

Package ‘strapgod’

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Title Resampled Data Frames

Version 0.0.3

Description Create data frames with virtual groups that can be used with 'dplyr' to efficiently compute resampled statistics, generate the data for hypothetical outcome plots, and fit multiple models on resampled variations of the original data.

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Encoding UTF-8

LazyData true

RoxygenNote 6.1.1

Depends R (>= 3.2.0)

Imports dplyr (>= 0.8.3), tidyr, rlang, tibble

Suggests broom, testthat, covr, knitr, rmarkdown

URL <https://github.com/DavisVaughan/strapgod>

BugReports <https://github.com/DavisVaughan/strapgod/issues>

VignetteBuilder knitr

NeedsCompilation no

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bootstrapify *Create a bootstrapped tibble*

Description

`bootstrapify()` creates a bootstrapped tibble with *virtual groups*.

Usage

```
bootstrapify(data, times, ..., key = ".bootstrap")
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	A tibble.
<code>times</code>	A single integer specifying the number of resamples. If the tibble is grouped, this is the number of resamples per group.
<code>...</code>	Not used.
<code>key</code>	A single character specifying the name of the virtual group that is added.

Details

The following functions have special / interesting behavior when used with a `resampled_df`:

- `dplyr::collect()`
- `dplyr::summarise()`
- `dplyr::do()`
- `dplyr::group_map()`
- `dplyr::group_modify()`
- `dplyr::group_walk()`
- `dplyr::group_nest()`
- `dplyr::group_split()`

Value

A `resampled_df` with an extra group specified by the `key`.

See Also

`collect.resampled_df()`

Other virtual samplers: `simplify`

Examples

```

library(dplyr)
library(broom)

bootstrapify(iris, 5)

iris %>%
  bootstrapify(5) %>%
  summarise(per_strap_mean = mean(Petal.Width))

iris %>%
  group_by(Species) %>%
  bootstrapify(5) %>%
  summarise(per_strap_species_mean = mean(Petal.Width))

iris %>%
  bootstrapify(5) %>%
  do(tidy(lm(Sepal.Width ~ Sepal.Length + Species, data = .)))

# Alternatively, use the newer group_modify()
iris %>%
  bootstrapify(5) %>%
  group_modify(~tidy(lm(Sepal.Width ~ Sepal.Length + Species, data = .x)))

# Alter the name of the group with `key`
# Materialize them with collect()
straps <- bootstrapify(iris, 5, key = ".straps")
collect(straps)

```

```
collect.resampled_df
```

Force virtual groups to become explicit rows

Description

When `collect()` is used on a `resampled_df`, the virtual bootstrap groups are made explicit.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'resampled_df'
collect(x, ..., id = NULL, original_id = NULL)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	A <code>resampled_df</code> .
<code>...</code>	Not used.
<code>id</code>	Optional. A single character that specifies a name for a column containing a sequence from <code>1:n</code> for each bootstrap group.

`original_id` Optional. A single character that specifies a name for a column containing the original position of the bootstrapped row.

Examples

```
library(dplyr)

# virtual groups become real rows
collect(bootstrapify(iris, 5))

# add on the id column for an identifier per bootstrap
collect(bootstrapify(iris, 5), id = ".id")

# add on the original_id column to know which row this bootstrapped row
# originally came from
collect(bootstrapify(iris, 5), original_id = ".original_id")
```

simplify

Created a resampled tibble

Description

`simplify()` creates a resampled tibble with *virtual groups*.

Usage

```
simplify(data, times, size, ..., replace = FALSE, key = ".sample")
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	A tbl.
<code>times</code>	A single integer specifying the number of resamples. If the tibble is grouped, this is the number of resamples per group.
<code>size</code>	A single integer specifying the size of each resample. For a grouped data frame, this is also allowed to be an integer vector with size equal to the number of groups in <code>data</code> . This can be helpful when sampling without replacement when the number of rows per group is very different.
<code>...</code>	Not used.
<code>replace</code>	Whether or not to sample with replacement.
<code>key</code>	A single character specifying the name of the virtual group that is added.

Details

The following functions have special / interesting behavior when used with a `resampled_df`:

- `dplyr::collect()`
- `dplyr::summarise()`
- `dplyr::do()`
- `dplyr::group_map()`
- `dplyr::group_modify()`
- `dplyr::group_walk()`
- `dplyr::group_nest()`
- `dplyr::group_split()`

Value

A `resampled_df` with an extra group specified by the key.

See Also

`collect.resampled_df()`

Other virtual samplers: `bootstrapify`

Examples

```
library(dplyr)
library(broom)

simplify(iris, times = 3, size = 20)

iris %>%
  simplify(times = 3, size = 20) %>%
  summarise(per_strap_mean = mean(Petal.Width))

iris %>%
  group_by(Species) %>%
  simplify(times = 3, size = 20) %>%
  summarise(per_strap_species_mean = mean(Petal.Width))

# Alter the name of the group with `key`
# Materialize them with collect()
samps <- simplify(iris, times = 3, size = 5, key = ".samps")
collect(samps)

collect(samps, id = ".id", original_id = ".orig_id")

#-----

# Be careful not to specify a `size` larger
# than one of your groups! This will throw an error.
```

```
iris_group_sizes_of_50_and_5 <- iris[1:55,] %>%
  group_by(Species) %>%
  group_trim()

count(iris_group_sizes_of_50_and_5, Species)

# size = 10 > min_group_size = 5
## Not run:
iris_group_sizes_of_50_and_5 %>%
  simplify(times = 2, size = 10)

## End(Not run)

# Instead, pass a vector of sizes to `simplify()` if this
# structure is absolutely required for your use case.

# size of 10 for the first group
# size of 5 for the second group
# total number of rows is  $10 * 2 + 5 * 2 = 30$ 
iris_group_sizes_of_50_and_5 %>%
  simplify(times = 2, size = c(10, 5)) %>%
  collect()
```