

# Package ‘tLagPropOdds’

July 1, 2021

**Type** Package

**Title** Proportional Odds Model with Censored, Time-Lagged Categorical Outcome

**Version** 1.0

**Date** 2021-06-29

**Author** Marie Davidian [aut],  
A. A. Tsiatis [aut],  
Shannon T. Holloway [aut, cre]

**Maintainer** Shannon T. Holloway <sthollow@ncsu.edu>

**Description** Implements a semiparametric estimator for the odds ratio model with censored, time-lagged, ordered categorical outcome in a randomized clinical trial that incorporates baseline and time-dependent information.  
Tsiatis, A. A. and Davidian, M. (2021) <[arXiv:2106.15559](https://arxiv.org/abs/2106.15559)>.

**License** GPL-2

**Depends** methods

**Imports** survival, stats, dplyr, R.utils

**NeedsCompilation** no

**Repository** CRAN

**Encoding** UTF-8

**RoxygenNote** 7.1.1

**Collate** 'infl.R' 'augment.R' 'aipw.R' 'kaplanMeier.R' 'ipw.R'  
'print.tLagPropOdds.R' 'tLagData.R' 'verifyInputs.R'  
'tLagPropOdds.R'

**Date/Publication** 2021-07-01 07:30:05 UTC

## R topics documented:

print	2
tLagData	2
tLagPropOdds	3

<b>Index</b>	<b>6</b>
--------------	----------

print *Print Analysis Results*

---

### Description

Prints the key results.

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'tLagObj'  
print(x, ...)
```

### Arguments

x                    A tLagObj object. The value returned by tLagPropOdds().  
...                   Ignored.

### Examples

```
data(tLagData)  
  
# full AIPWCC estimator  
res <- tLagPropOdds(data = tLagData,  
                    ti = "x",  
                    td = c("hospStatus", "daysOut"))  
  
print(x = res)
```

---

tLagData *Toy Dataset For Illustration*

---

### Description

These data are provided for the purposes of illustrating the use of the software. Though the data were generated under a scenario similar to a real-world COVID-19 therapeutics clinical trial, they should not be interpreted as representing true clinical trial data.

### Usage

```
data(tLagData)
```

**Format**

tLagData is a time-dependent data.frame containing the following information for 602 participants ascertained at day 90 of a fictitious randomized clinical trial.

**id:** A unique participant identifier.

**A:** The treatment received, where A=0,1.

**Cat:** The ordered outcome category. There are 6 categories ascertained at day 90.

**1:** at home and off oxygen, number of days  $\geq 77$ ;

**2:** at home and off oxygen, number of days 49-76;

**3:** at home and off oxygen, number of days 1-48;

**4:** not hospitalized and either at home on oxygen or not home;

**5:** hospitalized for medical care or in hospice care; and

**6:** dead.

If participant is censored, Cat = NA.

**U:** The time at which the outcome category was determined or the censoring time. For Cat = 1-5, U is the interim analysis time (90 days). For Cat = 6, U is the time of death. For Cat = NA, U is the censoring time.

**delta:** The event indicator (1 if U is the time at which the outcome category was determined; 0 if censored).

**x:** A continuous baseline covariate.

**start:** The lower bound of the time interval to which the given covariate values pertain.

**stop:** The upper bound of the time interval to which the given covariate values pertain.

**hospStatus:** A time-dependent indicator of hospital status, where 1 indicates that the participant was not in the hospital during interval (start, stop]; 0 otherwise.

**daysOut:** The expected number of continuous days out of hospital at the time of the interim analysis (90 days).

---

tLagPropOdds

*Estimation of the Odds Ratio in a Proportional Odds Model with Censored Time-lagged Outcome*


---

**Description**

Inverse probability weighted complete case (IPWCC) and augmented inverse probability weighted complete case (AIPWCC) estimators for the odds ratio in a proportional odds model with time-lagged ordered categorical outcome in a randomized clinical trial.

**Usage**

```
tLagPropOdds(data, ..., ti = NULL, td = NULL, itmax = 500, tol = 1e-05)
```

**Arguments**

<code>data</code>	A data.frame object. A data.frame containing all observed data. At a minimum, this data.frame must contain columns with headers "id", "U", "delta", "Cat" and "A". If the time-independent component of the estimator is to be included, data.frame must also contain the bases of $f(X)$ . If the time-dependent component is included, data.frame must also contain the bases of $h(X,L)$ as well as the time intervals with column headers {"tstart", "tstop"} or {"start", "stop"}. See Details for additional information.
<code>...</code>	Ignored. Included to require named inputs.
<code>ti</code>	A character or integer vector or NULL. The columns of data to be included in the time-independent component of the estimator, $f_m(X)$ $m = 0, \dots, M$ . If NULL, the time-independent component is excluded from the AIPWCC estimator. See Details for additional information.
<code>td</code>	A character or integer vector or NULL. The columns of data to be included in the time-dependent component of the estimator, $h_l(X,Lbar)$ , $l = 1, \dots, L$ . If NULL, the time-dependent component is excluded from the AIPWCC estimator. See Details for additional information.
<code>itmax</code>	An integer object. The maximum number of iterations for the Newton-Raphson algorithm used to estimate parameters alpha and beta.
<code>tol</code>	A numeric object. The value at which the Newton-Raphson is deemed to have converged.

**Details**

At a minimum, the data provided for the analysis must contain the following information:

**id:** A unique participant identifier.

**U:** The time to the clinical event or censoring.

**delta:** The clinical event indicator (1 if U is the event time; 0 otherwise).

**Cat:** The ordered outcome category. Data must be provided as a factor or an integer or be able to be converted to an integer without loss of information. If participant was censored ( $\delta = 0$ ), Cat can take any integer-like value or NA.

**A:** The treatment received. Data must be provided as a factor or an integer or be able to be converted to an integer without loss of information.

With the exception of Cat, data must be complete.

If the time-independent component is to be included in the AIPWCC estimator, data must also include the time-independent basis functions  $f_m(X)$   $m = 0, \dots, M$ . If the intercept ( $f_0$ ) term is not provided, it will be added by the software.

If the time-dependent component is to be included in the AIPWCC estimator, the data.frame must be a time-dependent dataset as described by package survival. Specifically, the time-dependent data must be specified for intervals (start,stop], and the data must include the following additional columns:

**tstart:** The lower boundary of the time interval to which the data pertain.

**tstop:** The upper boundary of the time interval to which the data pertain.

Note that column headers {"start", "stop"} are also accepted.

The various combinations of inputs ti and td yield the following:

**ti = NULL, td = NULL** the IPWCC estimate is returned. (denoted as IPW in the simulations of the original manuscript.)

**ti != NULL, td != NULL** the IPWCC and the full AIPWCC estimates are returned. (denoted as AIPW2 in the simulations of the original manuscript.)

**ti = NULL, td != NULL** the IPWCC and the partial, time-independent AIPWCC estimates are returned. (denoted as AIPW1 in the simulations of the original manuscript.)

**ti = NULL, td != NULL** the IPWCC and the partial, time-dependent AIPWCC estimates are returned. (not discussed in the simulations of the original manuscript.)

If a treatment subgroup has <5% censoring, a message is generated and the treatment subgroup is removed from the time-dependent component of the AIPWCC estimator. If there is no censoring, the IPWCC estimator approaches the usual proportional odds estimator.

## Value

An S3 object of class tLagObj containing a list. The elements of the list correspond to the selected AIPWCC and/or IPWCC estimators. For each estimator, two matrix objects are returned: \$logOdds contains the estimated beta parameters, their standard errors estimated using the sandwich estimator, the 95% confidence intervals, and the p-values for the log odds ratio; \$odds contains the estimated odds ratio, their standard errors estimated using the delta method, and the 95% confidence intervals. The S3 object has an additional attribute, "type" giving a verbose description of the components contained in the estimator.

## Examples

```
data(tLagData)

# full AIPWCC estimator
tLagPropOdds(data = tLagData, ti = "x", td = c("hospStatus", "daysOut"))

# partial, time-dependent AIPWCC estimator
tLagPropOdds(data = tLagData, td = c("hospStatus", "daysOut"))

# partial, time-independent AIPWCC estimator
tLagPropOdds(data = tLagData, ti = "x")
```

# Index

\* **datasets**

tLagData, [2](#)

print, [2](#)

tLagData, [2](#)

tLagPropOdds, [3](#)