

Package ‘tfse’

October 14, 2022

Version 0.5.0

Title Tools for Script Editing

Description A collection of useful tools for programming and writing-scripts. Several functions are simple wrappers around base R functions that extend their functionality while also providing some convenient properties—regular expression functions that automatically detect look-ahead and look-behind statements, a read-line function that suppresses incomplete-final-line warnings and automatically opens and closes connections, a version of substrings that starts from the end of strings, etc. Other functions are useful for checking whether packages are installed, omitting missing data, and showing in-use connections.

License MIT + file LICENSE

Encoding UTF-8

LazyData true

RoxygenNote 6.1.1

Language en-US

Depends R (>= 2.10)

Imports utils, magrittr, dapr, stats

Suggests testthat, covr

URL <https://tfse.mikewk.com>

BugReports <https://github.com/mkearney/tfse/issues>

NeedsCompilation no

Author Michael W. Kearney [aut, cre] (<<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-0730-4694>>)

Maintainer Michael W. Kearney <kearneymw@missouri.edu>

Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2019-02-11 08:30:03 UTC

R topics documented:

.Renviron	3
add_arg_if	3
apa_citation	4
boxcode	5
cc	5
copy_function	6
count_na	7
data_set	7
desc_get_var	8
file_edit	8
github_raw	9
gregexpr_	9
home	10
match_arg	10
max_na	11
menuline	11
min_var	12
na_omit	13
nin	14
n_uq	14
paste_collapse	15
pbcopy	15
peel_lists	16
pmsg	16
print_as_col	17
print_complete	17
print_start	18
psub	18
readlines	19
readline_	19
read_RDS	20
regmatches_	20
rename_git_repo	21
rescale	21
rm_DS_Store	22
save_RDS	23
search_files	23
search_function	24
search_these_files	24
set_class	25
set_names	25
set_renv	26
shhh	26
show_connections	27
substrev	27
tfse	27

<i>.Renviron</i>	3
this_in_that	28
trim_ws	28
unset_row_names	29
un_zip	29
write_function	30
%P%	30
Index	31

<i>.Renviron</i>	<i>.Renviron file</i>
------------------	-----------------------

Description

Gets path to *.Renviron* file

Usage

.Renviron()

Details

Checks local directory first and then checks home directory

Value

Returns path to *.Renviron* file

<i>add_arg_if</i>	<i>Add defaults to argument list</i>
-------------------	--------------------------------------

Description

Adds parameters to argument list if list does not already include those parameters

Usage

add_arg_if(args, ..., override = FALSE)

Arguments

- args Argument list
- ... Other named arguments are added (depending on override) and returned with args
- override Logical indicating whether to override existing values in args with the values provided as a named argument here.

Value

Argument list with updated values.

Examples

```
## arg list
args <- list(x = 5, y = TRUE, z = FALSE)

## add arg defaults
add_arg_if(args, w = TRUE, z = TRUE)

## add arg defaults, overriding any previous values
add_arg_if(args, x = 10, z = TRUE, override = TRUE)
```

apa_citation	<i>APA citation of R package</i>
--------------	----------------------------------

Description

Returns an APA-formatting citation of an R package

Usage

```
apa_citation(pkg)
```

Arguments

pkg Name of package (quoted string)

Value

A character vector of the APA citation. If on Mac or PC, then also it's stored to the system's clipboard.

Examples

```
## cite this pacakge
apa_citation("tfse")
```

boxcode	<i>boxcode</i>
---------	----------------

Description

Load clipboard with code chunk square. Paste to insert square into R script file at cursor location.

Usage

```
boxcode(...)
```

```
codebox(...)
```

```
box_code(...)
```

```
code_box(...)
```

Arguments

... Name of section/block

Value

Text for code box saved into clipboard. Paste to use at cursor.

cc	<i>Combine comma separated strings</i>
----	--

Description

Split strings by comma into character vector(s)

Usage

```
cc(x, simplify)
```

Arguments

x Vector of comma separated character strings

simplify Logical indicating whether to return a character vector (the default) when the length of x is one. This argument does nothing if the length of x is greater than 1.

Value

If length of x is 1 then a character vector otherwise a list of character vectors.

Examples

```
## comma separated alphabet
abcs <- paste(letters, collapse = ",")

## split single string
cc(abcs)

## return as list
cc(abcs, simplify = FALSE)

## select columns
mtcars[, cc("cyl,mpg,wt,gear")]

## character vector with multiple strings
x <- c("v1,v2,v3", "y1,y2,y5")

## convert strings into list of [split] character vectors
cc(x)
```

copy_function

Copy function to clipboard

Description

Copy the function code to clipboard (ready to paste)

Usage

```
copy_function(...)
```

Arguments

... Functions to write to clipboard. It's best to name these.

Value

Writes to clipboard (ready to paste)

count_na	<i>Count missing values</i>
----------	-----------------------------

Description

Returns counts of missing values

Usage

```
count_na(x)
```

Arguments

x Input data.

Value

Counts of missing observations

data_set	<i>Create data set</i>
----------	------------------------

Description

Simple way to make data frames

Usage

```
data_set(...)
```

Arguments

... Data to be converted to data frame

Value

A tibble data frame

desc_get_var	<i>Description variables</i>
--------------	------------------------------

Description

Get values from package DESCRIPTION

Usage

```
desc_get_var(pkg, field = NULL)
```

```
desc_get_url(pkg)
```

```
desc_gh_repo(pkg)
```

Arguments

pkg	Character string, name of package
field	Character string, name of field/key

Value

Data frame

file_edit	<i>Open file in text editor</i>
-----------	---------------------------------

Description

Opens file in current text editor

Usage

```
file_edit(file)
```

Arguments

file	Name of file(s) to open.
------	--------------------------

Details

Should open using system default or current text editor.

Value

Opens file and returns invisible file name.

github_raw	<i>Generate link to raw Github file</i>
------------	---

Description

Converts Github path/repo/file information into a link to the raw version of the file

Usage

```
github_raw(file, repo = NULL)
```

Arguments

file	Name of desired file; if repo is NULL, then this value should also provide repo information, i.e., owner and name of the repository—e.g., "owner/repo/file.ext". Alternatively, user may supply the URL to the file as it appears in a web browser, e.g., "https://github.com/mkearney/driven-snow/blob/master/theme/driven-snow.rstheme"
repo	Repository name information formatted as username/repo. If this information is provided in the value supplied to file then leave this as NULL (the default)

Value

Returns the URL path to the raw version of the file.

gregexpr_	<i>smart gregexpr wrapper</i>
-----------	-------------------------------

Description

smart gregexpr wrapper

Usage

```
gregexpr_(x, pat, ...)
```

```
regexpr_(x, pat, ...)
```

Arguments

x	Input text
pat	Reg ex pattern
...	Other args passed to base (g)regexpr

Value

Pattern match positions

home	<i>Home directory</i>
------	-----------------------

Description

Gets user's home directory

Usage

```
home()
```

Details

Looks for "HOME" environment variable and/or normalizes the tilde path

Value

Returns system/user's default home directory

match_arg	<i>match arg to choices</i>
-----------	-----------------------------

Description

Wrapper around [match.arg](#) that defaults to ignoring case and trimming white space

Usage

```
match_arg(arg, choices, multiple = FALSE, ignore_case = TRUE,
  trim_ws = TRUE)
```

Arguments

arg	a character vector (of length one unless several.ok is TRUE) or NULL
choices	a character vector of candidate values
multiple	logical specifying if arg should be allowed to have more than one element. Defaults to FALSE
ignore_case	logical indicating whether to ignore capitalization. Defaults to TRUE
trim_ws	logical indicating whether to trim surrounding white space. Defaults to TRUE

Value

Value(s) matched via partial matching.

max_na	<i>Filter based on proportion of missing data</i>
--------	---

Description

Returns columns that have less than or equal to a specified amount of missingness.

Usage

```
max_na(x, max = 0.05)
```

Arguments

x	Input data frame or matrix.
max	Maximum proportion of missingnesses allowed. Columns with higher proportions of missingness compared to this value will be dropped. Columns will only be returned if they have 1 - max proportion non-missing. This value must be between 0-1. It defaults to .05.

Value

Data frame or matrix with columns with less than or equal to the max allowed proportion of missingness.

menuline	<i>menuline</i>
----------	-----------------

Description

Creates interactive multiple choice question.

Usage

```
menuline(q, a)
```

Arguments

q	Question to be asked in interactive session.
a	Answer choices.

Value

Selection provided by user in interactive session.

`min_var`*Select columns with minimum amount of variance*

Description

Filters numeric columns by requiring a minimum amount of variance

Usage

```
min_var(x, min = 1)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	Input data, which should be either a data frame or matrix.
<code>min</code>	Minimum amount of variance to require per column.

Details

This function omits missing values.

Value

Returns data frame (or matrix, depending on input class) with all non-numeric columns and only those numeric columns that meet the minimum amount of variance.

Examples

```
## set seed (for replication purposes)
set.seed(206195)

## create data set
d <- data_set(
  w = rnorm(100, 0, 0.0),
  v = rnorm(100, 0, 0.5),
  x = rnorm(100, 0, 1.0),
  y = rnorm(100, 0, 2.0),
  z = rnorm(100, 0, 3.0)
)

## minimum var of 1.0 (default)
min_var(d)

## min variance of 0.1
min_var(d, 0.1)

## min var of 2.0
min_var(d, 2.0)
```

```
## min var of 6.0
min_var(d, 6.0)
```

na_omit	<i>Omit missing values/rows</i>
---------	---------------------------------

Description

Returns data object with NA values (if atomic vector), all NA elements (if list), or all NA rows (if data frame or matrix) omitted

Usage

```
na_omit(x)
```

Arguments

x Data object

Value

Data with NA values (if atomic vector), all NA elements (if list), or all NA rows (if data frame or matrix) omitted.

Examples

```
## generate data
df <- data.frame(
  a = I(list(c(1, 2), c(NA_integer_, NA_integer_), c(1, 2))),
  b = c("a", NA_character_, "c"),
  c = c(1.1243, NA_real_, -1.234134)
)

## data frame
na_omit(df)

## matrix
na_omit(as.matrix(df))

## list
na_omit(apply(df, 1, c))

## atomic vector
na_omit(df$b)
```

nin	<i>Return lhs values not in rhs values</i>
-----	--

Description

Return lhs values not in rhs values

Usage

```
nin(lhs, rhs, value = TRUE)
```

```
yin(lhs, rhs, value = TRUE)
```

Arguments

lhs	Values to check whether they are/not contained in the other
rhs	Values to use as the reference
value	Logical indicating whether to return the value or a logical vector

Examples

```
## a, b, zz in alphabet letters  
yin(c("a", "b", "zz"), letters)
```

```
## a, b, zz NOT in alphabet letters  
nin(c("a", "b", "zz"), letters)
```

n_uq	<i>Number of unique elements</i>
------	----------------------------------

Description

Estimates number of unique elements in a data object

Usage

```
n_uq(x)
```

Arguments

x	Input data
---	------------

Value

Integer number of unique elements

paste_collapse	<i>Paste collapse</i>
----------------	-----------------------

Description

Paste with sep and collapse set to empty.

Usage

```
paste_collapse(...)
```

Arguments

... One or more character strings to paste together with paste0 and collapse equal to ""

Value

A single string collapsed and separated with empty spaces

pbcopy	<i>pbcopy</i>
--------	---------------

Description

Adds input to clipboard for pasting

Usage

```
pbcopy(x)
```

Arguments

x Input passed to cat function.

Value

Prints x to clipboard.

Examples

```
## Not run:  
## alphabet as string  
pbcopy(paste(letters, collapse = ""))  
## paste e.g., C-v  
  
## End(Not run)
```

peel_lists	<i>peel lists</i>
------------	-------------------

Description

peel lists

Usage

```
peel_lists(x)
```

Arguments

x	Input data
---	------------

Value

Peeled object

pmsg	<i>Paste collapse input and print as message</i>
------	--

Description

Paste collapse input and print as message

Usage

```
pmsg(..., print = TRUE)
```

Arguments

...	Strings to be paste0 collapse = ""
print	Logical indicating whether to print the message (default) or return an unevaluated expression

Value

Either invisibly returns text of message or unevaluated expression

print_as_col	<i>Print data frame as a single column</i>
--------------	--

Description

Prints first row of data frame

Usage

```
print_as_col(x)
```

Arguments

x	Input data frame
---	------------------

Value

Prints first row and variable names

print_complete	<i>Print message about completing a task</i>
----------------	--

Description

Prints a check-mark bulleted message presumably about task completion

Usage

```
print_complete(...)
```

Arguments

...	Strings collapsed (with no additional space added) into black message prefixed with a heavy-check emoji (color and emoji print may appear differently depending on your system/UI configuration)
-----	--

Value

A printed message

print_start	<i>Print message about starting a task</i>
-------------	--

Description

Prints a next-arrow bulleted message presumably about task completion

Usage

```
print_start(...)
```

Arguments

...	Strings collapsed (with no additional space added) into gray message prefixed with a next-arrow emoji (color and emoji print may appear differently depending on your system/UI configuration)
-----	--

Value

A printed message

psub	<i>Paste sub</i>
------	------------------

Description

Glue-like sub pasting of strings

Usage

```
psub(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	Input string
...	Named strings with names being the values to replace and the strings being the desired new value.

readlines	<i>readlines</i>
-----------	------------------

Description

Read lines of file

Usage

```
readlines(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	Input
...	Other args passed to readLines.

Details

Simple wrapper around [readLines](#) that automates opening and closing of connection file.

Value

Output

readline_	<i>readline_</i>
-----------	------------------

Description

Worry free way to read lines from interactive sessions.

Usage

```
readline_(...)
```

Arguments

...	Character string or vector to be used as prompt during interactive R session. Ultimately, this function only sends a single string to the user, but it will accept a vector if you're picky about not creating strings of a certain width.
-----	--

Value

Input entered during interactive session without extra quotes.

read_RDS	<i>Read RDS</i>
----------	-----------------

Description

Read serialized R data file

Usage

```
read_RDS(path)
```

Arguments

path	Name of .rds file
------	-------------------

Value

A data object

See Also

Other readsave: [save_RDS](#)

regmatches_	<i>extract reg expr matches</i>
-------------	---------------------------------

Description

A wrapper around the base function combo of gregexpr and regmatches

Usage

```
regmatches_(x, pat, drop = FALSE, ...)
```

```
regmatches_first(x, pat, drop = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

x	Text data.
pat	Reg ex pattern
drop	Logical indicating whether to drop empty matches. Defaults to FALSE.
...	Other args (like ignore.case) passed to gregexpr

Value

Matching expression from text.

rename_git_repo	<i>Rename git repo code</i>
-----------------	-----------------------------

Description

Command line (bash) syntax for renaming a git repo

Usage

```
rename_git_repo(new_url = NULL)
```

Arguments

new_url	Optional, URL pointing to correct (renamed) repo. If NULL (default), "new_url" is printed in brackets.
---------	--

Value

text of git command to rename git repo

rescale	<i>Standard: Rescale values to a standard normal scale</i>
---------	--

Description

Standard: Rescale values to a standard normal scale

Normal: Rescale values to a standard (0-1) scale

Log: Rescale values to a natural log scale

Point-scale: Rescale values to a new point scale

Usage

```
rescale_standard(x, na_omit = TRUE)
```

```
rescale_normal(x, na_omit = TRUE)
```

```
rescale_log(x, na_omit = TRUE)
```

```
rescale_pointscale(x, lower, upper, lower0 = NULL, upper0 = NULL,
  na_omit = TRUE)
```

Arguments

x	Input vector
na_omit	Logical indicating whether to drop missing (NA) values. Default is TRUE.
lower	Min value of new scale. Only applicable for pointscales.
upper	Max value of new scale. Only applicable for pointscales.
lower0	Min value of old scale. If NULL, defaults to min of input. Only applicable for pointscales.
upper0	Max value of old scale. If NULL, defaults to max of input Only applicable for pointscales.

Value

Rescaled vector

Examples

```
## randomly sample 10 values ranging from -10 to 100
x <- sample(-10:100, 10)

## rescale to 0-1 scale
rescale_standard(x)

## rescale to normal distribution (z-scores)
rescale_normal(x)

## rescale to logged distribution (natural log)
rescale_log(x)

## rescale to new point scale
rescale_pointscale(x, 1, 7, lower0 = -10, upper0 = 100)
```

rm_.DS_Store

Remove pesky .DS_Store files

Description

Recursively removes all .DS_Store files in working directory.

Usage

```
rm_.DS_Store()
```

Examples

```
## Not run:  
rm_.DS_Store()  
  
## End(Not run)
```

save_RDS	<i>Save RDS</i>
----------	-----------------

Description

Save serialized R data file

Usage

```
save_RDS(x, path, compress = FALSE)
```

Arguments

x	Data object to be saved
path	Name of the file to be saved
compress	Logical indicating whether to compress data—it will take up less space but it will be slower. Defaults to FALSE.

Value

Invisible data object

See Also

Other readsave: [read_RDS](#)

search_files	<i>search_files</i>
--------------	---------------------

Description

Returns matching files and line numbers of given string pattern.

Usage

```
search_files(x, path = ".", recursive = TRUE, all.files = FALSE)
```

Arguments

x	Pattern.
path	Path on which to restrict search. Defaults to current working directory.
recursive	logical
all.files	default false excludes dot files

Value

Output from terminal - file name, line number, and preview of matching text

search_function	<i>search functions</i>
-----------------	-------------------------

Description

Like search_files but for functions

Usage

```
search_function(pat, fun)
```

Arguments

pat	Pattern to match
fun	Function to inspect

search_these_files	<i>Search these files</i>
--------------------	---------------------------

Description

Look for text in a group of files

Usage

```
search_these_files(x, f)
```

Arguments

x	Regex pat
f	Vector of files

Value

Prints matches

`set_class`*set class*

Description

Set class with a parenthetical function.

Add class with a parenthetical function.

Usage

```
set_class(x, value)
```

```
add_class(x, value)
```

Arguments

x Object to assign new class to.

value Class value to assign to x

Value

Object x as class value.

`set_names`*Set names*

Description

Add names with a parenthetical function.

Usage

```
set_names(x, nms)
```

Arguments

x Data object

nms Names to assign object.

set_renv	<i>Set R environment variable</i>
----------	-----------------------------------

Description

Sets R environment variable and adds it to user's home .Renviron file

Usage

```
set_renv(...)
```

Arguments

... Named environment variables/values

Value

Appends environment variable entry to ~/.Renviron file

shhh	<i>execute expression quietly</i>
------	-----------------------------------

Description

execute expression quietly

Usage

```
shhh(expr)
```

Arguments

expr Expression to be evaluated without additional printing.

Value

Output from evaluated expression.

show_connections	<i>show connections</i>
------------------	-------------------------

Description

Displays active connections as a tidy tibble

Usage

```
show_connections()
```

Value

Prints and invisibly returns data frame.

substrev	<i>Sub string reverse</i>
----------	---------------------------

Description

Returns portion of string starting from end of string (otherwise just like substr)

Usage

```
substrev(x, start, stop = 0)
```

Arguments

x	Character vector
start	Number of characters to include relative to the last character position.
stop	Specify the number of characters from the final character to set as the last character position.

Value

Sub string with last i characters.

tfse	<i>tfse: Various Useful Functions</i>
------	---------------------------------------

Description

Collection of useful functions.

Author(s)

Michael W. Kearney

this_in_that	<i>Where is this in that?</i>
--------------	-------------------------------

Description

Looks up (matches) the position of this in that (table)

Usage

```
this_in_that(this, that, value = NULL)
```

Arguments

this	Values to look up in that
that	Value positions matched to this
value	Optional, values to be returned rather than the default, which returns positions (integers)

trim_ws	<i>trim_ws</i>
---------	----------------

Description

Returns character vector without extra spaces and trimmed of white space.

Usage

```
trim_ws(x)
```

Arguments

x	Character vector
---	------------------

Value

Character vector without extra spaces

unset_row_names	<i>Unset row names</i>
-----------------	------------------------

Description

Unset row names with a parenthetical function.

Usage

```
unset_row_names(x)
```

Arguments

x	Data object
---	-------------

un_zip	<i>Unzip files into directory</i>
--------	-----------------------------------

Description

Unzip archive into similarly named directory

Usage

```
un_zip(path)
```

Arguments

path	Name of zipfile. Must end in ".zip"
------	-------------------------------------

Value

Creates a directory in the same folder with the same name (minus the zip part)

write_function	<i>Write function to file</i>
----------------	-------------------------------

Description

Write the function code to a file and open the file

Usage

```
write_function(...)
```

Arguments

... Functions to write to file. It's best to name these.

Value

Writes to temporary file and opens that file.

%P%	<i>Paste grapes</i>
-----	---------------------

Description

Paste0 strings together with grapes (inverse/inside out function call)

Usage

```
lhs %P% rhs
```

Arguments

lhs	Left hand side presumably character string
rhs	Right hand side presumably another character string

Value

A pasted together (with no space) string(s)

Index

- * **package**
 - tfse, [27](#)
- * **readsave**
 - read_RDS, [20](#)
 - save_RDS, [23](#)
- * **tfse-package**
 - tfse, [27](#)
- .Renviron, [3](#)
- %P%, [30](#)

- add_arg_if, [3](#)
- add_class (set_class), [25](#)
- apa_citation, [4](#)

- box_code (boxcode), [5](#)
- boxcode, [5](#)

- cc, [5](#)
- code_box (boxcode), [5](#)
- codebox (boxcode), [5](#)
- copy_function, [6](#)
- count_na, [7](#)

- data_set, [7](#)
- desc_get_url (desc_get_var), [8](#)
- desc_get_var, [8](#)
- desc_gh_repo (desc_get_var), [8](#)

- file_edit, [8](#)

- github_raw, [9](#)
- gregexpr_, [9](#)

- home, [10](#)

- match.arg, [10](#)
- match_arg, [10](#)
- max_na, [11](#)
- menuline, [11](#)
- min_var, [12](#)

- n_uq, [14](#)

- na_omit, [13](#)
- nin, [14](#)

- paste_collapse, [15](#)
- pbcopy, [15](#)
- peel_lists, [16](#)
- pmsg, [16](#)
- print_as_col, [17](#)
- print_complete, [17](#)
- print_start, [18](#)
- psub, [18](#)

- read_RDS, [20](#), [23](#)
- readline_, [19](#)
- readLines, [19](#)
- readlines, [19](#)
- regexpr_ (gregexpr_), [9](#)
- regmatches_, [20](#)
- regmatches_first (regmatches_), [20](#)
- rename_git_repo, [21](#)
- rescale, [21](#)
- rescale_log (rescale), [21](#)
- rescale_normal (rescale), [21](#)
- rescale_pointscale (rescale), [21](#)
- rescale_standard (rescale), [21](#)
- rm_.DS_Store, [22](#)

- save_RDS, [20](#), [23](#)
- search_files, [23](#)
- search_function, [24](#)
- search_these_files, [24](#)
- set_class, [25](#)
- set_names, [25](#)
- set_renv, [26](#)
- shhh, [26](#)
- show_connections, [27](#)
- substrev, [27](#)

- tfse, [27](#)
- tfse-package (tfse), [27](#)

`this_in_that`, 28

`trim_ws`, 28

`un_zip`, 29

`unset_row_names`, 29

`write_function`, 30

`yin (nin)`, 14