Package ‘rstac’

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Title Client Library for SpatioTemporal Asset Catalog

Version 0.9.1-4

Description Provides functions to access, search and download spacetime earth observation data via SpatioTemporal Asset Catalog (STAC). This package supports the version 1.0.0 of the STAC specification (<http://stacspec.org>).

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assets_download

Description

The assets_download function downloads the assets provided by the STAC API.

Usage

```r
assets_download(
  items,
  assets_name,
  output_dir = ".",
  overwrite = FALSE,
  items_max = Inf,
  progress = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

- **items**: a STACItem or STACItemCollection object representing the result of /stac/search, /collections/{collectionId}/items or /collections/{collectionId}/items/{itemId} endpoints.
- **assets_name**: a character with the assets names to be filtered.
- **output_dir**: a character directory in which the assets will be saved.
- **overwrite**: a logical if TRUE will replaced the existing file, if FALSE a warning message is shown. (FALSE, default).
- **items_max**: a numeric corresponding how many items will be downloaded.
- **progress**: a logical indicating if a progress bar must be shown or not. (TRUE, default).
- **...**: config parameters to be passed to GET or POST methods, such as add_headers or set_cookies.
Value

The same STACItemCollection or STACItem object, with the link pointing to the directory where the assets were saved.

See Also

stac_search, items, get_request

Examples

```r
## Not run:
stac("https://brazildatacube.dpi.inpe.br/stac/") %>%
  stac_search(collections = "CB4_64_16D_STK-1") %>%
  stac_search(limit = 2) %>%
  get_request() %>%
  assets_download(assets_name = "thumbnail", output_dir = ".")

## End(Not run)
```

assets_list

Utility functions

Description

This function returns the date, band and URL fields for each assets of an STACItemCollection object. For the URL you can add the GDAL library drivers for the following schemes: HTTP/HTTPS files, S3 (AWS S3) and GS (Google Cloud Storage).

Usage

```r
assets_list(
  items,
  assets_names = NULL,
  sort = TRUE,
  gdal_vsi_resolution = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

- **items**: a STACItemCollection object representing the result of `stac/search, /collections/{collectionId}/items`.
- **assets_names**: a character with the assets names to be filtered. If NULL (default) all assets will be returned.
- **sort**: a logical if true the dates will be sorted in increasing order. By default, the dates are sorted.
- **gdal_vsi_resolution**: a logical if true, gdal drivers are included in the URL of each asset. The following schemes are supported: HTTP/HTTPS files, S3 (AWS S3) and GS (Google Cloud Storage).
collections

Value

a list with the attributes of date, bands and paths.

Examples

```r
# STACItemCollection object
stac_item <- stac("https://brazildatacube.dpi.inpe.br/stac/") %>%
stac_search(collections = "CB4_64_16D_STK-1", limit = 100,
datetime = "2017-08-01/2018-03-01",
bbox = c(-48.206,-14.195,-45.067,-12.272)) %>%
get_request() %>% items_fetch(progress = FALSE)

stac_item %>% assets_list(assets_names = c("EVI", "NDVI"))
```

collections

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The `collections` function implements the WFS3 /collections and /collections/{collectionId} endpoints.

Each endpoint retrieves specific STAC objects:

- /collections: Returns a list of STAC Collection published in the STAC service
- /collections/{collectionId}: Returns a single STAC Collection object

Usage

collections(q, collection_id = NULL)

Arguments

- q: a RSTACQuery object expressing a STAC query criteria.
- collection_id: a character collection id to be retrieved.

Value

A RSTACQuery object with the subclass collections for /collections/ endpoint, or a collection_id subclass for /collections/{collection_id} endpoint, containing all search field parameters to be provided to STAC API web service.

See Also

`get_request`, `post_request`, `items`
Examples

```r
stac("https://brazildatacube.dpi.inpe.br/stac/") %>%
collections() %>%
get_request()

stac("https://brazildatacube.dpi.inpe.br/stac/") %>%
collections(collection_id = "CB4_64_16D_STK-1") %>%
get_request()
```

---

**doc_query**  
*Document utils functions*

**Description**
Document utils functions

**Usage**

```r
doc_query(d)
```

**Arguments**

- `d`  
  RSTACDocument object

**Value**

A RSTACQuery object with the predecessor subclass with the fields used in the request.

---

**ext_query**  
*Extension functions*

**Description**

The `ext_query()` is the *exported function* of the STAC API query extension. It can be used after a call to `stac_search()` function. It allows that additional fields and operators other than those defined in `stac_search()` function be used to make a complex filter.

The function accepts multiple filter criteria. Each filter entry is an expression formed by `<field> <operator> <value>`, where `<field>` refers to a valid item property. Supported `<fields>` depends on STAC API service implementation. The users must rely on service providers' documentation to know which properties can be used by this extension.

The `ext_query()` function allows the following `<operators>`

- `==` corresponds to 'eq'

---
• `!=` corresponds to 'neq'
• `<` corresponds to 'lt'
• `<=` corresponds to 'lte'
• `>` corresponds to 'gt'
• `>=` corresponds to 'gte'
• `%startsWith%` corresponds to 'startsWith' and implements a string prefix search operator.
• `%endsWith%` corresponds to 'endsWith' and implements a string suffix search operator.
• `%contains%` corresponds to 'contains' and implements a string infix search operator.
• `%in%` corresponds to 'in' and implements a vector search operator.

Besides this function, the following S3 generic methods were implemented to get things done for this extension:

• The `endpoint()` for subclass `ext_query`
• The `before_request()` for subclass `ext_query`
• The `after_response()` for subclass `ext_query`

See source file `ext_query.R` for an example on how implement new extensions.

Usage

```r
ext_query(q, ...)
```

Arguments

- `q` a `RSTACQuery` object expressing a STAC query criteria.
- `...` entries with format `<field> <operator> <value>`.

Value

A `RSTACQuery` object with the subclass `ext_query` containing all request parameters to be passed to `post_request()` function.

See Also

`stac_search, post_request, endpoint, before_request, after_response, content_response`

Examples

```r
stac("https://brazildatacube.dpi.inpe.br/stac/") %>%
  stac_search(collections = "CB4_64_16D_STK-1") %>%
  ext_query("bdc:tile" %in% "022024") %>%
  post_request()
```
**get_request**

**STAC API request functions**

**Description**

The `get_request` is function that makes HTTP GET requests to STAC web services, retrieves, and parse the data.

The `post_request` is function that makes HTTP POST requests to STAC web services, retrieves, and parse the data.

**Usage**

```r
get_request(q, ...)
post_request(q, ..., encode = c("json", "multipart", "form"))
```

**Arguments**

- `q` a RSTACQuery object expressing a STAC query criteria.
- `...` config parameters to be passed to GET or POST methods, such as `add_headers` or `set_cookies`.
- `encode` a character informing the request body Content-Type. Accepted types are `'json` (`'application/json'`), `'form` (`'application/x-www-form-urlencoded'`), and `'multipart` (`'multipart/form-data'`). Defaults to `'json`.

**Value**

Either a STACCatalog, STACCollection, STACCollectionList, STACItemCollection or STACItem object depending on the subclass and search fields parameters of `q` argument.

**See Also**

`stac` `stac_search` `collections` `items`

**Examples**

```r
stac("https://brazildatacube.dpi.inpe.br/stac/") %>%
get_request()

stac("https://brazildatacube.dpi.inpe.br/stac/") %>%
stac_search(collections = "CB4_64_16D_STK-1") %>%
post_request()
```
items  Endpoint functions

Description

The `items` function implements WFS3 /collections/{collectionId}/items, and /collections/{collectionId}/items/{featureId} endpoints.

Each endpoint retrieves specific STAC objects:

- /collections/{collectionId}/items: Returns a STAC Items collection (GeoJSON)
- /collections/{collectionId}/items/{itemId}: Returns a STAC Item (GeoJSON Feature)

The endpoint /collections/{collectionId}/items accepts the same filters parameters of stac_search function.

Usage

`items(q, feature_id = NULL, datetime = NULL, bbox = NULL, limit = NULL)`

Arguments

- **q**: a RSTACQuery object expressing a STAC query criteria.
- **feature_id**: a character with item id to be fetched. Only works if the collection_id is informed. This is equivalent to the endpoint /collections/{collectionId}/items/{featureId}.
- **datetime**: a character with a date-time or an interval. Date and time strings needs to conform RFC 3339. Intervals are expressed by separating two date-time strings by '/' character. Open intervals are expressed by using '.' in place of date-time.

Examples:

- A date-time: "2018-02-12T23:20:50Z"
- A closed interval: "2018-02-12T00:00:00Z/2018-03-18T12:31:12Z"
- Open intervals: "2018-02-12T00:00:00Z/.." or "../2018-03-18T12:31:12Z"

Only features that have a datetime property that intersects the interval or date-time informed in datetime are selected.

- **bbox**: a numeric vector with only features that have a geometry that intersects the bounding box are selected. The bounding box is provided as four or six numbers, depending on whether the coordinate reference system includes a vertical axis (elevation or depth):

  - Lower left corner, coordinate axis 1
  - Lower left corner, coordinate axis 2
  - Lower left corner, coordinate axis 3 (optional)
  - Upper right corner, coordinate axis 1
  - Upper right corner, coordinate axis 2
• Upper right corner, coordinate axis 3 (optional)

The coordinate reference system of the values is WGS84 longitude/latitude ([http://www.opengis.net/def/crs/OGC/1.3/CRS84](http://www.opengis.net/def/crs/OGC/1.3/CRS84)). The values are in most cases the sequence of minimum longitude, minimum latitude, maximum longitude and maximum latitude. However, in cases where the box spans the antimeridian the first value (west-most box edge) is larger than the third value (east-most box edge).

**limit**

An integer defining the maximum number of results to return. If not informed it defaults to the service implementation.

**Value**

A `RSTACQuery` object with the subclass `items` for `/collections/{collection_id}/items` endpoint, or a `item_id` subclass for `/collections/{collection_id}/items/{feature_id}` endpoint, containing all search field parameters to be provided to STAC API web service.

**See Also**

`get_request, post_request, collections`

**Examples**

```r
stac("https://brazildatacube.dpi.inpe.br/stac/") %>%
collections("CB4_64_16D_STK-1") %>%
items(bbox = c(-47.02148, -12.98314, -42.53906, -17.35063)) %>%
get_request()

stac("https://brazildatacube.dpi.inpe.br/stac/") %>%
collections("CB4_64_16D_STK-1") %>%
items("CB4_64_16D_STK_v001_022023_2020-07-11_2020-07-26") %>%
get_request()
```

---

**items_fields**

**Utility functions**

**Description**

This function returns the subfields of the feature field of a STACItemCollection object.

**Usage**

`items_fields(items, ..., field = NULL)`
Arguments

items  a STACItemCollection object representing the result of /stac/search, /collections/{collectionId}/items.
...  a named way to provide field names to get the subfields values from the RSTACDocument objects.
field  a character with the names of the field to get the subfields values from the RSTACDocument objects.

Value

A character with the subfields of the feature field.

Examples

```r
# STACItemCollection object
stac_item <- stac("https://brazildatacube.dpi.inpe.br/stac/") %>%
  stac_search(collections = "CB4_64_16D_STK-1", limit = 10,
              datetime = "2017-08-01/2018-03-01") %>%
  get_request()

stac_item %>% items_fields(field = c("properties"))
```

Description

The `items_length()` function shows how many items there are in the STACItemCollection object. The `items_matched()` function shows how many items matched the search criteria. It supports search:metadata (v0.8.0), context (v0.9.0), and numberMatched (OGC WFS3 core spec). The `items_fetch()` function request all STAC Items through pagination. The `items_datetime()` function retrieves a the datetime field in properties from STACItemCollection and STACItem objects. The `items_bbox()` function retrieves a the bbox field of a STACItemCollection or an STACItem object. The `get_assets_name()` function returns the assets name from STACItemCollection and STACItem objects.

Usage

```r
items_length(items)

items_matched(items, matched_field = NULL)

items_fetch(items, ..., progress = TRUE, matched_field = NULL)

items_datetime(items)
```
items_bbox(items)
items_bands(items)

Arguments

- **items**: a STACItemCollection object.
- **matched_field**: a character vector with the path where the number of items returned in the named list is located starting from the initial node of the list. For example, if the information is at position `items$meta$found` of the object, it must be passed as the following parameter `c("meta","found").`
- **...**: config parameters to be passed to GET or POST methods, such as `add_headers` or `set_cookies`.
- **progress**: a logical indicating if a progress bar must be shown or not. Defaults to `TRUE`.

Value

The `items_length()` returns an integer value. The `items_matched()` returns an integer value. If STAC web server does not support this extension, returns `NULL`. The `items_fetch()` returns an STACItemCollection with all matched items. The `items_datetime()` returns a list of all items’ datetime. The `items_bbox()` returns a list with all items’ bounding boxes.

Examples

```r
## Not run:
x <- stac("http://brazildatacube.dpi.inpe.br/stac") %>%
stac_search(collections = "CB4_64_16D_STK-1") %>%
stac_search() %>%
get_request()

x %>% items_length()
x %>% items_matched()
x %>% items_datetime()
x %>% items_bbox()

## End(Not run)

## Not run:
x <-
stac("http://brazildatacube.dpi.inpe.br/stac") %>%
stac_search(collections = "CB4_64_16D_STK-1") %>%
stac_search(limit = 500) %>%
get_request()

x %>% items_fetch()

## End(Not run)
```
**items_group**

Utility functions

Description

This function groups the items contained within the STACItemCollection object according to some specified fields. Each index in the returned list contains items belonging to the same group.

Usage

```r
items_group(items, ..., field = NULL, index = NULL)
```

Arguments

- **items**: a STACItemCollection object representing the result of `/stac/search`, `/collections/{collectionId}/items`.
- **...**: a named way to provide field names to get the subfields values from the RSTACDocument objects.
- **field**: a character with the names of the field to get the subfields values from the RSTACDocument objects.
- **index**: a character with the indexes to be grouped. It can be used with the function `items_reap`.

Value

A list in which each index corresponds to a group with its corresponding STACItemCollection objects.

Examples

```r
# STACItemCollection object
stac_item <- stac("https://brazildatacube.dpi.inpe.br/stac/") %>%
stac_search(collections = "CB4_64_16D_STK-1", limit = 100,
datetime = "2017-08-01/2018-03-01",
bbox = c(-48.206,-14.195,-45.067,-12.272)) %>%
get_request() %>% items_fetch(progress = FALSE)

stac_item %>% items_group(., field = c("properties", "bdc:tiles"))
```
Utility functions

Description

This function returns the values of a field of the STACItemCollections object. If the values of the specified field are not atomic the return will be in list form, if they are, it will be returned in vector form.

Usage

items_reap(items, ..., field = NULL)

Arguments

- **items**: a STACItemCollection object representing the result of /stac/search, /collections/{collectionId}/items.
- **...**: a named way to provide fields names to get the subfields values from the RSTACDocument objects.
- **field**: a character with the names of the field to get the subfields values from the RSTACDocument objects.

Value

A vector if the supplied field is atomic, or a list if not.

Examples

```r
# STACItemCollection object
stac_item <- stac("https://brazildatacube.dpi.inpe.br/stac/") %>%
  stac_search(collections = "CB4_64_16D_STK-1", limit = 100,
              datetime = "2017-08-01/2018-03-01",
              bbox = c(-48.206,-14.195,-45.067,-12.272)) %>%
  get_request() %>% items_fetch(progress = FALSE)

stac_item %>% items_reap(field = c("properties", "datetime"))
```
print

Printing functions

Description

The print function covers all objects in the rstac package:

- **stac**: returns a STACCatalog document from /stac (v0.8.0) or / (v0.9.0 or v1.0.0) endpoint.
- **stac_search**: returns a STACItemCollection document from /stac/search (v0.8.0) or /search (v0.9.0 or v1.0.0) endpoint containing all Items that match the provided search predicates.
- **collections**: implements the /collections and /collections/{collectionId} endpoints. The former returns a STACCollectionList document that lists all collections published by the server, and the later returns a single STACCollection document that describes a unique collection.
- **items**: retrieves a STACItemCollection document from /collections/{collectionId}/items endpoint and a STACItem document from /collections/{collectionId}/items/{itemId} endpoints.

The rstac package objects visualization is based on markdown, a lightweight markup language. You can paste the output into any markdown editor for a better visualization.

Call `print()` function to print the rstac’s objects. You can determine how many items will be printed using `n` parameter.

Usage

```r
## S3 method for class 'RSTACQuery'
print(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'STACCatalog'
print(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'STACCollectionList'
print(x, n = 10, ...)

## S3 method for class 'STACCollection'
print(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'STACItemCollection'
print(x, n = 10, ..., tail = FALSE)

## S3 method for class 'STACItem'
print(x, ...)
```
Arguments

- x: either a RSTACQuery object expressing a STAC query criteria or any RSTACDocument.
- ... other parameters passed in the functions.
- n: number of entries to print. Each object has its own rule of truncation: the STACCollection objects will print 10 links by default. If the object has less than 20 collections, all collections will be shown. In STACItemCollection, 10 features will be printed by default. To show all entries, use \( n = \infty \).
- tail: A logical value indicating if last features in STACItemCollection object must be show.

See Also

stac stac_search collections items

Examples

```r
# STACItemCollection object
stac_item_collection <-
  stac("https://brazildatacube.dpi.inpe.br/stac/") %>%
  stac_search(collections = "CB4_64_16D_STK-1",
              bbox = c(-47.02148, -12.98314, -42.53906, -17.35063),
              limit = 15) %>%
  get_request()

print(stac_item_collection, n = 10)

# STACCollectionList object
stac_collection <-
  stac("https://brazildatacube.dpi.inpe.br/stac/") %>%
  collections() %>%
  get_request()

print(stac_collection, n = 5)

# RSTACQuery object
obj_rstac <- stac("https://brazildatacube.dpi.inpe.br/stac/")

print(obj_rstac)
```

Description

Provides functions to access, search and download spacetime earth observation data via SpatioTemporal Asset Catalog (STAC). This package supports the version 1.0.0 of the STAC specification (<http://stacspec.org>).
The **rstac** functions

The rstac package provides two categories of functions: API endpoints and data access and organization.

### STAC API endpoints functions

- **stac**: implements STAC /stac endpoint for version 0.8.1 or below, and / for versions 0.9.0 or higher.
- **collections**: implements /collections and /collections/{collectionId} WFS3 endpoints.
- **items**: implements /collections/{collectionId}/items and /collections/{collectionId}/items/{featureId} WFS3 endpoints.
- **stac_search**: implements STAC /stac/search endpoint for version 0.8.1 or below, and /search endpoint for versions 0.9.0 or higher.

### Data access and organization functions

- **get_request**: makes HTTP GET requests to STAC web service.
- **post_request**: makes HTTP POST requests to STAC web service.
- **items_matched**: returns how many items matched the search criteria.
- **items_length**: informs how many items are stored locally.
- **items_fetch**: fetches all matched items from service.
- **assets_download**: download all assets in batch.

### Data types

The package implements the follow S3 classes: STACItemCollection, STACItem, STACCatalog, STACCollectionList and STACCollection. These classes are regular lists representing the corresponding JSON STAC objects.

### Author(s)

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- National Institute for Space Research (INPE) [copyright holder]

### See Also

Useful links:

Description

Basically, there are two types of extensions in STAC specification:

1. STAC documents extensions: these extensions can be defined in different elements of the document specification.
2. STAC API extensions: these extensions are associated with the interaction between the client and server through API and may add new elements in the STAC documents or just filter the elements to be returned in the documents.

Here, we will focus on the second type of extension.

To let rstac package perform some behavior according to an STAC API extension we need define some functions. These functions can be implemented in three environments:

1. In rstac package by including new functions make a GitHub pull request on rstac repository ([https://github.com/brazil-data-cube/rstac](https://github.com/brazil-data-cube/rstac))
2. In a new package by using rstac as dependent package
3. In a script that loads rstac into the environment

All these places may impose specific requirements, however the core logic to implement an extension is the same.

These functions are intended for those who want to implement new STAC API extensions. An extension must define a subclass name and implement all the following S3 generic methods for that subclass:

- `endpoint()`: returns the endpoint value of the extension. Endpoints that vary between STAC API versions can be properly returned by checking the version field of RSTACQuery object.
- `before_request()`: allows handling query parameters before submit them to the HTTP server;
- `after_request()`: allows to check and parse document received by the HTTP server;

These methods will work 'behind the scenes' when a RSTACQuery object representing a user query are passed to a request function (e.g. `get_request()` or `post_request()`). The calling order is:

1. begin of `get_request()` or `post_request()`
2. if STAC API version is not defined, try detect it
3. call `endpoint()`
4. call `before_request()`
5. send HTTP request
6. receive HTTP response
7. `after_response()`
8. end of `get_request()` or `post_request()`
Besides that, the extension must expose a function to receive user parameters and return a `RSTACQuery` object with a subclass associated with the above S3 methods. This function must accept as its first parameter a `RSTACQuery` object representing the actual query. To keep the command flow consistency, the function needs to check the subclass of the input query. After that, it must set new or changes the input query parameters according to the user input and, finally, return the new query as a `RSTACQuery` object.

You can see examples on how to implement an STAC API extension by looking at `stac.R`, `collections.R`, `items.R`, `stac_search.R`, and `ext_query.R` source files. These files implement core STAC API endpoints, as well as the query API extension.

There are also some utility functions described in **Functions** section bellow that can help the extension development.

### Usage

```r
RSTACDocument(content, q, subclass)
endpoint(q)
before_request(q)
after_response(q, res)
parse_params(q, params)
content_response(res, status_codes, content_types)
check_query_verb(q, verbs, msg = NULL)
check_subclass(x, subclasses)
subclass(x)
omit_query_params(q, names)
```

### Arguments

- **content**
  - A list data structure representing the JSON file received in HTTP response (see `content_response()` function)
- **q**
  - A `RSTACQuery` object.
- **subclass**
  - A character corresponding to the subclass of the object to be created.
- **res**
  - An `httr` response object.
- **params**
  - A named list with all URL query parameters to be appended in the URL.
- **status_codes**
  - A character vector with successful status codes.
- **content_types**
  - A character vector with all acceptable responses’ content type.
verbs a character vector with allowed HTTP request methods
msg a character with a personalized error message
x either a RSTACQuery object expressing a STAC query criteria or any RSTACDocument.
subclasses a character vector with all allowed S3 subclasses
names a character vector with the names do omit.
version a character with the STAC version.
base_url a character informing the base URL of a STAC web service.

Value

The RSTACDocument() function returns a RSTACDocument object with subclass defined by subclass parameter.
A character endpoint value for endpoint() function. A RSTACQuery object for before_request() and after_response() functions.
The content_response() function returns a list data structure representing the JSON file received in HTTP response
The RSTACQuery() function returns a STACQuery object with subclass defined by subclass parameter.

Functions

- RSTACDocument: The RSTACDocument() function is a constructor of STAC documents. Currently, there are five STAC documents defined:
  - STACCatalog
  - STACCollection
  - STACCollectionList
  - STACItem
  - STACItemCollection
Each document class is associated with STAC API endpoints. As soon as new STAC documents are proposed in the specification, new classes can be created in the rstac package. Let version parameter NULL to detect version automatically.
- content_response: The content_response function checks if the request’s response is in accordance with the allowed status codes and content-types. It returns the parsed content response.
- check_query_verb: The check_query_verb() function allows you to define which HTTP verbs are allowed. It is useful for establishing which verbs will be supported by an extension.
- check_subclass: The check_subclass() function specifies which type of query objects (RSTACQuery) or document objects (RSTACDocument) are expected in the function extension.
- subclass: The subclass() function returns a character representing the subclass name of either RSTACQuery or RSTACDocument S3 classes.
- omit_query_params: The omit_query_params() function was created to omit the paths that are defined as query parameters to simplify the creation of a query. Therefore, use this method only in endpoints that specify a parameter in their paths.
• RSTACQuery: The RSTACQuery() function is a constructor of RSTACQuery objects. Every extension must implement a subclass of RSTACQuery to represent its queries. This is done by informing to the subclass parameter the extension's subclass name.

The params parameter is a named list where user parameters must be stored. It is important to know if previous query parameters needs to be keeped in the new query. If so, it is recommended do use modifyList() function to merge the old and new query parameters.

If the version parameter is NULL, rstac will detect STAC API version automatically.

In general, if you are implementing a new subclass, the parameters version and url will be the same as the previous query. The params parameter will be merged with previous query. And subclass is the extension's subclass name.

See Also

text_query

---

stac | Endpoint functions

Description

The stac function implements /stac API endpoint (>=0.8.0), and / for versions 0.9.0 or higher. It prepares search fields parameters to be provided to a STAC API web service. This endpoint should return a STAC Catalog document containing all published data catalogs.

Usage

stac(base_url, force_version = NULL)

Arguments

base_url | a character informing the base url of a STAC web service.
force_version | a character providing the version of the STAC used. If not provided, the rstac package will make requests to try to find the version of STAC used. It is highly recommended that you inform the STAC version you are using.

Value

A RSTACQuery object with the subclass stac containing all request parameters to be provided to API service.

See Also

stac_search, collections, items, get_request, post_request
Examples

```r
stac("https://brazildatacube.dpi.inpe.br/stac/") %>%
  get_request()
```

---

### Endpoint functions

**Description**

(This document is based on STAC specification documentation [https://github.com/radiantearth/stac-spec/](https://github.com/radiantearth/stac-spec/) and reproduces some of its parts)

The `stac_search` function implements `/stac/search` API endpoint (v0.8.1) and `/search` (v0.9.0 or v1.0.0). It prepares query parameters used in search API request, a `stac` object with all filter parameters to be provided to `get_request` or `post_request` functions. The GeoJSON content returned by these requests is a `STACItemCollection` object, a regular R list representing a STAC Item Collection document.

**Usage**

```r
stac_search(
  q,
  collections = NULL,
  ids = NULL,
  bbox = NULL,
  datetime = NULL,
  intersects = NULL,
  limit = NULL
)
```

**Arguments**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Argument</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><code>q</code></td>
<td>a RSTACQuery object expressing a STAC query criteria.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>collections</code></td>
<td>a character vector of collection IDs to include in the search for items. Only items in one of the provided collections will be searched.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>ids</code></td>
<td>a character vector with item IDs. All other filter parameters that further restrict the number of search results are ignored.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| `bbox`     | a numeric vector with only features that have a geometry that intersects the bounding box are selected. The bounding box is provided as four or six numbers, depending on whether the coordinate reference system includes a vertical axis (elevation or depth):
  - Lower left corner, coordinate axis 1
  - Lower left corner, coordinate axis 2 |
| `datetime` |                                                                      |
| `intersects` |                                                                   |
| `limit`    |                                                                      |
• Lower left corner, coordinate axis 3 (optional)
• Upper right corner, coordinate axis 1
• Upper right corner, coordinate axis 2
• Upper right corner, coordinate axis 3 (optional)

The coordinate reference system of the values is WGS84 longitude/latitude (http://www.opengis.net/def/crs/OGC/1.3/CRS84). The values are in most cases the sequence of minimum longitude, minimum latitude, maximum longitude and maximum latitude. However, in cases where the box spans the antimeridian the first value (west-most box edge) is larger than the third value (east-most box edge).

datetime 
a character with a date-time or an interval. Date and time strings needs to conform RFC 3339. Intervals are expressed by separating two date-time strings by '/' character. Open intervals are expressed by using '...' in place of date-time.
Examples:
• A date-time: "2018-02-12T23:20:50Z"
• A closed interval: "2018-02-12T00:00:00Z/2018-03-18T12:31:12Z"
• Open intervals: "2018-02-12T00:00:00Z/.." or "../2018-03-18T12:31:12Z"

Only features that have a datetime property that intersects the interval or date-time informed in datetime are selected.

intersects 
a character value expressing GeoJSON geometries objects as specified in RFC 7946. Only returns items that intersect with the provided polygon.

limit
an integer defining the maximum number of results to return. If not informed it defaults to the service implementation.

Value
A RSTACQuery object with the subclass search containing all search field parameters to be provided to STAC API web service.

See Also
stac, ext_query, get_request, post_request

Examples

```r
# GET request
stac("https://brazildatacube.dpi.inpe.br/stac/")
stac_search(collections = "CB4_64_16D_STK-1", limit = 10,
            datetime = "2017-08-01/2018-03-01")
get_request()

# POST request
stac("https://brazildatacube.dpi.inpe.br/stac/")
stac_search(collections = "CB4_64_16D_STK-1",
            bbox = c(-47.02148, -12.98314, -42.53906, -17.35063))
```
Description

These functions retrieve information about either `rstac` queries (`RSTACQuery` objects) or `rstac` documents (`RSTACDocument` objects).

Usage

`stac_version(x, ...)`

Arguments

- `x`: either an `RSTACQuery` object expressing a STAC query criteria or any `RSTACDocument`.
- `...`: config parameters to be passed to `GET` method, such as `add_headers` or `set_cookies`.

Value

The `stac_version()` function returns a character STAC API version.

---

%>%

Pipe

Description

Magrittr compound assignment pipe-operator.

Arguments

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