

Package ‘meconetcomp’

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Type Package

Title Compare Microbial Networks of 'trans_network' Class of 'microeco' Package

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Description Compare microbial co-occurrence networks created from 'trans_network' class of 'microeco' package <<https://github.com/ChiLiubio/microeco>>. This package is the extension of 'trans_network' class of 'microeco' package and especially useful when different networks are constructed and analyzed simultaneously.

URL <https://github.com/ChiLiubio/meconetcomp>

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cal_module	<i>Assign modules to each network</i>
------------	---------------------------------------

Description

Calculating modularity of networks and assign the modules to nodes for each network.

Usage

```
cal_module(
  network_list,
  undirected_method = "cluster_fast_greedy",
  directed_method = "cluster_optimal",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

network_list	a list with multiple networks; all the networks should be trans_network object created from trans_network class of microeco package.
undirected_method	default "cluster_fast_greedy"; the modularity algorithm for undirected network; see cal_module function of trans_network class for more algorithms.
directed_method	default 'cluster_optimal'; the modularity algorithm for directed network.
...	other parameters (except for method) passed to cal_module function of trans_network class.

Value

list, with module attribute in nodes of each network

Examples

```
data(soil_amp_network)
soil_amp_network <- cal_module(soil_amp_network)
```

cal_network_attr	<i>Calculate network topological property for each network</i>
------------------	--

Description

Calculate the topological properties of all the networks and merge the results into one table.

Usage

```
cal_network_attr(network_list)
```

Arguments

network_list a list with multiple networks; all the networks should be trans_network object created from [trans_network](#) class of microeco package.

Value

data.frame

Examples

```
data(soil_amp_network)
test <- cal_network_attr(soil_amp_network)
```

edge_comp	<i>Generate a microtable object with paired nodes distributions of edges across networks</i>
-----------	--

Description

Generate a microtable object with paired nodes distributions of edges across networks. Useful for the edge comparisons across different networks. The return otu_table in microtable object has the binary numbers in which 1 represents the presence of the edge in the corresponding network.

Usage

```
edge_comp(network_list)
```

Arguments

`network_list` a list with multiple networks; all the networks should be `trans_network` object created from `trans_network` class of `microeco` package.

Value

microtable object

Examples

```
data(soil_amp_network)
test <- edge_comp(soil_amp_network)
# test is a microtable object
```

<code>edge_node_distance</code>	<i>Perform the distance distribution of paired nodes in edges across networks.</i>
---------------------------------	--

Description

This class is a wrapper for a series of analysis on the distance values of paired nodes in edges across networks, including distance matrix conversion, the differential test and the visualization.

Methods**Public methods:**

- `edge_node_distance$new()`
- `edge_node_distance$cal_diff()`
- `edge_node_distance$plot()`
- `edge_node_distance$clone()`

Method new():

Usage:

```
edge_node_distance$new(  
  network_list,  
  dis_matrix = NULL,  
  label = "+",  
  with_module = FALSE,  
  module_thres = 2  
)
```

Arguments:

network_list a list with multiple networks; all the networks should be `trans_network` object created from `trans_network` class of `microeco` package.

dis_matrix default `NULL`; the distance matrix of nodes, used for the value extraction; must be a symmetrical matrix with both `colnames` and `rownames` (i.e. feature names).

label default `"+"`; `"+"` or `"-"` or `c("+", "-")`; the edge label used for the selection of edges.

with_module default `FALSE`; whether show the module classification of nodes in the result.

module_thres default `2`; the threshold of the nodes number of modules remained when `with_module = TRUE`.

Returns: `data_table`, stored in the object

Examples:

```
\donttest{
data(soil_amp_network)
data(soil_amp)
# filter useless features to speed up the calculation
node_names <- unique(unlist(lapply(soil_amp_network, function(x){colnames(x$data_abund)})))
filter_soil_amp <- microeco::clone(soil_amp)
filter_soil_amp$otu_table <- filter_soil_amp$otu_table[node_names, ]
filter_soil_amp$tidy_dataset()
# obtain phylogenetic distance matrix
phylogenetic_distance <- as.matrix(cophenetic(filter_soil_amp$phylo_tree))
# choose the positive labels
t1 <- edge_node_distance$new(network_list = soil_amp_network,
  dis_matrix = phylogenetic_distance, label = "+")
}
```

Method `cal_diff()`: Differential test across networks.

Usage:

```
edge_node_distance$cal_diff(
  method = c("anova", "KW", "KW_dunn", "wilcox", "t.test")[1],
  ...
)
```

Arguments:

`method` default `"anova"`; see the following available options:

- 'anova'** Duncan's multiple range test for anova
- 'KW'** KW: Kruskal-Wallis Rank Sum Test for all groups (≥ 2)
- 'KW_dunn'** Dunn's Kruskal-Wallis Multiple Comparisons, see `dunnTest` function in `FSA` package
- 'wilcox'** Wilcoxon Rank Sum and Signed Rank Tests for all paired groups
- 't.test'** Student's t-Test for all paired groups

... parameters passed to `cal_diff` function of `trans_alpha` class of `microeco` package.

Returns: `res_diff` in object. See the Return of `cal_diff` function in `trans_alpha` class of `microeco` package.

Examples:

```
\donttest{
t1$cal_diff(method = "wilcox")
}
```

Method plot(): Plot the distance.

Usage:

```
edge_node_distance$plot(...)
```

Arguments:

... parameters pass to plot_alpha function of trans_alpha class of microeco package.

Returns: ggplot.

Examples:

```
\donttest{
t1$plot(boxplot_add = "none", add_sig = TRUE)
}
```

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

```
edge_node_distance$clone(deep = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

Examples

```
## -----
## Method `edge_node_distance$new`
## -----

data(soil_amp_network)
data(soil_amp)
# filter useless features to speed up the calculation
node_names <- unique(unlist(lapply(soil_amp_network, function(x){colnames(x$data_abund)})))
filter_soil_amp <- microeco::clone(soil_amp)
filter_soil_amp$otu_table <- filter_soil_amp$otu_table[node_names, ]
filter_soil_amp$tidy_dataset()
# obtain phylogenetic distance matrix
phylogenetic_distance <- as.matrix(cophenetic(filter_soil_amp$phylo_tree))
# choose the positive labels
t1 <- edge_node_distance$new(network_list = soil_amp_network,
  dis_matrix = phylogenetic_distance, label = "+")

## -----
## Method `edge_node_distance$cal_diff`
## -----
```

```
t1$cal_diff(method = "wilcox")

## -----
## Method `edge_node_distance$plot`
## -----

t1$plot(boxplot_add = "none", add_sig = TRUE)
```

edge_tax_comp

Taxonomic sum of linked nodes in edges across networks

Description

Taxonomic sum of linked nodes in edges across networks.

Usage

```
edge_tax_comp(network_list, taxrank = "Phylum", label = "+", rel = TRUE)
```

Arguments

network_list	a list with multiple networks; all the networks should be trans_network object created from trans_network class of microeco package.
taxrank	default "Phylum"; Which taxonomic level is used for the sum of nodes in edges.
label	default "+"; "+" or "-" or c("+", "-"); the edge label used for the selection of edges for the sum.
rel	default TRUE; TRUE represents using ratio, the denominator is the number of selected edges; FALSE represents the absolute number of the sum of edges.

Value

data.frame

Examples

```
data(soil_amp_network)
test <- edge_tax_comp(soil_amp_network)
# test is a microtable object
```

get_edge_table	<i>Get edge property table for each network</i>
----------------	---

Description

Get edge property table for each network in the list with multiple networks.

Usage

```
get_edge_table(network_list)
```

Arguments

`network_list` a list with multiple networks; all the networks should be `trans_network` object created from `trans_network` class of `microeco` package.

Value

list, with `res_edge_table` in each network

Examples

```
data(soil_amp_network)
soil_amp_network <- get_edge_table(soil_amp_network)
```

get_node_table	<i>Get node property table for each network</i>
----------------	---

Description

Get node property table for each network in the list with multiple networks.

Usage

```
get_node_table(network_list, ...)
```

Arguments

`network_list` a list with multiple networks; all the networks should be `trans_network` object created from `trans_network` class of `microeco` package.

`...` parameter passed to `get_node_table` function of `trans_network` class.

Value

list, with `res_node_table` in each network

Examples

```
data(soil_amp_network)
soil_amp_network <- get_node_table(soil_amp_network, node_roles = FALSE)
```

meconetcomp	<i>Introduction to meconetcomp package</i> (Rhrefhttps://github.com/ChiLiubio/meconetcomp https://github.com/ChiLiubio/meconetcomp)
-------------	--

Description

For the detailed tutorial on meconetcomp package, please follow the links:

Online tutorial website: https://chiliubio.github.io/microeco_tutorial/meconetcomp-package.html

Download tutorial: https://github.com/ChiLiubio/microeco_tutorial/releases

Please open the help document by using help function or by clicking the following links collected:

[cal_module](#)
[cal_network_attr](#)
[get_node_table](#)
[get_edge_table](#)
[node_comp](#)
[edge_comp](#)
[edge_node_distance](#)
[edge_tax_comp](#)
[subset_network](#)
[subnet_property](#)
[robustness](#)

To report bugs or discuss questions, please use Github Issues (<https://github.com/ChiLiubio/meconetcomp/issues>).

Before creating a new issue, please read the guideline (https://chiliubio.github.io/microeco_tutorial/notes.html#github-issues).

To cite meconetcomp package in publications, please run the following command to get the reference: `citation("meconetcomp")`

Reference:

Chi Liu, Chaonan Li, Yanqiong Jiang, Raymond Jianxiong Zeng, Minjie Yao, and Xiangzhen Li. 2023. A guide for comparing microbial co-occurrence networks. *iMeta*. 2(1): e71.

node_comp	<i>Generate a microtable object with node distributions across networks</i>
-----------	---

Description

Generate a microtable object with node distributions across networks. Useful for the node information comparisons across different networks.

Usage

```
node_comp(network_list, property = "name")
```

Arguments

network_list	a list with multiple networks; all the networks should be <code>trans_network</code> object created from <code>trans_network</code> class of <code>microeco</code> package.
property	default "name"; a colname of <code>res_node_table</code> in each network; the default "name" represents using node presence/absence information in the <code>otu_table</code> of final output, in which 1 represents presence of the node in the corresponding network; For other options (such as degree), the results in the output <code>otu_table</code> are the actual values of <code>res_node_table</code> .

Value

microtable object

Examples

```
data(soil_amp_network)
test <- node_comp(soil_amp_network)
# test is a microtable object
```

robustness	<i>Calculate robustness across networks.</i>
------------	--

Description

This class is a wrapper for robustness calculation and visualization.

Methods

Public methods:

- `robustness$new()`
- `robustness$plot()`
- `robustness$clone()`

Method `new()`:

Usage:

```
robustness$new(
  network_list,
  remove_strategy = c("edge_rand", "edge_strong", "edge_weak", "node_rand", "node_hub",
    "node_degree_high", "node_degree_low")[1],
  remove_ratio = seq(0, 1, 0.1),
  measure = c("Eff", "Eigen", "Pcr")[1],
  run = 10
)
```

Arguments:

`network_list` a list with multiple networks; all the networks should be `trans_network` object created from `trans_network` class of `microeco` package.

`remove_strategy` default "edge_rand";

"edge_rand" edges are randomly removed.

"edge_strong" edges are removed in decreasing order of weight.

"edge_weak" edges are removed in increasing order of weight.

"node_rand" nodes are removed randomly.

"node_hub" node hubs are removed. The hubs include network hubs and module hubs.

"node_degree_high" nodes are removed in decreasing order of degree.

"node_degree_low" nodes are removed in increasing order of degree.

`remove_ratio` default `seq(0, 1, 0.1)`.

`measure` default "Eff"; network robustness measures.

"Eff" network efficiency. The average efficiency of the network is defined:

$$Eff = \frac{1}{N(N-1)} \sum_{i \neq j \in G} \frac{1}{d(i, j)}$$

where N is the total number of nodes and $d(i, j)$ is the shortest path between node i and node j . When the weight is found in the edge attributes, $d(i, j)$ denotes the weighted shortest path between node i and node j . For more details, please read the references <doi: 10.1007/s11704-016-6108-z> and <doi: 10.1038/s41598-020-60298-7>.

"Eigen" natural connectivity <doi: 10.1007/s11704-016-6108-z>. The natural connectivity can be regarded as an average eigenvalue that changes strictly monotonically with the addition or deletion of edges. It is defined:

$$\bar{\lambda} = \ln\left(\frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N e^{\lambda_i}\right)$$

where λ_i is the i th eigenvalue of the graph adjacency matrix. The larger the value of $\bar{\lambda}$ is, the more robust the network is.

"Pcr" critical removal fraction of vertices (edges) for the disintegration of networks <doi: 10.1007/s11704-016-6108-z> <doi: 10.1103/PhysRevE.72.056130>. This is a robustness measure based on random graph theory. The critical fraction against random attacks is labeled as P_c^r . It is defined:

$$P_c^r = 1 - \frac{1}{\frac{\langle k^2 \rangle}{\langle k \rangle} - 1}$$

where $\langle k \rangle$ is the average nodal degree of the original network, and $\langle k^2 \rangle$ is the average of square of nodal degree.

run default 10. Replication number applied for the sampling method.

Returns: res_table, stored in the object.

Examples:

```
tmp <- robustness$new(soil_amp_network, remove_strategy = c("edge_rand"),
  measure = c("Eff"), run = 3, remove_ratio = c(0.1, 0.5, 0.9))
```

Method plot(): Plot the simulation results.

Usage:

```
robustness$plot(
  color_values = RColorBrewer::brewer.pal(8, "Dark2"),
  show_point = TRUE,
  point_size = 1,
  point_alpha = 0.6,
  show_errorbar = TRUE,
  errorbar_position = position_dodge(0),
  errorbar_size = 1,
  errorbar_width = 0.1,
  add_fitting = FALSE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments:

color_values colors used for presentation.

show_point default TRUE; whether show the point.

point_size default .3; point size value.

point_alpha default .6; point alpha value.

show_errorbar default TRUE; whether show the errorbar by using the SD result.

errorbar_position default position_dodge(0); Position adjustment, either as a string (such as "identity"), or the result of a call to a position adjustment function.

errorbar_size default 1; errorbar size.

errorbar_width default 0.1; errorbar width.

add_fitting default FALSE; whether add fitted smooth line. FALSE denotes add line segment among points.

... parameters pass to ggplot2::geom_line (when add_fitting = FALSE) or ggplot2::geom_smooth (when add_fitting = TRUE).

Returns: ggplot.

Examples:

```
\donttest{
tmp$plot(linewidth = 1)
}
```

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

```
robustness$clone(deep = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

Examples

```
## -----
## Method `robustness$new`
## -----

tmp <- robustness$new(soil_amp_network, remove_strategy = c("edge_rand"),
  measure = c("Eff"), run = 3, remove_ratio = c(0.1, 0.5, 0.9))

## -----
## Method `robustness$plot`
## -----

tmp$plot(linewidth = 1)
```

soil_amp

The soil_amp data

Description

The soil_amp data is the 16S rRNA gene amplicon sequencing dataset of Chinese wetland soils.

Reference: An et al. 2019 <doi:10.1016/j.geoderma.2018.09.035>; Liu et al. 2022 <10.1016/j.geoderma.2022.115866>

Usage

```
data(soil_amp)
```

soil_amp_network	<i>The soil_amp_network data</i>
------------------	----------------------------------

Description

The soil_amp_network data is a list storing three trans_network objects created based on soil_amp data. Three networks are created for IW, CW and TW groups, respectively.

Usage

```
data(soil_amp_network)
```

soil_measure_diversity	<i>The soil_measure_diversity data</i>
------------------------	--

Description

The soil_measure_diversity data is a table storing all the abiotic factors and functional diversity based on the metagenomic sequencing and MetaCyc pathway analysis.

Usage

```
data(soil_measure_diversity)
```

stool_met	<i>The stool_met data</i>
-----------	---------------------------

Description

The stool_met data is the metagenomic species abundance dataset of stool samples selected from R ExperimentHub package. It has 198 samples, collected from the people with alcohol drinking habit, and 92 species.

Usage

```
data(stool_met)
```

subnet_property	<i>Calculate properties of sub-networks selected according to features in samples</i>
-----------------	---

Description

Extracting sub-network according to the presence of features in each sample across networks and calculate the sub-network properties.

Usage

```
subnet_property(network_list)
```

Arguments

network_list a list with multiple networks; all the networks should be trans_network object created from [trans_network](#) class of microeco package.

Value

data.frame

Examples

```
data(soil_amp_network)
test <- subnet_property(soil_amp_network)
```

subset_network	<i>Extract subset of network according to the edge intersection of networks</i>
----------------	---

Description

Extracting a network according to the edge intersection of networks.

Usage

```
subset_network(network_list, venn = NULL, name = NULL)
```

Arguments

network_list	a list with multiple networks; all the networks should be trans_network object created from trans_network class of microeco package.
venn	default NULL; a microtable object which must be converted by trans_comm function of trans_venn class.
name	default NULL; integer or character; must be a number or one of colnames of the otu_table in the input venn parameter.

Value

trans_network object, with only the extracted edges in the network

Examples

```
data(soil_amp_network)
# first obtain edge distribution
tmp <- edge_comp(soil_amp_network)
# obtain edge intersection using trans_venn class
tmp1 <- microeco::trans_venn$new(tmp)
# convert intersection result to microtable object
tmp2 <- tmp1$trans_comm()
# extract the intersection of all the three networks ("IW", "TW" and "CW")
test <- subset_network(soil_amp_network, venn = tmp2, name = "IW&TW&CW")
# test is a trans_network object
```

vulnerability

Calculate the vulnerability of each node for each network

Description

The vulnerability of each node represents the influence of the node on the global efficiency of the network, i.e. the efficiency of network after removing the targeted node. For the detailed definition of global efficiency, please see the "Eff" option of measure parameter in [robustness](#) class.

Usage

```
vulnerability(network_list)
```

Arguments

network_list	a list with multiple networks; all the networks should be trans_network object created from trans_network class of microeco package.
--------------	--

Value

data.frame

Examples

```
data(soil_amp_network)
vulnerability_table <- vulnerability(soil_amp_network)
```

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