE)
fortify(forecast::auto.arima(austres))
fortify(forecast::arfima(AirPassengers))
fortify(forecast::nnetar(UKgas))
fortify(stats::HoltWinters(USAccDeaths))

data(LPP2005REC, package = 'timeSeries')
x = timeSeries::as.timeSeries(LPP2005REC)
d.Garch = fGarch::garchFit(LPP40 ~ garch(1, 1), data = 100 * x, trace = FALSE)
fortify(d.Garch)
```

fortify.varprd	<i>Convert vars::varprd to data.frame</i>
----------------	---

Description

Convert vars::varprd to data.frame

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'varprd'
fortify(
  model,
  data = NULL,
  is.date = NULL,
  ts.connect = FALSE,
  melt = FALSE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

model	vars::varprd instance
data	original dataset, if needed
is.date	Logical frag indicates whether the stats::ts is date or not. If not provided, regard the input as date when the frequency is 4 or 12.
ts.connect	Logical frag indicates whether connects original time-series and predicted values
melt	Logical flag indicating whether to melt each timeseries as variable
...	other arguments passed to methods

Value

data.frame

Examples

```
data(Canada, package = 'vars')
d.var <- vars::VAR(Canada, p = 3, type = 'const')
fortify(stats::predict(d.var, n.ahead = 50))
```

fortify_base	<i>Convert base::table to data.frame</i>
--------------	--

Description

Convert base::table to data.frame

Usage

```
fortify_base(model, data, ...)
```

Arguments

model	base::table instance
data	original dataset, if needed
...	other arguments passed to methods

Value

data.frame

fortify_map	<i>Convert maps::map to data.frame.</i>
-------------	---

Description

Convert maps::map to data.frame.

Usage

```
fortify_map(model, data = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

model	maps::map instance
data	original dataset, if needed
...	other arguments passed to methods

Value

data.frame

geom_confint	<i>Connect observations by stairs.</i>
--------------	--

Description

Connect observations by stairs.

Usage

```
geom_confint(  
  mapping = NULL,  
  data = NULL,  
  stat = "identity",  
  position = "identity",  
  na.rm = FALSE,  
  ...  
)
```


Arguments

mapping	the aesthetic mapping
data	a layer specific dataset
stat	the statistical transformation to use on the data for this layer
position	the position adjustment to use for overlapping points on this layer
na.rm	logical frag whether silently remove missing values
...	other arguments passed to methods

geom_factory	<i>Factory function to control ggplot2::geom_xxx functions</i>
--------------	--

Description

Factory function to control ggplot2::geom_xxx functions

Usage

```
geom_factory(geomfunc, data = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

geomfunc	ggplot2::geom_xxx function
data	plotting data
...	other arguments passed to methods

Value

proto

get.dtindex	<i>Convert ts index to Date vector</i>
-------------	--

Description

Convert ts index to Date vector

Usage

```
get.dtindex(data, is.tsp = FALSE, is.date = NULL)
```

Arguments

data	ts instance
is.tsp	Logical frag whether data is tsp itself or not
is.date	Logical frag indicates whether the stats::ts is date or not. If not provided, regard the input as date when the frequency is 4 or 12.

Value

vector

Examples

```
ggfortify:::get.dtindex(AirPassengers)
ggfortify:::get.dtindex(UKgas)
ggfortify:::get.dtindex(Nile, is.date = FALSE)
ggfortify:::get.dtindex(Nile, is.date = TRUE)
```

```
get.dtindex.continuous
```

Get Date vector continue to ts index

Description

Get Date vector continue to ts index

Usage

```
get.dtindex.continuous(data, length, is.tsp = FALSE, is.date = NULL)
```

Arguments

data	ts instance
length	A number to continue
is.tsp	Logical frag whether data is tsp itself or not
is.date	Logical frag indicates whether the stats::ts is date or not. If not provided, regard the input as date when the frequency is 4 or 12.

Value

vector

Examples

```
ggfortify:::get.dtindex.continuous(AirPassengers, length = 10)
ggfortify:::get.dtindex.continuous(UKgas, length = 10)
```

get.layout	<i>Calculate layout matrix for ggmultiplot</i>
------------	--

Description

Calculate layout matrix for ggmultiplot

Usage

```
get.layout(nplots, ncol, nrow)
```

Arguments

nplots	Number of plots
ncol	Number of grid columns
nrow	Number of grid rows

Value

matrix

Examples

```
ggfortify::get.layout(3, 2, 2)
```

get_geom_function	<i>Factory function to control ggplot2::geom_xxx functions</i>
-------------------	--

Description

Factory function to control ggplot2::geom_xxx functions

Usage

```
get_geom_function(geom, allowed = c("line", "bar", "point"))
```

Arguments

geom	string representation of ggplot2::geom_xxx function
allowed	character vector contains allowed values

Value

function

Examples

```
ggfortify::get_geom_function('point')
ggfortify::get_geom_function('line', allowed = c('line'))
```

ggbiplot

Draw biplot using ggplot2.

Description

Draw biplot using ggplot2.

Usage

```
ggbiplot(
  plot.data,
  loadings.data = NULL,
  colour = NULL,
  size = NULL,
  linetype = NULL,
  alpha = NULL,
  fill = NULL,
  shape = NULL,
  label = FALSE,
  label.label = "rownames",
  label.colour = colour,
  label.alpha = NULL,
  label.size = NULL,
  label.angle = NULL,
  label.family = NULL,
  label.fontface = NULL,
  label.lineheight = NULL,
  label.hjust = NULL,
  label.vjust = NULL,
  label.repel = FALSE,
  loadings = FALSE,
  loadings.colour = "#FF0000",
  loadings.label = FALSE,
  loadings.label.label = "rownames",
  loadings.label.colour = "#FF0000",
  loadings.label.alpha = NULL,
  loadings.label.size = NULL,
  loadings.label.angle = NULL,
  loadings.label.family = NULL,
  loadings.label.fontface = NULL,
  loadings.label.lineheight = NULL,
  loadings.label.hjust = NULL,
  loadings.label.vjust = NULL,
```

```

loadings.label.repel = FALSE,
label.show.legend = NA,
frame = FALSE,
frame.type = NULL,
frame.colour = colour,
frame.level = 0.95,
frame.alpha = 0.2,
xlim = c(NA, NA),
ylim = c(NA, NA),
log = "",
main = NULL,
xlab = NULL,
ylab = NULL,
asp = NULL,
...
)

```

Arguments

plot.data	data.frame
loadings.data	data.frame
colour	colour
size	size
linetype	line type
alpha	alpha
fill	fill
shape	shape
label	Logical value whether to display data labels
label.label	Column name used for label text
label.colour	Colour for text labels
label.alpha	Alpha for text labels
label.size	Size for text labels
label.angle	Angle for text labels
label.family	Font family for text labels
label.fontface	Fontface for text labels
label.lineheight	Lineheight for text labels
label.hjust	Horizontal adjustment for text labels
label.vjust	Vertical adjustment for text labels
label.repel	Logical flag indicating whether to use ggrepel, enabling this may take some time for plotting
loadings	Logical value whether to display loadings arrows

<code>loadings.colour</code>	Point colour for data
<code>loadings.label</code>	Logical value whether to display loadings labels
<code>loadings.label.label</code>	Column name used for loadings text labels
<code>loadings.label.colour</code>	Colour for loadings text labels
<code>loadings.label.alpha</code>	Alpha for loadings text labels
<code>loadings.label.size</code>	Size for loadings text labels
<code>loadings.label.angle</code>	Angle for loadings text labels
<code>loadings.label.family</code>	Font family for loadings text labels
<code>loadings.label.fontface</code>	Fontface for loadings text labels
<code>loadings.label.lineheight</code>	Lineheight for loadings text labels
<code>loadings.label.hjust</code>	Horizontal adjustment for loadings text labels
<code>loadings.label.vjust</code>	Vertical adjustment for loadings text labels
<code>loadings.label.repel</code>	Logical flag indicating whether to use <code>ggrepel</code> automatically
<code>label.show.legend</code>	Logical value indicating whether to show the legend of text labels
<code>frame</code>	Logical value whether to draw outlier convex / ellipse
<code>frame.type</code>	Character specifying frame type. 'convex' or types supported by <code>ggplot2::stat_ellipse</code> can be used.
<code>frame.colour</code>	Colour for frame
<code>frame.level</code>	Passed for <code>ggplot2::stat_ellipse</code> 's level. Ignored in 'convex'.
<code>frame.alpha</code>	Alpha for frame
<code>xlim</code>	limits for x axis
<code>ylim</code>	limits for y axis
<code>log</code>	which variables to log transform ("x", "y", or "xy")
<code>main</code>	character vector or expression for plot title
<code>xlab</code>	character vector or expression for x axis label
<code>ylab</code>	character vector or expression for y axis label
<code>asp</code>	the y/x aspect ratio
<code>...</code>	other arguments passed to methods

Value

ggplot

`ggcpgram`*Plots a cumulative periodogram*

Description

Plots a cumulative periodogram

Usage

```
ggcpgram(  
  ts,  
  taper = 0.1,  
  colour = "#000000",  
  linetype = "solid",  
  conf.int = TRUE,  
  conf.int.colour = "#0000FF",  
  conf.int.linetype = "dashed",  
  conf.int.fill = NULL,  
  conf.int.alpha = 0.3  
)
```

Arguments

<code>ts</code>	<code>stats::ts</code> instance
<code>taper</code>	Proportion tapered in forming the periodogram
<code>colour</code>	Line colour
<code>linetype</code>	Line type
<code>conf.int</code>	Logical flag indicating whether to plot confidence intervals
<code>conf.int.colour</code>	line colour for confidence intervals
<code>conf.int.linetype</code>	line type for confidence intervals
<code>conf.int.fill</code>	fill colour for confidence intervals
<code>conf.int.alpha</code>	alpha for confidence intervals

Value

ggplot

Examples

```
ggcpgram(AirPassengers)
```

ggdistribution *Plot distribution*

Description

Plot distribution

Usage

```
ggdistribution(  
  func,  
  x,  
  p = NULL,  
  colour = "#000000",  
  linetype = NULL,  
  fill = NULL,  
  alpha = NULL,  
  ...  
)
```

Arguments

func	PDF or CDF function
x	Numeric vector to be passed to func
p	ggplot2::ggplot instance to plot
colour	Line colour
linetype	Line type
fill	Fill colour
alpha	Alpha
...	Keywords passed to PDC/CDF func

Value

ggplot

Examples

```
ggdistribution(dnorm, seq(-3, 3, 0.1), mean = 0, sd = 1)  
ggdistribution(ppois, seq(0, 30), lambda = 20)  
  
p <- ggdistribution(pchisq, 0:20, df = 7, fill = 'blue')  
ggdistribution(pchisq, 0:20, p = p, df = 9, fill = 'red')
```

 ggfortify

ggfortify

Description

Define Fortify and Autoplot to Allow 'ggplot2' to Draw Some Popular Packages

 ggfreqplot

Plot seasonal subseries of time series, generalization of stats::monthplot

Description

Plot seasonal subseries of time series, generalization of stats::monthplot

Usage

```
ggfreqplot(
  data,
  freq = NULL,
  nrow = NULL,
  ncol = NULL,
  conf.int = FALSE,
  conf.int.colour = "#0000FF",
  conf.int.linetype = "dashed",
  conf.int.fill = NULL,
  conf.int.alpha = 0.3,
  conf.int.value = 0.95,
  facet.labeller = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

data	stats::ts instance
freq	Length of frequency. If not provided, use time-series frequency
nrow	Number of plot rows
ncol	Number of plot columns
conf.int	Logical flag indicating whether to plot confidence intervals
conf.int.colour	line colour for confidence intervals
conf.int.linetype	line type for confidence intervals

`conf.int.fill` fill colour for confidence intervals
`conf.int.alpha` alpha for confidence intervals
`conf.int.value` Coverage probability for confidence interval
`facet.labeller` A vector used as facet labels
`...` Keywords passed to `autoplot.ts`

Value

`ggplot`

Examples

```

ggfreqplot(AirPassengers)
ggfreqplot(AirPassengers, freq = 4)
ggfreqplot(AirPassengers, conf.int = TRUE)

```

`ggmultiplot-class` *An S4 class to hold multiple `ggplot2::ggplot` instances*

Description

An S4 class to hold multiple `ggplot2::ggplot` instances

Usage

```

## S4 method for signature 'ggmultiplot'
length(x)

## S4 method for signature 'ggmultiplot'
x[i, j, ..., drop = TRUE]

## S4 method for signature 'ggmultiplot'
x[[i, j, ..., drop]]

## S4 replacement method for signature 'ggmultiplot'
x[i, j, ...] <- value

## S4 replacement method for signature 'ggmultiplot'
x[[i, j, ...]] <- value

```

Arguments

`x` `ggmultiplot`
`i` elements to extract or replace
`j` not used
`...` not used
`drop` not used
`value` value to be set

Slots

plots List of ggplot2::ggplot instances
 ncol Number of grid columns
 nrow Number of grid rows

 ggtsdiag

Plots time-series diagnostics

Description

Plots time-series diagnostics

Usage

```
ggtsdiag(
  object,
  gof.lag = 10,
  conf.int = TRUE,
  conf.int.colour = "#0000FF",
  conf.int.linetype = "dashed",
  conf.int.fill = NULL,
  conf.int.alpha = 0.3,
  ad.colour = "#888888",
  ad.linetype = "dashed",
  ad.size = 0.2,
  nrow = NULL,
  ncol = 1,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

object	A fitted time-series model
gof.lag	The maximum number of lags for a Portmanteau goodness-of-fit test
conf.int	Logical flag indicating whether to plot confidence intervals
conf.int.colour	line colour for confidence intervals
conf.int.linetype	line type for confidence intervals
conf.int.fill	fill colour for confidence intervals
conf.int.alpha	alpha for confidence intervals
ad.colour	Line colour for additional lines
ad.linetype	Line type for additional lines
ad.size	Fill colour for additional lines

nrow	Number of facet/subplot rows
ncol	Number of facet/subplot columns
...	other keywords

Value

ggplot

Examples

```
ggtsdiag(arima(AirPassengers))
```

`grid.draw.ggmultiplot` *The implemented grid.draw method for ggmultiplot, in order to work with ggsave() properly*

Description

The implemented grid.draw method for ggmultiplot, in order to work with ggsave() properly

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'ggmultiplot'
grid.draw(plot)
```

Arguments

plot	ggmultiplot
------	-------------

`infer` *Infer class name*

Description

Infer class name

Usage

```
infer(data)
```

Arguments

data	list instance
------	---------------

Value

character

is.univariate	<i>Check if Validates number of ts variates</i>
---------------	---

Description

Check if Validates number of ts variates

Usage

```
is.univariate(data, raise = TRUE)
```

Arguments

data	ts instance
raise	Logical flag whether raise an error

Value

logical

Examples

```
ggfortify:::is.univariate(AirPassengers)
```

is_derived_from	<i>Check object is target class, or object is data.frame fortified from target.</i>
-----------------	---

Description

Check object is target class, or object is data.frame fortified from target.

Usage

```
is_derived_from(object, target)
```

Arguments

object	instance to be checked. For data.frame, check whether it is fortified from target class
target	class name

Value

logical

Examples

```
ggfortify::is_derived_from(prcomp(iris[-5]), 'prcomp')
```

plot_confint	<i>Attach confidence interval to ggplot2::ggplot</i>
--------------	--

Description

Attach confidence interval to ggplot2::ggplot

Usage

```
plot_confint(
  p,
  data = NULL,
  lower = "lower",
  upper = "upper",
  conf.int = TRUE,
  conf.int.geom = "line",
  conf.int.group = NULL,
  conf.int.colour = "#0000FF",
  conf.int.linetype = "none",
  conf.int.fill = "#000000",
  conf.int.alpha = 0.3
)
```

Arguments

p	ggplot2::ggplot instance
data	data contains lower and upper confidence intervals
lower	column name for lower confidence interval
upper	column name for upper confidence interval
conf.int	Logical flag indicating whether to plot confidence intervals
conf.int.geom	geometric string for confidence interval. 'line' or 'step'
conf.int.group	name of grouping variable for confidence intervals
conf.int.colour	line colour for confidence intervals
conf.int.linetype	line type for confidence intervals
conf.int.fill	fill colour for confidence intervals
conf.int.alpha	alpha for confidence intervals

Value

ggplot

Examples

```
d <- fortify(stats::acf(AirPassengers, plot = FALSE))
p <- ggplot(data = d, mapping = aes(x = Lag))
ggfortify::plot_confint(p, data = d)
```

plot_label	<i>Attach label to ggplot2::ggplot</i>
------------	--

Description

Attach label to ggplot2::ggplot

Usage

```
plot_label(  
  p,  
  data,  
  x = NULL,  
  y = NULL,  
  label = TRUE,  
  label.label = "rownames",  
  label.colour = NULL,  
  label.alpha = NULL,  
  label.size = NULL,  
  label.angle = NULL,  
  label.family = NULL,  
  label.fontface = NULL,  
  label.lineheight = NULL,  
  label.hjust = NULL,  
  label.vjust = NULL,  
  label.repel = FALSE,  
  label.show.legend = NA  
)
```

Arguments

p	ggplot2::ggplot instance
data	Data contains text label
x	x coordinates for label
y	y coordinates for label
label	Logical value whether to display labels
label.label	Column name used for label text
label.colour	Colour for text labels
label.alpha	Alpha for text labels

label.size	Size for text labels
label.angle	Angle for text labels
label.family	Font family for text labels
label.fontface	Fontface for text labels
label.lineheight	Lineheight for text labels
label.hjust	Horizontal adjustment for text labels
label.vjust	Vertical adjustment for text labels
label.repel	Logical flag indicating whether to use ggrepel, enabling this may take some time for plotting
label.show.legend	Logical value indicating whether to show the legend of the text labels

Value

ggplot

post_autoplot	<i>Post process for fortify. Based on ggplot2::qplot</i>
---------------	--

Description

Post process for fortify. Based on ggplot2::qplot

Usage

```
post_autoplot(
  p,
  xlim = c(NA, NA),
  ylim = c(NA, NA),
  log = "",
  main = NULL,
  xlab = NULL,
  ylab = NULL,
  asp = NULL
)
```

Arguments

p	ggplot2::ggplot instances
xlim	limits for x axis
ylim	limits for y axis
log	which variables to log transform ("x", "y", or "xy")
main	character vector or expression for plot title
xlab	character vector or expression for x axis label
ylab	character vector or expression for y axis label
asp	the y/x aspect ratio

Value

data.frame

Examples

```
p <- qplot(Petal.Length, Petal.Width, data = iris)
ggfortify::postautoplot(p, xlim = c(1, 5), ylim = c(1, 5), log = 'xy', main = 'title',
                        xlab = 'x', ylab = 'y', asp = 1.5)
```

post_fortify	<i>Post process for fortify.</i>
--------------	----------------------------------

Description

Post process for fortify.

Usage

```
post_fortify(data, klass = NULL)
```

Arguments

data	data.frame
klass	instance to be added as base_class attr, should be original model before fortified

Value

data.frame

print,ggmultiplot-method	<i>Generic print function for ggmultiplot</i>
--------------------------	---

Description

Generic print function for ggmultiplot

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ggmultiplot'
print(x)
```

Arguments

x	ggmultiplot
---	-------------

rbind_ts	<i>Rbind original and predicted time-series-like instances as fortified data.frame</i>
----------	--

Description

Rbind original and predicted time-series-like instances as fortified data.frame

Usage

```
rbind_ts(  
  data,  
  original,  
  ts.connect = TRUE,  
  index.name = "Index",  
  data.name = "Data"  
)
```

Arguments

data	Predicted/forecasted ts instance
original	Original ts instance
ts.connect	Logical frag indicates whether connects original time-series and predicted values
index.name	Specify column name for time series index
data.name	Specify column name for univariate time series data. Ignored in multivariate time series.

Value

data.frame

Examples

```
predicted <- predict(stats::HoltWinters(UKgas), n.ahead = 5, prediction.interval = TRUE)  
rbind_ts(predicted, UKgas, ts.connect = TRUE)
```

residuals.ar	<i>Calculate residuals for stats::ar</i>
--------------	--

Description

Calculate residuals for stats::ar

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'ar'  
residuals(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	stats::ar instance
...	other keywords

Value

ts Residuals extracted from the object object.

Examples

```
residuals(ar(WWWusage))
```

show,ggmultiplot-method	<i>Generic show function for ggmultiplot</i>
-------------------------	--

Description

Generic show function for ggmultiplot

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ggmultiplot'  
show(object)
```

Arguments

object	ggmultiplot
--------	-------------

support_autoplot	<i>Check if passed object is supported by ggplot2::autoplot</i>
------------------	---

Description

Check if passed object is supported by ggplot2::autoplot

Usage

```
support_autoplot(obj)
```

Arguments

obj	object
-----	--------

Value

logical

unscale	<i>Backtransform scale-ed object</i>
---------	--------------------------------------

Description

Backtransform scale-ed object

Usage

```
unscale(data, center = NULL, scale = NULL)
```

Arguments

data	Scaled data
center	Centered vector
scale	Scale vector

Value

data.frame

Examples

```
df <- iris[-5]
ggfortify::unscale(base::scale(df))
```

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