

Package ‘rlistings’

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Title Clinical Trial Style Data Readout Listings

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Description Listings are often part of the submission of clinical trial data in regulatory settings. We provide a framework for the specific formatting features often used when displaying large datasets in that context.

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URL <https://github.com/insightsengineering/rlistings>

BugReports <https://github.com/insightsengineering/rlistings/issues>

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Author Gabriel Becker [aut] (original creator of the package),
Adrian Waddell [aut],
Joe Zhu [aut, cre],
Davide Garolini [ctb],
Emily de la Rua [ctb],
Abinaya Yogasekaram [ctb],
F. Hoffmann-La Roche AG [cph, fnd]

Maintainer Joe Zhu <joe.zhu@roche.com>

Repository CRAN

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R topics documented:

as_listing	2
make_row_df,listing_df-method	6
matrix_form,listing_df-method	7
paginate_listing	8
pag_listing_indices	10

Index	11
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as_listing	<i>Create a Listing from a data.frame or tibble</i>
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Description

[Experimental]

Creates listings by using `cols` and `key_cols` to produce a compact and elegant representation of the `data.frame` or `tibble` in input.

Usage

```
as_listing(
  df,
  key_cols = names(df)[1],
  disp_cols = NULL,
  non_disp_cols = NULL,
  unique_rows = FALSE,
  default_formatting = list(all = fmt_config()),
  col_formatting = NULL,
  main_title = NULL,
  subtitles = NULL,
  main_footer = NULL,
  prov_footer = NULL
)
```

```
as_keycol(vec)
```

```
is_keycol(vec)
```

```
get_keycols(df)
```

```
listing_dispcols(df)
```

```

add_listing_dispcol(df, new)

listing_dispcols(df) <- value

add_listing_col(
  df,
  name,
  fun = NULL,
  format = NULL,
  na_str = "NA",
  align = "left"
)

```

Arguments

<code>df</code>	data.frame or listing_df. The (non-listing) data.frame to be converted to a listing or the listing_df to be modified.
<code>key_cols</code>	character. Names of columns which should be treated as <i>key columns</i> when rendering the listing. Key columns allow you to group repeat occurrences.
<code>disp_cols</code>	character or NULL. Names of non-key columns which should be displayed when the listing is rendered. Defaults to all columns of <code>df</code> not named in <code>key_cols</code> or <code>non_disp_cols</code> .
<code>non_disp_cols</code>	character or NULL. Names of non-key columns to be excluded as display columns. All other non-key columns are then treated as display columns. Invalid if <code>disp_cols</code> is non-NULL.
<code>unique_rows</code>	logical(1). Should only unique rows be included in the listing. Defaults to FALSE.
<code>default_formatting</code>	list. A named list of default column format configurations to apply when rendering the listing. Each name-value pair consists of a name corresponding to a data class (or "numeric" for all unspecified numeric classes) and a value of type <code>fmt_config</code> with the format configuration that should be implemented for columns of that class. If named element "all" is included in the list, this configuration will be used for all data classes not specified. Objects of type <code>fmt_config</code> can take 3 arguments: <code>format</code> , <code>na_str</code> , and <code>align</code> .
<code>col_formatting</code>	list. A named list of custom column formatting configurations to apply to specific columns when rendering the listing. Each name-value pair consists of a name corresponding to a column name and a value of type <code>fmt_config</code> with the formatting configuration that should be implemented for that column. Objects of type <code>fmt_config</code> can take 3 arguments: <code>format</code> , <code>na_str</code> , and <code>align</code> . Defaults to NULL.
<code>main_title</code>	character(1) or NULL. The main title for the listing, or NULL (the default). Must be length 1 non-NULL.
<code>subtitles</code>	character or NULL. A vector of subtitle(s) for the listing, or NULL (the default).
<code>main_footer</code>	character or NULL. A vector of main footer lines for the listing, or NULL (the default).

prov_footer	character or NULL. A vector of provenance strings for the listing, or NULL (the default). Each string element is placed on a new line.
vec	any. A column vector from a <code>listing_df</code> to be annotated as a key column.
new	character. Names of columns to be added to the set of display columns.
value	character. New value.
name	character(1). Name of the existing or new column to be displayed when the listing is rendered.
fun	function or NULL. A function which accepts <code>df</code> and returns the vector for a new column, which is added to <code>df</code> as <code>name</code> , or NULL if marking an existing column as a listing column.
format	character(1) or function. A format label (string) or formatter function.
na_str	character(1). String that should be displayed in place of missing values.
align	character(1). Alignment values should be rendered with.

Details

At its core, a `listing_df` object is a `tbl_df` object with a customized print method and support for the formatting and pagination machinery provided by the `formatters` package.

`listing_df` objects have two 'special' types of columns: key columns and display columns.

Key columns act as indexes, which means a number of things in practice.

All key columns are also display columns.

`listing_df` objects are always sorted by their set of `key_columns` at creation time. Any `listing_df` object which is not sorted by its full set of key columns (e.g., one whose rows have been reordered explicitly creation) is invalid and the behavior when rendering or paginating that object is undefined.

Each value of a key column is printed only once per page and per unique combination of values for all higher-priority (i.e., to the left of it) key columns. Locations where a repeated value would have been printed within a key column for the same higher-priority-key combination on the same page are rendered as empty space. Note, determination of which elements to display within a key column at rendering is based on the underlying value; any non-default formatting applied to the column has no effect on this behavior.

Display columns are columns which should be rendered, but are not key columns. By default this is all non-key columns in the incoming data, but in need not be. Columns in the underlying data which are neither key nor display columns remain within the object available for computations but *are not rendered during printing or export of the listing*.

Value

A `listing_df` object, sorted by the key columns.

`df`, with `name` created (if necessary) and marked for display during rendering.

Examples

```

dat <- ex_adae

# This example demonstrates the listing with key_cols (values are grouped by USUBJID) and
# multiple lines in prov_footer
lsting <- as_listing(dat[1:25, ],
  key_cols = c("USUBJID", "AESOC"),
  main_title = "Example Title for Listing",
  subtitles = "This is the subtitle for this Adverse Events Table",
  main_footer = "Main footer for the listing",
  prov_footer = c(
    "You can even add a subfooter", "Second element is place on a new line",
    "Third string"
  )
)
)%>%
  add_listing_col("AETOXGR") %>%
  add_listing_col("BMRKR1", format = "xx.x") %>%
  add_listing_col("AESER / AREL", fun = function(df) paste(df$AESER, df$AREL, sep = " / "))

mat <- matrix_form(lsting)

cat(toString(mat))

# This example demonstrates the listing table without key_cols
# and specifying the cols with disp_cols.
dat <- ex_adae
lsting <- as_listing(dat[1:25, ],
  disp_cols = c("USUBJID", "AESOC", "RACE", "AETOXGR", "BMRKR1")
)

mat <- matrix_form(lsting)

cat(toString(mat))

# This example demonstrates a listing with format configurations specified
# via the default_formatting and col_formatting arguments
dat <- ex_adae
dat$AENDY[3:6] <- NA
lsting <- as_listing(dat[1:25, ],
  key_cols = c("USUBJID", "AESOC"),
  disp_cols = c("STUDYID", "SEX", "ASEQ", "RANDDT", "ASTDY", "AENDY"),
  default_formatting = list(
    all = fmt_config(align = "left"),
    numeric = fmt_config(
      format = "xx.xx",
      na_str = "<No data>",
      align = "right"
    )
  )
)
)%>%
  add_listing_col("BMRKR1", format = "xx.x", align = "center")

```

```
mat <- matrix_form(lsting)

cat(toString(mat))
```

```
make_row_df,listing_df-method
```

Make pagination dataframe for a listing

Description

Make pagination dataframe for a listing

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'listing_df'
make_row_df(
  tt,
  colwidths = NULL,
  visible_only = TRUE,
  rownum = 0,
  indent = 0L,
  path = character(),
  incontent = FALSE,
  repr_ext = 0L,
  repr_inds = integer(),
  sibpos = NA_integer_,
  nsibs = NA_integer_
)
```

Arguments

tt	listing_df. The listing to be rendered
colwidths	numeric. Internal detail do not set manually.
visible_only	logical(1). Ignored, as listings do not have non-visible structural elements.
rownum	numeric(1). Internal detail do not set manually.
indent	integer(1). Internal detail do not set manually.
path	character. Path to the (sub)table represented by tt. Defaults to character()
incontent	logical(1). Internal detail do not set manually.
repr_ext	integer(1). Internal detail do not set manually.
repr_inds	integer. Internal detail do not set manually.
sibpos	integer(1). Internal detail do not set manually.
nsibs	integer(1). Internal detail do not set manually.

Value

a data.frame with pagination information.

See Also

[make_row_df](#)

Examples

```
lsting <- as_listing(mtcars)
mf <- matrix_form(lsting)
```

matrix_form,listing_df-method

Transform rtable to a list of matrices which can be used for out-putting

Description

Although rtables are represented as a tree data structure when outputting the table to ASCII or HTML it is useful to map the rtable to an in between state with the formatted cells in a matrix form.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'listing_df'
matrix_form(obj, indent_rownames = FALSE)
```

Arguments

obj ANY. Object to be transformed into a ready-to-render form (a MatrixPrintForm object)

indent_rownames logical(1). Silently ignored, as listings do not have row names nor indenting structure.

Details

The strings in the return object are defined as follows: row labels are those determined by `summarize_rows` and cell values are determined using `get_formatted_cells`. (Column labels are calculated using a non-exported internal function.)

Value

a MatrixPrintForm object

See Also

`formatters::matrix_form()`

Examples

```
lsting <- as_listing(mtcars)
mf <- matrix_form(lsting)
```

paginate_listing *Paginate listings*

Description**[Experimental]**

Pagination of a listing. This can be vertical for long listings with many rows or horizontal if there are many columns.

Usage

```
paginate_listing(
  lsting,
  page_type = "letter",
  font_family = "Courier",
  font_size = 8,
  lineheight = 1,
  landscape = FALSE,
  pg_width = NULL,
  pg_height = NULL,
  margins = c(top = 0.5, bottom = 0.5, left = 0.75, right = 0.75),
  lpp = NA_integer_,
  cpp = NA_integer_,
  colwidths = propose_column_widths(lsting),
  tf_wrap = !is.null(max_width),
  max_width = NULL,
  verbose = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

<code>lsting</code>	listing_df. The listing to paginate.
<code>page_type</code>	character(1). Name of a page type. See <code>page_types</code> . Ignored when <code>pg_width</code> and <code>pg_height</code> are set directly.
<code>font_family</code>	character(1). Name of a font family. An error will be thrown if the family named is not monospaced. Defaults to Courier.

font_size	numeric(1). Font size, defaults to 12.
lineheight	numeric(1). Line height, defaults to 1.
landscape	logical(1). Should the dimensions of page_type be inverted for landscape? Defaults to FALSE, ignored when pg_width and pg_height are set directly.
pg_width	numeric(1). Page width in inches.
pg_height	numeric(1). Page height in inches.
margins	numeric(4). Named numeric vector containing 'bottom', 'left', 'top', and 'right' margins in inches. Defaults to .5 inches for both vertical margins and .75 for both horizontal margins.
lpp	numeric(1) or NULL. Number of row lines (not counting titles and footers) to have per page. Standard is 70 while NULL disables vertical pagination.
cpp	numeric(1) or NULL. Width (in characters) of the pages for horizontal pagination. NULL (the default) indicates no horizontal pagination should be done.
colwidths	numeric vector. Column widths (in characters) for use with vertical pagination.
tf_wrap	logical(1). Should the texts for title, subtitle, and footnotes be wrapped?
max_width	integer(1), character(1) or NULL. Width that title and footer (including footnotes) materials should be word-wrapped to. If NULL, it is set to the current print width of the session (getOption("width")). If set to "auto", the width of the table (plus any table inset) is used. Ignored completely if tf_wrap is FALSE.
verbose	logical(1). Should additional informative messages about the search for pagination breaks be shown. Defaults to FALSE.

Value

A list of listings' objects that are meant to be on separated pages. For pag_tt_indices a list of paginated-groups of row-indices of lsting.

for paginate_listing a list containing separate listing_df objects for each page, for pag_listing_indices, a list of indices in the direction being paginated corresponding to the individual pages in that dimension.

Examples

```
dat <- ex_adae
lsting <- as_listing(dat[1:25, ], disp_cols = c("USUBJID", "AESOC", "RACE", "AETOXGR", "BMRKR1"))

mat <- matrix_form(lsting)

cat(toString(mat))

paginate_listing(lsting, lpp = 10)

paginate_listing(lsting, cpp = 100, lpp = 40)

paginate_listing(lsting, cpp = 80, lpp = 40, verbose = TRUE)
```

pag_listing_indices *Defunct functions*

Description

These functions are defunct and their symbols will be removed entirely in a future release.

Usage

```
pag_listing_indices(  
  listing,  
  lpp = 15,  
  colwidths = NULL,  
  max_width = NULL,  
  verbose = FALSE  
)
```

Arguments

listing	listing_df. The listing to paginate.
lpp	numeric(1) or NULL. Number of row lines (not counting titles and footers) to have per page. Standard is 70 while NULL disables vertical pagination.
colwidths	numeric vector. Column widths (in characters) for use with vertical pagination.
max_width	integer(1), character(1) or NULL. Width that title and footer (including footnotes) materials should be word-wrapped to. If NULL, it is set to the current print width of the session (<code>getOption("width")</code>). If set to "auto", the width of the table (plus any table inset) is used. Ignored completely if <code>tf_wrap</code> is FALSE.
verbose	logical(1). Should additional informative messages about the search for pagination breaks be shown. Defaults to FALSE.

Index

`add_listing_col` (`as_listing`), 2
`add_listing_dispcol` (`as_listing`), 2
`as_keycol` (`as_listing`), 2
`as_listing`, 2

`formatters::matrix_form()`, 8

`get_keycols` (`as_listing`), 2

`is_keycol` (`as_listing`), 2

`listing_dispcols` (`as_listing`), 2
`listing_dispcols<-` (`as_listing`), 2

`make_row_df`, 7
`make_row_df`, `listing_df`-method, 6
`matrix_form`, `listing_df`-method, 7

`pag_listing_indices`, 10
`paginate_listing`, 8