

Package ‘postlogic’

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Type Package

Title Infix and Postfix Logic Operators

Version 0.1.0.1

Maintainer Andrew Redd <Andrew.Redd@hsc.utah.edu>

Description Provides adds postfix and infix logic operators for
if, then, unless, and otherwise.

Language en-US

License GPL-2

Encoding UTF-8

LazyData true

Suggests testthat, covr

URL <https://github.com/RDocTaskForce/postlogic>

BugReports <https://github.com/RDocTaskForce/postlogic/issues>

NeedsCompilation no

Author Andrew Redd [aut, cre] (<<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-6149-2438>>)

Repository CRAN

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if-otherwise *Postfix if-otherwise logic*

Description

This construction allows logical statements to be placed after the value to be returned. Take note that the ‘ as other custom infix operators and so care should be taken that the effect is as desired.

Usage

```
prior %if% proposition
```

```
prior %if% proposition %otherwise% alternate
```

Arguments

prior	The value to be returned if proposition evaluates to TRUE.
proposition	The logical statement to evaluate
alternate	The value to be returned if proposition evaluates to FALSE.
prior %if% proposition	An %if% statement.

See Also

Other postlogic: [unless-then](#)

Examples

```
x <- 1
x <- (x+1) %if% is.numeric(x) %otherwise% "Hmm this isn't right 0.o"
x # 2

x <- 1i
x <- (x+1) %if% is.numeric(x) %otherwise% "Hmm this isn't right 0.o"
x # Hmm this isn't right
```

unless-then *Infix unless-then logic*

Description

These give logic that can be used as a qualifying statement that occurs after the value statement. Take note that the ‘ as other custom infix operators and so care should be taken that the effect is as desired.

Usage

```
prior %unless% proposition  
prior %unless% proposition %then% alternate
```

Arguments

prior	Value to be returned unless proposition returns FALSE.
proposition	The logical statement to condition on.
alternate	When proposition returns true and the the alternate value is returned.
prior %unless% proposition	An %if% statement.

See Also

Other postlogic: [if-otherwise](#)

Examples

```
x <- 4  
x <- sqrt(x) %unless% is.complex(x) %then% "This is too hard :("   
x # 2  
  
x <- 4i  
x <- sqrt(x) %unless% is.complex(x) %then% "This is too hard :("   
x # This is too hard :(
```

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